

Notice and Agenda - Final Planning Commission

Monday, April 9, 2018

6:00 PM

Council Chambers and West Conference Room, City Hall, 456 W. Olive Ave., Sunnyvale, CA 94086

Special Meeting - Study Session - 6:00 PM | Special Meeting - Public Hearing 7 PM

6 P.M. STUDY SESSION

Call to Order in the West Conference Room

Roll Call

Study Session

A. 18-0321 California Housing Laws Overview

Public Comment on Study Session Agenda Items

Adjourn Study Session

7 P.M. PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING

CALL TO ORDER

SALUTE TO THE FLAG

ROLL CALL

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

CONSENT CALENDAR

1.A 18-0317 Approve Planning Commission Meeting Minutes of March 26, 2018

Recommendation: Approve Planning Commission Meeting Minutes of March 26,

2018 as submitted.

PUBLIC HEARINGS/GENERAL BUSINESS

2. 18-0190

Proposed Project: General Plan Amendment Initiation request to study changing the General Plan from Public Facility (P-F) to Medium Density Residential.

File #: 2018-7040

Location: 1050 West Remington Drive (APN: 202-26-007)

Zoning: P-F

Applicant / Owner: Catalyst Development Partners (applicant) / Church

of Christ of Sunnyvale (owner)

Environmental Review: The project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to CEQA Guidelines

Section 15378(a).

Project Planner: Aastha Vashist, (408) 730-7458,

avashist@sunnyvale.ca.gov

Recommendation: Recommend to City Council, Alternative 2: Initiate the GPA study to analyze changing the land use designation from Public Facilities to a range of Low-Medium Density to Medium Density Residential, conditioned on the applicant providing evidence, at the time of a General Plan Amendment application, that the site is less than 1.5 acres.

3. 18-0183

Proposed Project: A request for a Downtown Specific Plan Amendment Initiation to study changes to the development intensities and standards for Block 20 of the Downtown Specific Plan to increase the number of allowable residential units, an increase to the square footage of office allowed, and an increase in building height to allow up to five stories.

File #: 2018-7034

Location: 510 and 528 S. Mathilda Ave. (APNs: 209-29-060 and 061) and 562 and 566 S. Mathilda Ave. (APNS: 209-29-057 and 067)

Zoning: DSP (Block 20)

Applicant / Owner: SiliconSage Builders, LLC (applicant and owner 562 and 566 S. Mathilda Ave.) and Shawn Karimi (applicant and owner

510 and 528 S. Mathilda Ave.)

Environmental Review: The project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15378(a).

Project Planner: Cindy Hom, (408) 730-7411,

chom@sunnyvale.ca.gov

Recommendation: Alternative 1: Initiate a Downtown Specific Plan Amendment study to consider amending the Downtown Specific Plan and provide direction to study/coordinate:

- a) Entire Block 20
- b) Change to Primary Uses land use designation from High Density Residential/Office to Mixed Use;
- c) Increase in maximum number of residential units, before any allowed density bonuses from 51 to 103 and densities no greater than the DSP Transit Mixed Use Designation (65 units to the acres);
- d) Increase in maximum office/commercial area from 16,400 square feet to 36,500 square feet;
- e) No increase in height limit;
- f) Updated development standards and design guidelines for proposed changes;
- g) Traffic analysis, market and fiscal analyses, environmental, public infrastructure and utility capacity, and parking, etc.; and,
- h) Community outreach and engagement.

STANDING ITEM: CONSIDERATION OF POTENTIAL STUDY ISSUES

NON-AGENDA ITEMS AND COMMENTS

- -Commissioner Comments
- -Staff Comments

<u>ADJOURNMENT</u>



Agenda Item A.

18-0321 Agenda Date: 4/9/2018

California Housing Laws Overview



Agenda Item 1.A

18-0317 Agenda Date: 4/9/2018

SUBJECT

Approve Planning Commission Meeting Minutes of March 26, 2018

RECOMMENDATION

Approve Planning Commission Meeting Minutes of March 26, 2018 as submitted.



Meeting Minutes - Draft Planning Commission

Monday, March 26, 2018

6:00 PM

Council Chambers and West Conference Room, City Hall, 456 W. Olive Ave., Sunnyvale, CA 94086

Special Meeting - Study Session - 6:00 PM | Special Meeting - Public Hearing 7 PM

6 P.M. STUDY SESSION

Call to Order in the West Conference Room

Roll Call

Study Session

A. 18-0150

El Camino Real Corridor Specific Plan - Presentation of Preliminary

Development Standards/Design Guidelines

Public Comment on Study Session Agenda Items

Adjourn Study Session

7 P.M. PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING

CALL TO ORDER

Chair Rheaume called the meeting to order at 7:14 PM in the Council Chambers.

SALUTE TO THE FLAG

Chair Rheaume led the salute to the flag.

ROLL CALL

Present: 6 - Chair Ken Rheaume

Vice Chair Carol Weiss

Commissioner Sue Harrison Commissioner Daniel Howard Commissioner John Howe Commissioner David Simons

Absent: 1 - Commissioner Ken Olevson

Status of absence; Commissioner Olevson's absence is excused.

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

Linda Davis, speaking on behalf of the League of Women Voters of Cupertino-Sunnyvale, presented information about a proposed State Initiative related to Proposition 13 for the November 2018 ballot.

Helen Liang, Sunnyvale resident, discussed her concerns with colocation of cell phone antennas.

Tao Xin, Sunnyvale resident, discussed his concerns with placement of cell phone towers.

Senior Assistant City Attorney Rebecca Moon advised that the speakers are appellants for a proposed telecommunications application scheduled for a future Planning Commission meeting and that any discussion should be deferred until that time.

CONSENT CALENDAR

Commissioner Howe moved and Vice Chair Weiss seconded the motion to approve the Consent Calendar. The motion carried by the following vote:

> Yes: 6 -Chair Rheaume

> > Vice Chair Weiss

Commissioner Harrison Commissioner Howard Commissioner Howe **Commissioner Simons**

No: 0

Absent: 1 -Commissioner Olevson

1. A 18-0288 Approve Planning Commission Meeting Minutes of March 12, 2018

Request for continuance to April 23, 2018 1. B 18-0283

File #: 2017-7765

Location: 814 Coolidge Ave. (APN: 165-17-017)

Zoning:

Proposed Project: Related applications on a 3,800-square foot lot:

DESIGN REVIEW AND VARIANCE: A request for a new one-story single family home resulting in 1,963 square feet (1,640 square feet of living area and 323 square foot one-car garage) and 52% floor area ratio. Variance request is for a reduced front setback, continuation of a legal, non-conforming side yard setback, and to exceed the 45% maximum lot coverage on an

Applicant / Owner: Dan Stark (applicant) / Joe and Raquel Fanucchi

(owner)

Environmental Review: Categorically Exempt Class 1.

Project Planner: Cynthia Hom, (408) 730-7411,

existing substandard R-2 lot.

chom@ci.sunnyvale.ca.gov.

PUBLIC HEARINGS/GENERAL BUSINESS

2. 18-0213 File #: 2018-7004

Location: 1358 Spoonbill Way (APN: 313-08-019)

Zoning: R-0 (Low Density Residential)

Proposed Project:

DESIGN REVIEW for a 71-square first-story addition and a new 1,050-square foot second-story addition to an existing one-story single-family home resulting in 3,261 square feet (2,790 square feet living area and 471 square feet garage) and 54% floor area ratio.

Applicant / Owner: Hindesign (applicant) / David A Wylie Trustee & Et Al (owner)

Environmental Review: Class 1 Categorical Exemption relieves this project from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) provisions that include minor additions to an existing single-family residence (CEQA Section 15301).

Associate Planner Kelly Cha presented the staff report.

Commissioner Simons confirmed the intent of the decorative materials as outlined in Condition of Approval (COA) PS-1 with Associate Planner Cha.

Vice Chair Weiss asked staff about the possibility of extending the stone veneer on all sides. Associate Planner Cha advised that the base of the side walls is not visible from the street.

Commissioner Harrison asked staff about implementation of the rear wall treatment. Planning Officer Andrew Miner provided information about implementation and the purpose of this treatment.

Commissioner Harrison stated that she viewed one other two-story home in the neighborhood and asked staff about the number of two-story homes cited in the staff report. Associate Planner Cha provided information about the process for counting two-story homes. Planning Officer Miner stated that attachment six provides a breakdown.

Vice Chair Weiss asked staff about continuing the stone veneer on all sides and widening the window framing to address the rear wall issue. Planning Officer Miner provided information about staff's intent for the rear wall treatment and different ways to break up the massing.

Vice Chair Weiss asked staff if a two-story home can be considered ranch architecture. Planning Officer Miner stated that staff focuses on the project's design to ensure neighborhood compatibility.

Chair Rheaume opened the Public Hearing.

Steve Hinderberger, representing Hinderberger Design Management, LLC, presented information about the proposed project.

Commissioner Simons confirmed with Mr. Hinderberger that the existing trim is consistent along all sides of the house and will be maintained.

Chair Rheaume closed the Public Hearing.

MOTION: Commissioner Howe moved and Commissioner Howard seconded the motion for Alternative 1 – Approve the Design Review with the Conditions of Approval in Attachment 4.

Commissioner Howe stated that staff can modify the rear wall as outlined in COA PS-1 or consider the alternatives presented tonight to improve the project.

Commissioner Howe stated that he can make the findings. Commissioner Howe stated an opinion that this project will be an improvement for the house and that the modifications to the rear wall will make it unobtrusive to the surrounding area.

Commissioner Howard noted his agreement with Commissioner Howe's comments.

Vice Chair Weiss stated that she can make the findings. Vice Chair Weiss noted that the project has a consistent architectural design, respects the privacy of the neighbors and does not request any deviations. Vice Chair Weiss commented that the project avoids massing as do other two-story homes in the neighborhood. Vice Chair Weiss stated that she will be supporting the motion.

FRIENDLY AMENDMENT: Commissioner Simons offered a friendly amendment to add a COA to specify that the molding be consistent along all sides of the house. Commissioner Howe and Commissioner Howard accepted the friendly amendment.

Commissioner Simons stated that he can make the findings. Commissioner Simons commented on his concerns with home modifications changing over the decades with inconsistent results. Commissioner Simons stated an opinion that this project will be better and that he will be supporting the motion.

The motion carried by the following vote:

Yes: 6 - Chair Rheaume

Vice Chair Weiss

Commissioner Harrison

Commissioner Howard

Commissioner Howe

Commissioner Simons

No: 0

Absent: 1 - Commissioner Olevson

Planning Officer Miner stated that this decision is final unless appealed to the City Council within 15 days or called up by the City Council within 15 days.

STANDING ITEM: CONSIDERATION OF POTENTIAL STUDY ISSUES

Commissioner Harrison asked staff if the Planning Commission will be informed about the allowed uses for the El Camino Real Specific Plan and commented on empty retail establishments along El Camino Real. Planning Officer Andrew Miner stated that the allowed uses will be incorporated into the plan and provided information about potential development along El Camino Real.

Commissioner Harrison asked staff how to study the potential to enhance and promote wetlands vegetation in the City's Baylands Park. Planning Officer Miner

advised that staff will evaluate this request and provide feedback to the Planning Commission.

Commissioner Howe asked staff for an update regarding his previous request for a study issue on ownership housing opportunities. Planning Officer Miner advised that the next Planning Commission study session will provide an overview of California housing laws.

Chair Rheaume confirmed with Planning Officer Miner that the upcoming study session can include a comparison of the City's housing data to surrounding cities.

NON-AGENDA ITEMS AND COMMENTS

-Commissioner Comments

-Staff Comments

Planning Officer Miner commented on the ethics course required for all Planning Commissioners that is scheduled for September 2018.

ADJOURNMENT

Chair Rheaume adjourned the meeting at 7:56 PM.



Agenda Item 2

18-0190 Agenda Date: 4/9/2018

REPORT TO PLANNING COMMISSION

SUBJECT

Proposed Project: General Plan Amendment Initiation request to study changing the General Plan

from Public Facility (P-F) to Medium Density Residential.

File #: 2018-7040

Location: 1050 West Remington Drive (APN: 202-26-007)

Zoning: P-F

Applicant / Owner: Catalyst Development Partners (applicant) / Church of Christ of Sunnyvale

(owner)

Environmental Review: The project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15378(a).

Project Planner: Aastha Vashist, (408) 730-7458, avashist@sunnyvale.ca.gov

BACKGROUND

A study was conducted in 2007 (RTC No. 2007-0271) to consider whether to preserve properties with place of assembly uses by rezoning those properties to the Public Facility (PF) zoning district if they met specific size, location and site specific considerations. The City Council study and rezoning ordinance was adopted on September 28, 2007 with the aim of preserving locational opportunities for place of assembly uses on sites that are compatible with their neighborhood. Council approved the staff recommendation and rezoned eleven residentially-zoned properties, all 1.5 acres or greater in size (including the subject property) to Public Facilities zoning district. As part of the adoption of the Land Use and Transportation Chapter of the General Plan in 2017, the General Plan land use map designation for these sites was changed to Public Facility. Refer to Attachment 7 for the rezoning study Report to Council and Attachment 8 for the rezoning ordinance.

PROCESS

General Plan Amendment Initiation (GPI) requests are heard on a quarterly basis through a recommendation from the Planning Commission and then action by the City Council. The process for considering a General Plan amendment begins with a written request from a property owner or applicant. If City Council approves the GPI, a formal application for a General Plan Amendment (GPA) can be filed by the property owner/applicant. While staff is processing the GPA application, the applicant may also file a project application and related items as applicable for concurrent processing. However, the City Council would need to approve the GPA and related rezoning before the project could be scheduled for a Planning Commission hearing.

Staff received a GPI request from the applicant on January 17, 2018 requesting to change the General Plan designation for a corner lot (at Remington and Lime), currently used by Sunnyvale Church of Christ, from Public Facility (P-F) to Medium Density Residential (RMED) to allow residential development at a maximum of 24 dwelling units per acre. The applicant indicates that the

site is 1.41 acres, however the city and county records suggest the site is 1.61 acres. For purposes of discussion about the GPI, the applicant has submitted a site plan that shows conceptually how 30 three-story townhomes could be designed at a density of 21 dwelling units per acre (if the site is 1.41 acres). Refer to Attachment 2 for the applicant's letter and Attachment 3 for the conceptual site plan. Attachment 11 is a letter from the applicant's engineer concluding that the property acreage is approximately 1.41 acres.

The City Council is scheduled to consider this item on May 8, 2018.

EXISTING POLICY

The General Plan is the primary policy plan that guides the physical development of the City. When used together with a larger body of City Council policies, it provides direction for decision-making on City services and resources. The recently adopted Land Use and Transportation Chapter within the General Plan created an integrated set of policies to guide land use, development, and transportation choices with a horizon year of 2035.

COMMUNITY VISION CHAPTER

Goal I. Long-Range Planning- To engage in long-range physical, fiscal and economic development planning so as to create and sustain an outstanding quality of life in a community with appropriate balances between jobs and residences, development and supporting infrastructure, and the demand for services and the fiscal ability to provide them.

LAND USE AND TRANSPORATION CHAPTER

Goal LT-1: Coordinated Regional and Local Planning- Protect the quality of life, the natural environment, and property investment, preserve home rule, secure fair share of funding, and provide leadership in the region.

<u>POLICY LT-1.3</u>: Contribute to a healthy jobs-to-housing ratio in the region by considering jobs, housing, transportation, and quality of life as inseparable when making planning decisions that affect any of these components.

Goal LT-7: Diverse Housing Opportunities- Ensure the availability of ownership and rental housing options with a variety of dwelling types, sizes, and densities that contribute positively to the surrounding area and the health of the community

<u>POLICY LT-7.3</u>: Encourage the development of housing options with the goal that the majority of housing is owner-occupied.

Goal LT-11: Supportive Economic Development Environment- Facilitate an economic development environment that supports a wide variety of businesses and promotes a strong economy within existing environmental, social, fiscal, and land use constraints.

<u>POLICY LT-11.2</u>: Support a full spectrum of conveniently located commercial, mixed-use, public, and quasi-public uses that add to the positive image of the community.

Goal LT-14: Special and Unique Land Uses to Create a Diverse and Complete Community-Provide land use and design guidance so that special and unique areas and land uses can fulfill their distinctive purposes and provide a diverse and complete community fabric.

<u>POLICY LT-14.9</u>: Support the provision of a full spectrum of public and quasi-public services (e.g., parks, day care, group living, recreation centers, religious institutions, schools, hospitals,

large medical clinics) that are appropriately located in residential, commercial, and industrial neighborhoods and ensure they do not have a negative effect on the surrounding area.

<u>POLICY LT-14.11:</u> Maintain and promote conveniently located public and quasi-public uses and services that enhance neighborhood cohesiveness and provide social and recreational opportunities.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The decision to initiate a General Plan Amendment study does not require environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) because the mere initiation of a study does not constitute a project under CEQA pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15378 (a) as it has no potential for resulting in either a direct physical change in the environment, or a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment. If initiated, the proposed GPA and associated Rezoning (RZ) would be subject to the provisions of CEQA.

DISCUSSION

18-0190

The applicant's request is to amend the General Plan from Public Facilities to Medium Density Residential. The City Council may approve a General Plan Amendment upon finding that the amendment, as proposed, changed, or modified is deemed to be in the public interest.

The subject site is bounded by West Remington Avenue to the north, Lime Drive to the west and Rockefeller Drive to the south and currently operates as a religious use. It is immediately bordered to the east by the Parkwood Apartments, an 80-unit multi-family residential complex. The surrounding land uses are summarized in the Table 1 below:

Direction	Existing Uses	Zoning	General Plan Designation
North (across Remington)	Single-Family houses	R-0	Low Density Residential (RLO)
North (across Remington)	Sunnyvale Middle School	P-F	Public Facilities (PF)
South (across Rockefeller)	De Anza Park & Stratford School	P-F	Public Facilities (PF)
West (across Lime)	Single-Family houses	R-1	Low Density Residential (RLO)
East (adjacent)	Multi-Family housing	R-3	Medium Density Residential (RMED)

Requested General Plan Amendment Initiation

The applicant states that the existing church is no longer a viable use because of continued decline in attendance and congregation membership. The church (property owner) is considering merging with another congregation in a different location. The applicant considers medium density residential as the best use of the property because the proposed density and use would be consistent with properties to the east in the same block. The project would have limited traffic impact, while also generating additional housing for the City. Refer to Attachment 2 for the applicant's GPI request letter.

The applicant has indicated a desire to pursue a residential development at R-3 density, which will

allow up to 24 dwelling units per acre. A conceptual project proposal was submitted with the GPI application to illustrate the request (Attachment 3).

Options to Consider

Based on the existing land use patterns and General Plan goals and policies, there are several GPI study options, including maintaining the Public Facilities zoning designation, study conversion to medium density residential (an R-3 zoning designation) as proposed by the applicant, or study alternatives such as low-density designations (R-0 & R-1 zoning) or a low-medium density residential designation (R-1.7/PD, R-1.5 and R-2 zoning) for the subject property.

Residential - Overview

A land use change to residential would meet the goals of the applicant and provide additional housing opportunities in the City. The General Plan identifies the job to housing ratio as an important strategy for achieving a Complete Sunnyvale by continuing to allow for economic growth, while allowing residential growth to 'catch up' to jobs growth. A Complete Community is referenced in the Community Vision Chapter of the General Plan as a place to live, work, and play; it is further described in the Citywide Vision Goals:

A complete community provides its residents not only employment opportunities to realize income, but also leisure activities to stimulate the mind, body and spirit.

Medium Density Residential

Townhomes, apartments, and condominiums are typical within the Medium Density Residential General Plan designation. Medium density neighborhoods and developments are appropriate along arterials and residential collector streets, and may also be located near industrial or commercial areas. If the site is found suitable for residential use, the R-3 zoning designation can be considered with a potential of 33-38 dwelling units (depending on the actual size of the property). The subject site is bordered on the east by properties with Residential Medium Density (see Attachment 5 and 6).

Low-Medium Density Residential

The Low-Medium density is also a reasonable transition between the Medium density residential on the east and the Low density residential area to the north and west. There are three zoning districts under the Low-medium density residential general plan designation: R-1.5, R-1.7/PD, and R-2. The Low-Medium Residential General Plan designation supports small lot single-family, duplex, and smaller multi-family neighborhoods, designed around parks or schools, and located along neighborhood streets or residential collector streets. The R-2 district is often thought of as a duplex district but can also result in small lot single-family homes, and lower density townhouse developments.

The following densities and number of dwelling units would be allowed for each Low-Medium zoning designation. The range of units reflects the two different numbers for lot size (1.41 acres and 1.61 acres).

Zoning District	Max. Units/Acre	Units Allowed
R-1.5	10	14-16
R-1.7/PD	14	19-22
R-2	12	16-19

Low Density Residential

This designation primarily preserves existing single-family neighborhoods designed around parks or schools and located along neighborhood streets or residential collector streets. The corresponding zoning districts are R-0 and R-1. The area north and west of the subject site have the Low Density Residential General Plan designation and are zoned R-0 and R-1, respectfully. If the property land use designation was Low Density Residential, a maximum of 9 units would be allowed.

Maintain Public Facilities Designation

The General Plan currently designates the site as Public Facilities which provides for public and quasi-public services such as parks, schools, places of assembly, child-care facilities, civic facilities, and public works facilities. Public facility uses are crucial to the education, recreation, and operation of the community. The General Plan identifies preserving adequate land area for these spaces as a high priority and states that a change of a public facility designation to another nonpublic designation should only be considered when adequate facilities or resources are available to serve the community.

The Zoning Code defines:

"Places of assembly-community serving" means permanent headquarters and meeting facilities for civic, social and fraternal organizations (not including lodging), political organizations and other membership organizations. This category includes religious uses and facilities operated for worship; promotion of religious activities, including houses of worship and education and training; and accessory uses on the same site, such as living quarters for ministers and staff, and child day care facilities where authorized by the same type of land use permit required for the primary use. Other establishments maintained by religious organizations, such as full-time educational institutions, hospitals and other related operations (such as recreational camps) are classified according to their respective activities. SMC Section 19.12.170

The subject property is located between low density and medium density zoning districts that comprise a residential neighborhood. While a religious use may no longer be economically feasible in this location, it does not preclude other assembly uses such as another church, community serving use or a child care facility to be on the property. The City has conducted several studies in past years and confirmed the need for adequate sites for Place of Assembly uses and has determined that they are desirable and compatible uses with residential neighborhoods.

Child care and pre-school uses are also appropriate uses in the PF zone (see Attachment 10 for list of uses permitted, conditionally permitted or not permitted in the PF zoning district), and within the past year, staff has received preliminary review and formal applications for child care and pre-school facilities on sites less compatible for that use, such as on El Camino Real, in the middle of a single-family residential area, and near industrial uses. There is clearly an interest in the community for more of these facilities, and the subject site could be a well-located site for that use. A child care/pre-school use requires a Use Permit to operate in the PF zoning district.

Guidelines for Commercial Child Care Centers

The City has also undertaken number of steps to encourage and promote child care facilities in Sunnyvale including amending various sections of the Sunnyvale Municipal Code (SMC) in 2015. The Guidelines for Commercial Child Care Centers, which was also adopted by the City Council in

2015, identify the Public Facilities district as the most compatible areas for child care since it is reserved for the use and occupancy of educational buildings and facilities and other uses compatible with the public character of the district (Attachment 9). In addition, as noted earlier, there are specific General Plan policies that support the preservation and continuation of the public and quasi-public uses on this site.

Property Size

The applicant estimated the subject property as 1.41 acres in size; however, City and County records suggest it is 1.61 acres. A review of the site dimensions in the Assessor's parcel map and the letter from the applicant's engineer (Attachment 11) suggests that the site is approximately 1.41 acres, which is less than the 2007 1.5-acre threshold used in qualifying residentially zoned sites to be rezoned to PF. The letter is an opinion and not a final surveyor's calculation of lot area; staff concludes that the site is probably less than 1.5 acres.

FISCAL IMPACT

There are no fiscal impacts associated with initiating a General Plan Amendment study. All fees and costs for the development processing, related special studies and CEQA analysis would be covered by the applicant.

PUBLIC CONTACT

Notice of Public Hearing

- Published in the Sun newspaper
- Posted on the site
- 130 notices mailed to property owners and residents within 300 feet of the project site

See Attachment 1 for a map of the vicinity and mailing area.

Staff Report

- Posted on the City's website
- Provided at the Reference Section of the City's Public Library

Agenda

- Posted on the City's official notice bulletin board
- Posted on the City's website

Public Contact: Staff received one comment from the public in opposition to the initiation request (see Attachment 2).

ALTERNATIVE

Recommend to City Council:

- 1) Initiate the GPA study to analyze changing the land use designation from Public Facilities to Medium Density Residential, as requested by the applicant
- 2) Initiate the GPA study to analyze changing the land use designation from Public Facilities to a range of Low-Medium Density to Medium Density Residential, conditioned on the applicant providing evidence, at the time of a General Plan Amendment application, that the site is less than 1.5 acres.

3) Deny request to initiate a General Plan Amendment (GPA) study and retain the land use designation for the subject property as Public Facilities.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Recommend to City Council, Alternative 2: Initiate the GPA study to analyze changing the land use designation from Public Facilities to a range of Low-Medium Density to Medium Density Residential, conditioned on the applicant providing evidence, at the time of a General Plan Amendment application, that the site is less than 1.5 acres.

The decisions of which properties to rezone in 2007 were based on the parcel size information in the City and County records. Had the data shown that the site was less than 1.5 acres, it is likely that rezoning would not have occurred. If indeed the property is smaller, it would seem appropriate to reexamine it for potential residential use. Although the prior zoning was R-3 and General Plan designation was Medium Density Residential, staff recommends that the next lower category of Low-Medium residential also be studied to assure compatibility with the lower density uses in the neighborhood is considered. A survey of the property indicating the size is less than 1.5 acres would need to be provided by the applicant for staff to accept a General Plan Amendment application.

The above staff recommendation on the GPI is conditional, such that if the size is equal or larger than 1.5 acres, the GPI would be automatically rescinded and staff would not accept the application. Although the City has policies supporting both residential uses and Places of Assembly uses in the community, recent City studies as well as follow up rezoning and General Plan designation actions demonstrate the City's strong commitment to community-serving uses like churches and child care centers in residential areas.

Prepared by: Aastha Vashist, Assistant Planner Reviewed by: Gerri Caruso, Principal Planner Reviewed by: Andrew Miner, Planning Officer

Reviewed by: Trudi Ryan, Director of Community Development

Reviewed by: Teri Silva, Assistant City Manager

Approved by: Kent Steffens, City Manager

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Not used, reserved for Report to City Council
- 2. Applicant's GPI request Letter
- 3. Applicant's Conceptual Site Plan
- 4. Vicinity and Noticing Map
- 5. General Plan Map of site and vicinity
- 6. Zoning Map of site and vicinity
- 7. Report to City Council September 11, 2007
- 8. Ordinance 2846-07 dated September 28, 2007
- 9. Guidelines for Commercial Child Care Centers adopted August 2015
- 10. Use Table for PF zoning district
- 11. MacKay & Somps (Engineers), Acreage Review letter
- 12 Letters from the Public

18-0190	Agenda Date: 4/9/2018

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CATALYST

DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS

January 16, 2018

Ms. Gerri Caruso Mr. George Schroeder City of Sunnyvale - Community Development Department 456 W. Olive Ave. Sunnyvale, CA 94086

Dear Gerri and George,

Thank you for taking time to meet with us last week to discuss the proposed General Plan Amendment (GPA) and rezoning for the property located at 1050 W. Remington Drive. As required for the GPI process, please see the following text requesting a GPA.

Request:

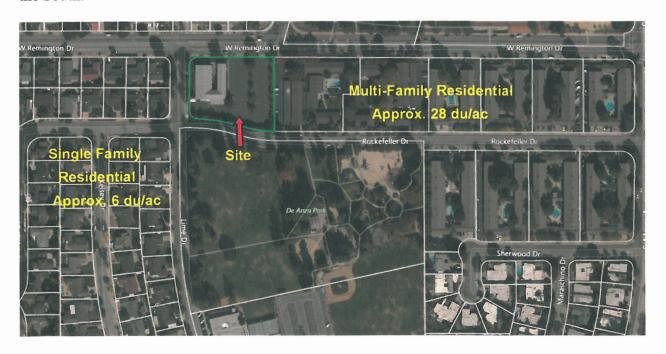
A General Plan Amendment to change the site designation from Public Facility to Medium Density Residential - R3.

Background:

The owners of the Property, Church of Christ (Sunnyvale) have continued to experience declining attendance and congregation membership. It has reached the point where the Elders of the Church believe it to be better for the congregants if they merge with another congregation in a different location. The Church contacted us, soliciting an offer to purchase the property, after an outreach mailing was sent to them from our broker.

Surrounding Area:

The property is abutted by SFR to the West, Medium Density Residential to the East and a Park to the South.



City of Sunnyvale January 16, 2018 Page 2

Justification:

The proposed GPA is reasonably consistent with the surrounding area, creating a moderate transition in density from East to West. The proposed density and project would appear at a high level to have a minimal impact on traffic. The original number of congregants was likely higher than the number of projected residents. The City's traffic review will likely validate this assumption.

There is a need new housing in the Bay Area - housing in general as well as affordable housing (for which we would work with Ernie Defrenchi, if approved). The Church has experienced declining membership (consistent with the overall trend throughout the US). Consolidation of congregations continues to occur as many churches now have multiple services on a given day rather than one or two, to achieve better utilization of their facilities. Accordingly, the designation as a Public Facility does not appear to be the highest and best use for the Property.

Thank you for your consideration of the proposed General Plan Amendment. Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact me directly.

Sincerely,

CATALYST DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS

Todd Deutscher President

cc. Richard Dowdy – Church of Christ Jack Dent



ATTACHMENT 2 PAGE 3 OF 8 THE CONCORD GROUP

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PLACES OF ASSEMBLY IN SUNNYVALE, CALIFORNIA

FINAL REPORT MARCH 29, 2018 PREPARED FOR: CATALYST DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS LLC



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

To: Catalyst Development Partners LLC

The Concord Group, LLC From:

March 29th 2018 Date:

Re: Places of Assembly in Sunnyvale, California

Catalyst Development Partners ("Catalyst") engaged The Concord Group (TCG) to assist in evaluating the availability and current utilization of in-door only Places of Assembly ("POA") serving the community in Sunnyvale, CA. As part of their evaluation, Catalyst required a detailed survey as to the availability of public meeting space from a list of POAs (Exhibit A) in the City of Sunnyvale (the City) that encompassed all Places of Worship and schools (public and private K-12) within the City. TCG's scope was to conduct an independent phone survey of these gathering places to determine the utilization and general availability of their community meeting space in 2018 as well as trends for Places of Worship. The following outlines TCG's key findings and conclusions.

CITY BACKGROUND:

In 2006 the City of Sunnyvale developed a special ordinance (Ordinance # 2846-07) classifying certain public meeting spaces as "Places of Assembly" primarily to reduce or otherwise curtail the migration of these meeting spaces, (including churches or other places of worship) into City's industrial areas at that time.

GENERAL SURVEY CONSIDERATIONS.

POA's have varied constraints such as specific availability of parking, and fire code regulations for use by any of these potential assembly groups. In order to reasonably estimate the space available for public use, TCG utilized an estimate of square feet determined during each individual phone survey and applied the specific requirement of POA's 25 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of available space. Actual total assembly space may vary slightly.

SURVEY FINDINGS:

Places of Worship:

- 42 places of worship were surveyed aggregating 262,338 square feet.
- 17 (41%) or 106,575 square feet of the 42 facilities offer space regularly for rent or charitable events. This space is typically used by groups such as: Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, Daycare, Alcoholics Anonymous meetings, Weddings, other facility events, etc.

Catalyst Devlopment Partners LLC March 2018 Page 1

03/29/18 2

Public and Private Schools (K-12):

- 60 schools (POA's) were surveyed for a total of 170,400 square feet.
- 31 (43%) or 73,160 square feet of the 60 schools offers space regularly for rent or charity events. The process by which the space is utilized is typically a more in-depth vetting process than that for Places of Worship. The majority of the space provided is in elementary and middle schools that focused primarily on smaller groups, organizations, or exhibits. High schools are the only places that can accommodate larger groups.

SURVEY SUMMARY:

In total, 102 Places of Assembly (Places of Worship and Schools) were surveyed providing a total meeting space of 432,738 square feet ("SF") with only 179,735 (42%) SF of space being utilized or occupied on a <u>weekly basis</u>. The survey determined that the 253,003 (58%) of the current POA space was largely unutilized and could readily be available for regular and one-time public meeting needs.

OTHER RELEVANT PUBLICLY AVAILBLE DATA:

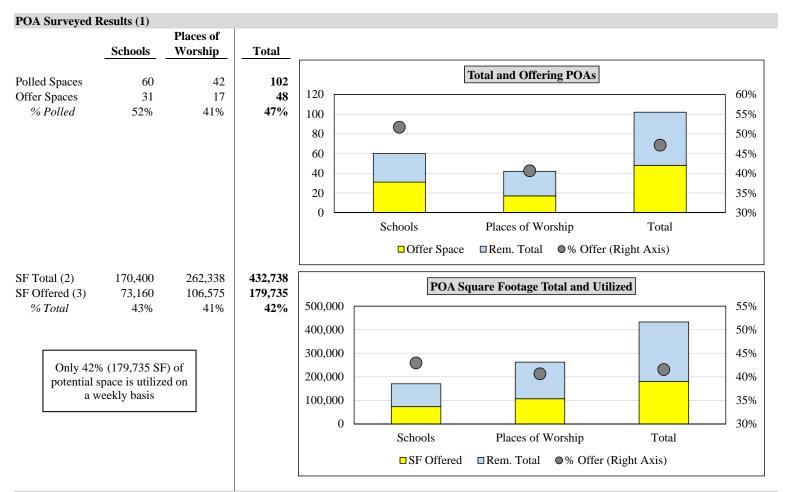
- According to a study by the Pew Research Center, dated 2015, entitled "<u>US Becoming Less Religious</u>", the percentage of Americans that are "religiously affiliated dropped from 83% to 77% from 2007 to 2015. Further, the study indicated that the percentage of those attending religious services at least one time per month has declined from 54% to 50% over the same period of time.
- A study by the Gallup Organization, dated 2015, entitled "Frequent Church Attendance Highest in Utah, Lowest in Vermont" indicates that 51% of Californians seldom or never attend church and that 28% attend services weekly and 19% attend services nearly weekly but at least monthly.
- Even more local, a study by the Barna Group, dated 2017, entitled "Church Attendance Trends Around the Country" shows the San Francisco/Oakland/San Jose area leads the U.S. as having the highest percentage of its population, 60%, having not attended a church service in the past six months, not including a special event such as a wedding or a funeral.

CONCLUSION:

- The majority of POA space in Sunnyvale is materially underutilized. Trends further imply that Places of Worship will continue to provide increased capacity for alternate public uses as religious service attendance and frequency decline. Based on the findings of the facility survey and documented trends, TCG concludes that there is extensive availability of POA space in Sunnyvale with the likelihood of increased capacity in the future.
- Results of Impact Analysis (Exhibit 1): TCG looked at the overall impact of removing a single POA site from the overall square footage of public space in schools and places of worship. The specific site proposed for removal is the Sunnyvale Church of Christ, located at 1050 W. Remington Drive. This POA has roughly 6,246 SF of assembly space (1.4% of overall POA square feet), but the church has not actively allowed outside parties to use it. It is TCG's conclusion that the elimination of the Subject Site's 6,246 square feet will have an immaterial effect on the availability of POA in the City.

EXHIBIT 1

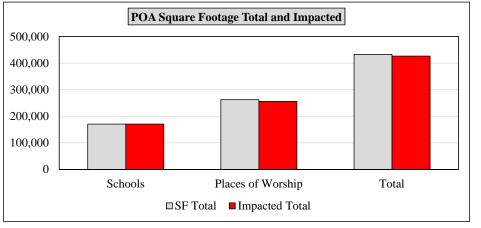
POA USAGE SUMMARY SUNNYVALE MARCH 2018



Results of Impact Analysis

TCG looked at the overall impact of removing a single POA site from the overall square footage availability. The specific site used is the Sunnyvale Church of Christ, located at 1050 W. Remington Drive. This POA has roughly 6,246 SF of space available to be used, but the church does not actively allow people to use the space. It is TCG's conclusion that the elimination of the Subject Site's 6,246 square feet will have an immaterial

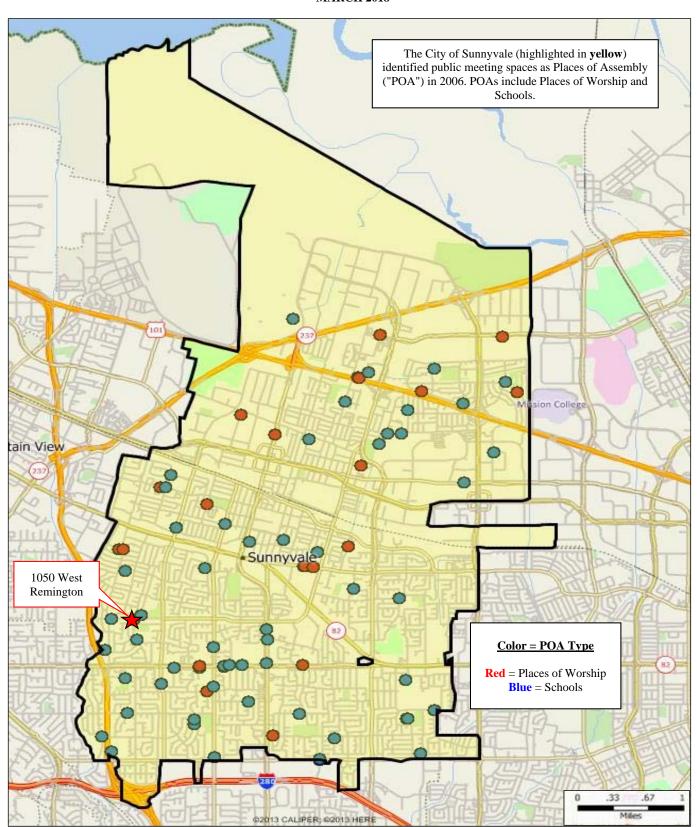
effect on the availability of POA in the City.					
	Places of				
	Schools	Worship	Total		
SF Total	170,400	262,338	432,738		
SF Loss	0	6,246	6,246		
Impact Total	170,400	256,092	426,492		
% SF Loss	0.0%	2.4%	1.4%		

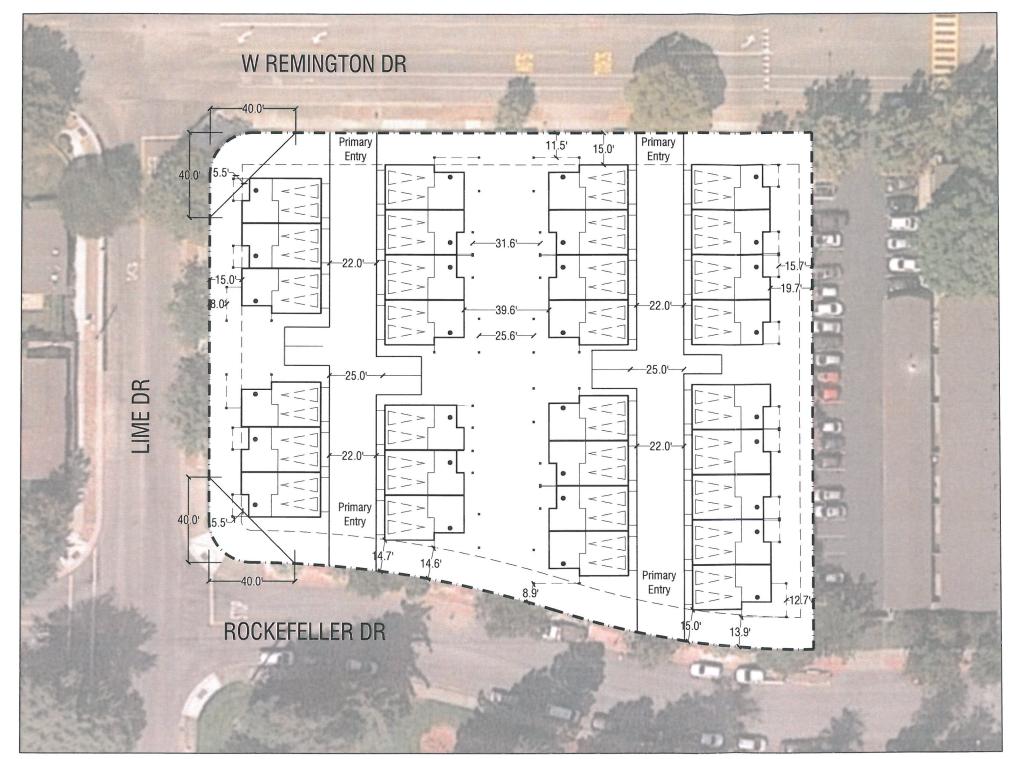


- (1) Catalyst Development Group provided The Concord Group with a list of Places of Worship and Schools assumed to be under the Places of Assembly
- (2) Worship total square footage calculated from the average square footage per spaces that offer/rent out applied to total number of designated POAs
- (3) 25 parking spaces per 1,000 square feet is required based on The City of Sunnyvale's Municipal Code

EXHIBIT 2

POA LOCATIONS SUNNYVALE MARCH 2018





Project Summary

+ 1.43 ac Total Site Area: 30 du **Total Units:** 3 Story TH | ± 1,600 sf - ± 1,900 sf | 3 bdm | 2.5 ba

Density: 21.0 du/ac

75 stalls (2.5 stalls / unit) Required Parking: Residential Garages: 60 stalls Guest Stalls: 15 stalls

(3 Bdrm Units = 2 fully enclosed private garage stalls + 0.5 unassigned spaces per unit)

67 stalls (2.2 stalls / unit) Proposed Parking: Residential Garages:

Guest Stalls: 7 stalls

COVERAGE

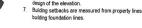
40% Maximum Building Coverage: Provided: TBD

Maximum FAR: None Provided: TBD

OPEN SPACE

Required Landscaped Area: 425 sf / unit 400 sf / unit Required Usable Open Space: Provided: TBD

- 1. Site plan is for conceptual purposes only.
- 2. Civil engineer to verify all setbacks, property lines, and grading information.
- 3. Unit count and density may change due to final verification of property lines and the city planning & building codes including maximum building coverage, open space requirements, and parking.
- 4. Building Footprints might change due to the final architectural design.
- 5. On-site dumpster required if proposed site plan contains a dead end alley more than 50 ft

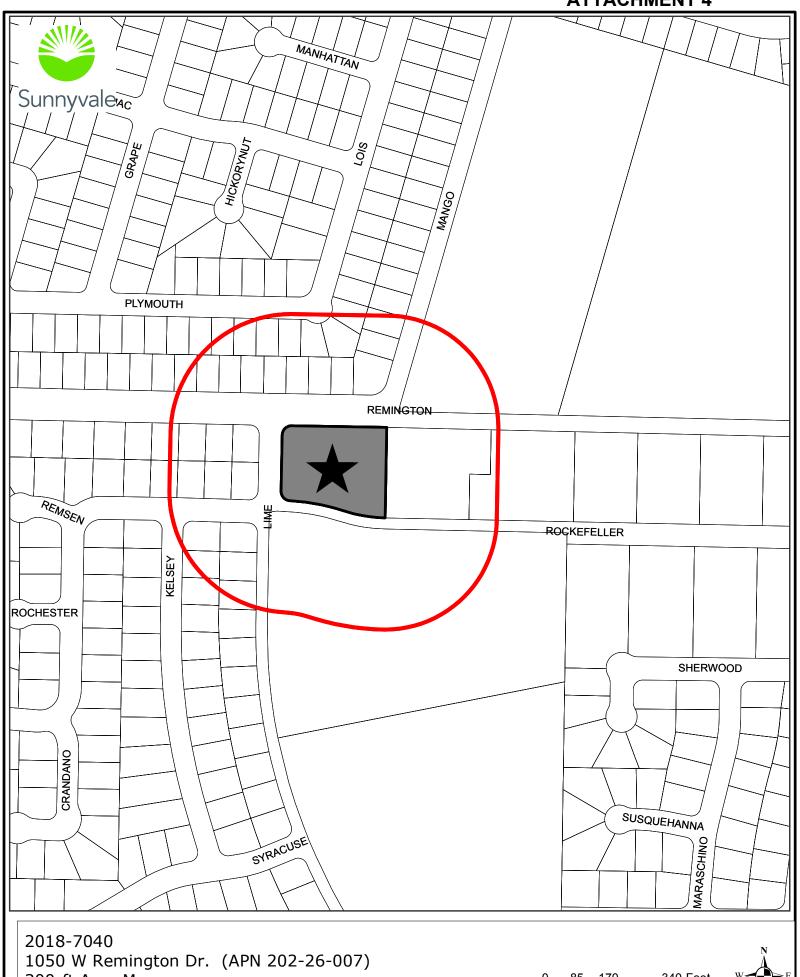


CONCEPTUAL SITE PLAN 1050 W. REMINGTON DR

SANTA CLARA, CA



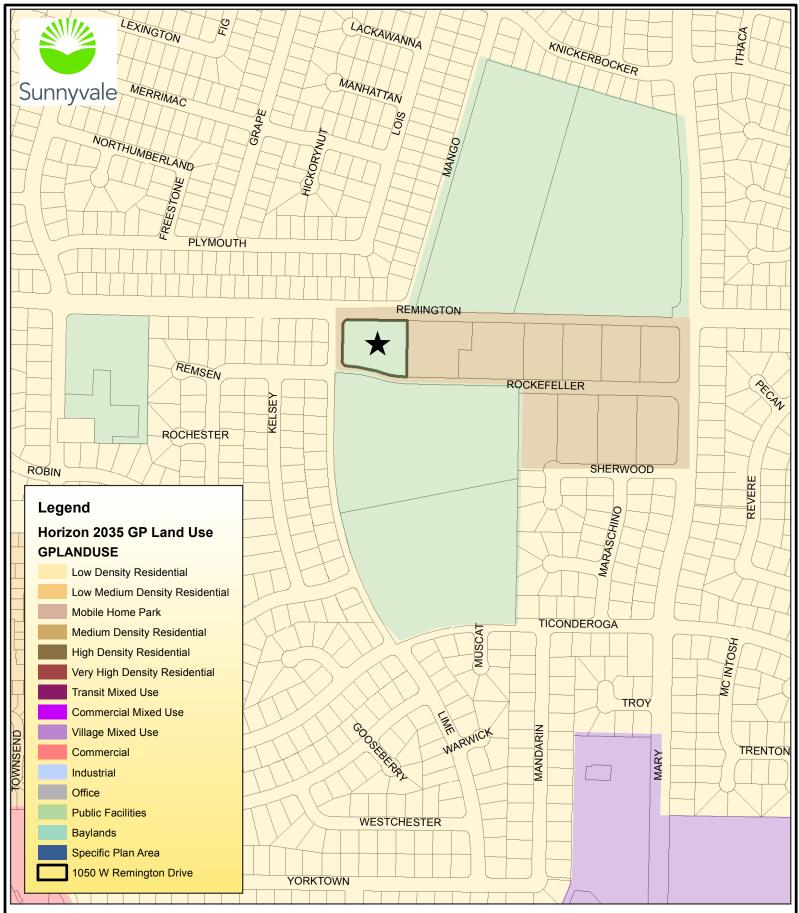




300-ft Area Map

85 170 340 Feet

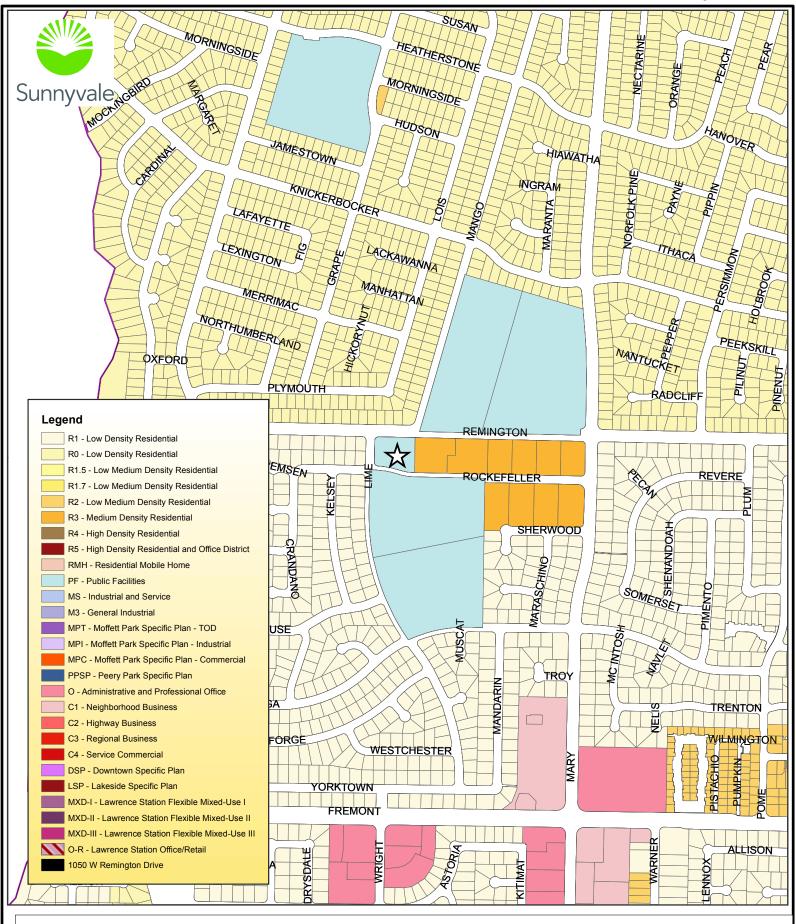




2018-7040 1050 W Remington Dr. (APN 202-26-007) 300-ft Area Map

0 137.5 275 550 Feet





2018-7040 1050 W Remington Dr. (APN 202-26-007) Zoning Designation Area Map

0 220 440 880 Feet



ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC PAGE 1 of 70 REPORT TO MAYOR AND COUNCIL



D COUNCIL NO: <u>07-305</u>

Council Meeting: September 11, 2007

SUBJECT: 2006-0271 Rezoning Study for Existing Places of Assembly Sites on Residentially Zoned Properties to the Public Facility Zoning District (Study Issue)

REPORT IN BRIEF

The study is an outgrowth of the City Council adoption of the Places of Assembly in Industrial and Commercial Zoning Districts approved in March 2006. The 2006 Study (RTC 06-074) determined that existing Places of Assembly in Residential Zoning district should be protected and preserved through the rezoning of those properties to the Public Facility (PF) Zoning District. The 2006 study noted the possible loss of places of assembly uses in residential neighborhoods through conversion to residential development. The 2006 study also created new zoning requirements for these uses attempting to locate within the City's Industrial Zoning Districts. This study aims to preserve property currently occupied by Places of Assembly uses through rezoning to the Public Facility zoning district based on certain appropriate criteria discussed in this report.

Staff has researched the issue and recommends properties be rezoned to PF based on size, location and noted site specific considerations. Prior to Planning Commission review, staff recommended the rezoning of 6 properties that were over 2.2 acres in size (excluding the ITR Zoned property at 42-460 Persian Drive).

On August 27, 2007, the Planning Commission reviewed the study and voted unanimously to reduce the minimum area for rezoning to 1.5 acres. A total of 11 sites would be included in this rezoning. The ITR zoned site at 420-460 Persian Drive was excluded as originally recommended by staff. Staff has modified their recommendation to include these 11 properties (as identified in Attachment D).

BACKGROUND

On March 22, 2006, the City Council (RTC 06-074) adopted modifications to the Sunnyvale Municipal Code that included revised definitions and use tables, as well as specific policies for locating assembly and recreation related uses. On October 24, 2006, the City Council (RTC 06-333) initiated the rezoning of specific *industrial* properties to a new Places of Assembly (POA) Combining

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Public Facilities Rezoning Study

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District (Attachment #F). This follow-up study, examines the possible rezoning of existing "community serving" places of assembly in residential areas to the Public Facility (PF) Zoning District.

In 2003, a 3.01-acre site at Iowa Ave and Mary Avenue was redeveloped from a religious place of assembly to 34 housing units. Currently pending is an application for a 4.4-acre site (occupied by a religious place of assembly) at W. Fremont Avenue and Pome Avenue for approximately 43 housing units.

The property located at 805-822 W. Fremont Avenue (corner of Fremont Ave and Pome Avenue) was removed from consideration from this study upon direction by City Council at the meeting of March 22, 2006. (Attachment H includes City Council Minutes).

As noted in the previous study, changing the zoning on properties currently used as places of assembly would help protect those uses as they would be less likely to be converted to residential uses. This report completes the rezoning study requested by Council in 2006.

EXISTING POLICY

General Plan

Land Use and Transportation Element

GOAL N1 Preserve and enhance the quality character of Sunnyvale's industrial, commercial and residential neighborhoods promoting land use patterns and related transportation opportunities that are supportive of the neighborhood concept.

Policy N1.1 Protect the integrity of the City's neighborhoods; whether residential, industrial or commercial.

Action Statement N1.1.1 Limit the intrusion of incompatible uses and inappropriate development into city neighborhoods.

Policy N1.14 Support the provision of a full spectrum of public and quasi-public services (e.g., parks, day care, group living, recreation centers, religious institutions) that are appropriately located in residential, commercial, and industrial neighborhoods and ensure that they have beneficial effects on the surrounding area.

Action Statement N1.14.3 Encourage multiple uses of some facilities (e.g. religious institutions, schools, social organizations, day care) within the capacity of the land and the roadway system.

Action Statement N1.14.5 Maintain and promote convenient community centers and services that enhance neighborhood

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cohesiveness and provide social and recreational opportunities.

Legislative Management Element

Policy 7.3B.3 Prepare and update ordinances to reflect current community issues and concerns in compliance with State and Federal laws.

Action Statement 7.3B.3b Consider changes to ordinances to reflect changes in community standards and State and Federal laws.

Zoning Code

Title 19 of the City of Sunnyvale's Municipal Code includes the Residential Zoning and Public Facility development standards (see Attachment B for the existing Zoning Code use tables).

LEGAL ISSUES

Religious Institutions Land Use and Institutionalized Persons Act (RILUPA)

The Federal Religious Land Use and Institutionalized Persons Act (RLUIPA), passed in 2000, prohibits zoning and landmarking laws that: (1) treat churches or other religious assemblies or institutions on less than equal terms with nonreligious institutions; (2) discriminate against any assemblies or institutions on the basis of religion or religious denomination; (3) totally exclude religious assemblies from a jurisdiction; or (4) unreasonably limit religious assemblies, institutions, or structures within a jurisdiction.

The study does not examine modifications to the Code related to permitting requirements for Place of Assembly or changes specific to religious facilities. Currently, religious uses are considered "Places of Assembly - Community Serving" and are not treated differently than non-religious uses with similar impacts.

AB 2292 - Residential Densities

Assembly Bill 2292, adopted in 2002, prohibits a city or a county from reducing, requiring, or permitting the reduction of a parcel's residential density to a lower residential density that is below the density used to determine compliance with the housing element, unless the city or county makes written findings supported by substantial evidence that:

- The reduction is consistent with the general plan, including the housing element.
- The remaining sites identified in the housing element are adequate to accommodate the community's regional share of housing needs.

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The study considers reducing the development capability of certain residentially zoned properties by rezoning them to the Public Facilities Zoning District. The City's Housing and Community Revitalization Sub-Element sets goals and expected growth opportunities in the City of Sunnyvale. Existing properties that are occupied by assembly uses on residential property were not factored in as potential locations for housing growth. Therefore, staff finds that the proposed rezoning would not affect housing goals previously set forth in the Housing Element. However, locations within the City's ITR area were noted as potential locations for new housing. Two sites identified within this study contain this designation. If rezoned to the Public Facilities zoning district, the required Findings above would need to be made.

DISCUSSION

The intent of the study to rezone certain specified residential property to Public Facilities Zoning District was originally identified in the Places of Assembly (POA) study from 2005 (adopted in 2006). The strategy was identified as a way to preserve assembly uses at appropriate locations where they already had been established. Rezoning particular sites would preserve these assembly uses in appropriate areas while limiting the possibility for conversion to residential development. The rezoning would help ensure that these sites are available for place of assembly type uses in the future and discourage relocating to less compatible areas of the city.

The original POA study generally prevented places of assembly to be located within the City's industrial zoned property. A new zoning district designation was created and applied to certain industrially zoned property. Through this Place of Assembly (POA) combining district, places of assembly could be considered on a case by case basis in limited industrial areas. This rezoning study aims to preserve locational opportunities for places of assembly uses on sites that are more compatible with their neighborhood and reduce pressure to relocate in commercial and industrial areas.

Places of Assembly can include a variety of uses. The Municipal Code defines Places of Assembly as either "business serving" or "community serving." The intent of the original study was to also consider recreational and education uses which contain similar characteristics to assembly uses. The follow-up study, as directed by Council, was intended to examine "community serving – places of assembly" and the possibility for rezoning. Attachments C, D & E include all type of places of assembly in residential zoning districts, including recreational/educational uses. When identifying these uses in the residential neighborhoods, it was discovered that a majority of the uses were religious facilities, which are considered "community serving – places of assembly." To a lesser degree, recreational/educational uses and community organizations

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such as the Fairbrae Swim & Racquet Club and Salvation Army are also located on residential zoned property. In some cases, educational uses are found on these sites as a secondary use to a religious facility. situations, schools are the principal use of the site.

Each of these assembly uses provides a valuable resource to the community; however; this study was intended to only examine sites occupied by places of assembly that are community serving. A definition for this type of assembly from the City's Municipal Code has been provided below:

S.M.C. 19.12.170 "Places of assembly—community serving" means permanent headquarters and meeting facilities for civic, social and fraternal organizations (not including lodging), political organizations and other membership organizations. This category includes religious uses and facilities operated for worship; promotion of religious activities, including houses of worship and education and training; and accessory uses on the same site, such as living quarters for ministers and staff, and child day care facilities where authorized by the same type of land use permit required for the primary use. Other establishments maintained by religious organizations, such as full-time educational institutions, hospitals and other related operations (such as recreational camps) are classified according to their respective activities.

It should also be noted that some of these facilities principally defined as "community serving-places of assembly" may also include a combination of uses that are educational and recreational in nature.

Survey of Existing Conditions: Staff completed a more specific evaluation process as part of this rezoning study. The evaluation classified sites in terms of size, location, current zoning and potential for redevelopment.

A map of the places of assembly on residentially zoned property is located in Attachment C. The map demonstrates that these uses are located throughout residential neighborhoods within the City. Some are located on major arterials and others are centrally located along smaller collector streets.

The sizes of the properties designated in Attachment C vary considerably. A listing of the properties is included in Attachment D. The potential number of housing units that could be built on the sites differs for each site partly due to overall size of the property but also due to the current zoning. The designated zoning districts also vary from low density (R-0 or R-1) to high density (R-4). Based on the zoning district, the allowable densities for these sites can range from 1 unit per 8,000 square feet to 1 unit per 1,200 square feet. The last column in Attachment D indicates the maximum number of units that could be developed on each site, which vary from 1 unit to 114 units. In general, the

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larger properties have a higher development potential. A large site coupled with an R-4 zoning designation can be redeveloped with the most units. A Council policy requires that new development to be built to 75 percent of the maximum allowable density. Other site specific layout constraints and the need to meet Zoning standards for parking, landscaping, useable open space, etc. could further influence the development capability.

When evaluating the sites, the preservation value for an assembly use should be balanced with the potential contribution to the City's housing supply.

Effect of Rezone

Rezoning would preserve assembly uses and existing land use patterns. Rezoning to the Public Facilities zoning district would lessen opportunities for residential development.

The PF zoning district would allow additional places of assembly type uses (See Permitted Use table in Attachment B). Development standards for the PF zoning district such as lot coverage, floor area ratio, setbacks, and height require conformance to the most restrictive zoning district abutting the property. There is currently no minimum lot area requirement for the PF Zoning District; however, the smallest parcel zoned PF, not adjacent to another PF zoned property is approximately 1.2 acres. This site is occupied by a fire station. The smallest property currently zoned PF, occupied by a place of assembly (religious facility), is approximately 2.2 acres.

Sign Code

The Municipal Code (Section 19.44) contains specific requirements for the approval of new signs on properties. The sign ordinance acknowledges the differences between residential and non-residential neighborhoods through separate allowances and restrictions. To protect the integrity of residential neighborhoods, properties that are zoned residential are more restricted in terms of allowable signage. In summary, non-residential uses (such as places of assembly) in residential zoning districts are currently allowed half the allowable signage in terms of area, height and copy. As a result of rezoning to the Public Facilities Zoning District, the allowable sign area for these properties would increase and match similar assembly uses already currently zoned Public Facilities.

Site Characteristics & Rezone Options

There are a number of options or criteria when considering the rezoning of specific properties to Public Facilities Zoning District. Staff has provided various considerations when evaluating the inventory of sites. Attachment E includes a table with possible criteria to consider when evaluating the

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possibility of rezoning these properties. Based on those site characteristics, staff has provided the following options or criteria to consider for rezoning:

According to Size

Staff examined certain factors when determining a specific square footage threshold for evaluating the possibility of rezoning sites to Public Facilities. First, staff examined the sites that were utilized for these uses on residentially zoned property. Staff finds that smaller properties are less suitable for long term usage by places of assembly and could be better integrated within a neighborhood through residential conversion. Staff notes a natural break of assembly uses occurs at 30,000 square feet. An option for rezoning could be to target certain properties over 30,000 square feet. This would result in the rezoning of approximately 20 properties. Alternatively, the City could establish a 1-acre threshold which would result in the rezoning of 18 properties. A 2.2acre minimum level could be established for rezoning which would affect 7 properties. This threshold could be considered appropriate as the smallest PF zoned existing property that contains a place of assembly is 2.2 acres in size. Many of these existing properties are combined with an adjacent parcel to create a larger site. Attachment H includes maps of the residentially zoned sites under consideration according to size and location.

According to Location

Arterial or centrally located

Another option for rezoning that should be examined is the appropriateness of the specific location. Currently, places of assembly are located throughout residential neighborhoods, including along arterials and collector streets in the middle of single family neighborhoods. When evaluating possibilities for rezoning according to location, it may be appropriate to consider certain long term land use constraints and impacts that are sometimes associated with places of assembly. Assembly uses can often have unique peak periods of operation and activity. When place of assembly uses are located centrally within a neighborhood, the impacts associated with spill-over parking and traffic and general on-site operations can disrupt a larger residential area. A strategy for rezoning could be to remove these centrally located sites from consideration and eventually convert them to residential development. The spillover impacts can be better absorbed along major streets. Assembly uses may be more appropriate along the edges of residential neighborhoods, similar to other transitional uses, where impacts to residential neighborhoods are lessened. Sites located on major arterials may be more appropriate to preserve through the Public Facility rezoning.

ITR Zoned Sites

It is also important to note other long term land-use objectives of the site that have already been established on a property and its surrounding area. For

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example, two of the sites are currently located within the ITR (Industrial to Residential) combining district. These properties have already been strategically planned for conversion to high density residential uses as approved in the Futures Study in the early 1990's. These sites have high development potential due to their relative size and R-4 Zoning designation. Certain surrounding industrial properties have been recently converted to medium and high density residential uses. Due to this existing objective for the site, it may be desirable to retain the site for possible future residential development. As noted in the "Legal Issues" section of this report, certain findings are required to be made by state law if these sites are included in the rezoning. The potential loss of these sites for future housing could affect the established housing objectives set forth in the City's Housing and Community Revitalization Sub-Element.

According to # of Potential Dwelling Units

A third option for preserving the sites for places of assembly would be to rezone those sites based on the potential number of housing units. As identified earlier in the report, the number of residential units varies based on the size and allowable density of the existing zoning district. Smaller sites with less development potential may be better suited for eventual integration into a neighborhood through residential redevelopment. If a threshold of 10 or more units is set for possible rezoning, a total of 16 properties would be considered. If the threshold is set for 20 or more units, the pool of properties to be rezoned is 9 properties.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

A Negative Declaration was prepared for the prior Study Issue efforts and remains in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act provisions and City Guidelines. The initial study determined that the proposed project would not create any significant environmental impacts (see Attachment I, Initial Study).

FISCAL IMPACT

A number of uses may be considered and allowed within the Public Facilities Zoning District. If the use of a current property is exempt, the rezoning will not change the assessed value of the property. The rezoning will likely enable the site to remain tax exempt. Residential properties have a higher value per square foot and rezoning to a lower intensity zoning district could, in the long term, affect property values. There is no fiscal impact as a result of the study as the current use of the property is not affected.

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PUBLIC CONTACT

Public notices for this project and the environmental document were distributed to all properties affected by the rezoning. Noticing included posting of the Planning Commission agenda on the City's official notice bulletin board, posting of the agenda and report on the City's web site, advertising in the Sun newspaper and availability of the report in the Sunnyvale Library and the City Clerk's office. A courtesy notice was also sent to the Chamber of Commerce.

Planning Commission Study Session

A Planning Commission study session was held on Monday, July 9th. The Commission noted an interest in setting a size threshold of 30,000 square feet. Also noted was an interest in including the two ITR zoned properties with places of assembly in the proposed rezoning. The Commission noted that in addition to properties located on arterials, those sites visible from a freeway or major arterial could also be included for possible rezoning.

Planning Commission Public Hearing

The Planning Commission public hearing took place on August 27, 2007. No members of the public spoke at the hearing. The Commission voted to reduce the minimum lot size for rezoning from 2.2 acres to 1.5 acres. The Commission had some questions regarding the recommended 2.2 acre threshold and the omission of the site along Persian Drive. The recommended 1.5 acre threshold would expand the pool of sites to be rezoned from 6 to 11 properties. The draft minutes of the Planning Commission hearing have been included as Attachment J of this report.

ALTERNATIVES

Rezoning:

- 1. Introduce an ordinance to rezone properties based primarily on property size
 - a. greater than 1.5 acres, except for properties zoned ITR (total of 11 properties)
 - b. greater than 2.2 acres, except for properties zoned ITR (total of six properties)
 - c. greater than 1.5. acres (total of 12 properties)
 - d. greater than 2.2. acres (total of seven properties)
 - e. greater than 1 acre (total of 18 properties)
 - f. greater than 30,000 s.f. (total of 20 properties)
- 2. Introduce an ordinance to rezone properties based primarily on location
 - a. on a major street (total of eight properties)
 - b. on any street (total of up to 34 properties)

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- 3. Introduce an ordinance to rezone properties based primarily on residential redevelopment potential
 - a. 20 or more residential units (total of nine properties)
 - b. 11 or more residential units (total of 16 properties)
- 4. Introduce an ordinance to rezone properties as deemed appropriate.
- 5. Do not rezone any properties.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends Council rezone the properties described in Alternative 1a in accordance with the Planning Commission recommendation. The original staff recommendation prior to Planning Commission consideration is included in Alternative 1b.

Staff is recommending rezoning all property greater than 1.5 acres in size with the exception of the ITR zoned property. The property located in the City's ITR area (420-460 Persian Drive) should remain under its current zoning. Staff has modified the original recommendation to reflect the Planning Commission action to add more properties in the PF zoning district. Given the general concern expressed by the community of providing an adequate number of sites for places of assembly, staff finds this to be a reasonable approach for long-term preservation of place of assembly sites.

A total of 11 properties would be rezoned under this recommendation. This recommendation would include 11 of the 12 largest properties noted in Attachment D. The property located on Persian Drive is not included in staff's recommendation for rezoning. Two of the five additional sites recommended by the Planning Commission were noted as being "along major streets and not mid-neighborhood," as noted In Attachment E. Although, not determined to meet this criteria, the three other locations are either located along major collector streets or are adjacent to PF Zoned land.

Staff finds that retaining the larger properties in the City's inventory of residentially zoned sites will preserve adequate locations for assembly uses. Staff has found that communities vary in terms of how much land is utilized by place of assembly uses, and no data has been found to determine what is considered an ideal allocation for such uses.

Originally, the Planning Commission expressed a desire to include more sites, as noted from the Planning Commission Study Session. Staff finds that these smaller properties should remain as potential opportunities for redevelopment. Staff also notes that these properties are not characteristic of the City's current inventory of PF Zoned parcels occupied by places of assembly. Through rezoning 11 properties to the Public Facilities Zoning District, staff finds that

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the goal of preserving locations for "Community Serving - Places of Assembly" is met. Existing residentially zoned property can continue to be used as places of assembly and new assembly uses can be considered; however, staff finds that an adequate supply for infill residential development should remain within these locations. Furthermore, staff finds that for the reasons stated in the report, ITR locations should remain as opportunities for new residential development and aide the City's housing goals. The recommended parcels are located along or near major streets and are appropriate locations for current and future assembly uses.

Reviewed by:

Hanson Hom, Director, Community Development Department

Reviewed by: Trudi Ryan, Planning Officer

Prepared by: Ryan Kuchenig, Principal Planner

proved by:

Amy Chan City Manager

Attachments

- A. Negative Declaration
- B. Zoning District Use Tables (PF & Residential Zoning Districts)
- C. Map of Places of Assembly on Recreationally Zoned Property in Sunnyvale
- D. Data Table of Places of Assembly Uses on Residentially Zoned Property
- E. Matrix of Rezoning Criteria
- F. Map of (POA) Combining District Sites
- G. Ordinance (including maps of staff recommended sites for rezoning)
- H. Maps of Sites Based on Evaluated Criteria for Size and Location
- I. Minutes from March 22, 2006 City Council Meeting
- J. Draft Minutes from the August 27, 2007 Planning Commission Meeting

Attachment A

ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC

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File Number: 2007-027

No. 07-16

ATTACHMENT H



PLANNING DIVISION CITY OF SUNNYVALE P.O. BOX 3707 SUNNYVALE, CALIFORNIA 94088-3707

NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT NEGATIVE DECLARATION

This form is provided as a notification of an intent to adopt a Negative Declaration which has been prepared in compliance with the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970, as amended, and Resolution #193-86.

PROJECT TITLE:

Application for a **Study Issue** by the **City of Sunnyvale**.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION (APN):

2007-0271 - City of Sunnyvale Study Issue to examine the rezoning of residentially zoned sites occupied by Place of Assembly/ Recreation to Public Facilities (PF) Zoning District. The City is following up on a 2006 study to determine whether certain sites should be rezoned in an effort to preserve existing uses within a Public Facilities (PF) zoning designation. The previous study noted the loss of Assembly uses in residential neighborhoods and the subsequent conversion of these sites to residential developments. The purpose of the study is to consider preserving these uses in logical locations as a means of discouraging relocation to less compatible areas (industrial property) or locations outside the City. Properties will be evaluated based on several criteria to determine their appropriateness for rezoning.

WHERE TO VIEW THIS DOCUMENT:

The Negative Declaration, its supporting documentation and details relating to the project are on file and available for review and comment in the Office of the Secretary of the Planning Commission, City Hall, 456 West Olive Avenue, Sunnyvale,

This Negative Declaration may be protested in writing by any person prior to 5:00 p.m. on Tuesday, August 14, 2007. Protest shall be filed in the Department of Community Development, 456 W. Olive Avenue. Sunnyvale and shall include a written statement specifying anticipated environmental effects which may be significant. A protest of a Negative Declaration will be considered by the adopting authority, whose action on the protest may be appealed.

HEARING INFORMATION:

E-14211

A public hearing on the project is scheduled for:

Monday, July 23, 2007at 8:00 p.m. & Tuesday, August 14, 2007 in the Council Chambers, City Hall, 456 West Olive Avenue, Sunnyvale.

TOXIC SITE INFORMATION:

(No) listed toxic sites are present at the project location.

Circulated On July 2, 2007

Signed:

Andrew Miner, Principal Planner

ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC

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PLANNING DIVISION CITY OF SUNNYVALE P.O. BOX 3707 SUNNYVALE, CALIFORNIA 94088-3707





NEGATIVE DECLARATION

This Negative Declaration has been prepared in compliance with the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970, as amended, and Resolution #193-86.

PROJECT TITLE:

Application for a **Study Issue** by the **City of Sunnyvale**.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION (APN):

2007-0271 - City of Sunnyvale Study Issue to examine the rezoning of residentially zoned sites occupied by Place of Assembly/ Recreation to Public Facilities (PF) Zoning District. The City is following up on a 2006 study to determine whether certain sites should be rezoned in an effort to preserve existing uses within a Public Facilities (PF) zoning designation. The previous study noted the loss of Assembly uses in residential neighborhoods and the subsequent conversion of these sites to residential developments. The purpose of the study is to consider preserving these uses in logical locations as a means of discouraging relocation to less compatible areas (industrial property) or locations outside the City. Properties will be evaluated based on several criteria to determine their appropriateness for rezoning.

FINDINGS:

The Director of Community Development of the City of Sunnyvale, California, hereby determines that an environmental impact report is not required. There are sufficient environmental controls incorporated into the zoning regulations to ensure no significant detrimental effect.

The above determination is based upon the initial study conducted in this matter, information provided by the applicant in an "Application for Environmental Finding" that the above determination is based on the fact that the use is in keeping with not in conflict with the adopted General Plan, The Zoning Ordinance and the Subdivision Ordinance and that sufficient environmental controls are incorporated in the Zoning and Subdivision regulations as to ensure no significant detrimental effect.

This Negative Declaration may be protested in writing by any person prior to 5:00 p.m. on Tuesday, August 14, 2007. Such protest shall be filed in the Department of Community Development, 456 W. Olive Avenue, Sunnyvale and shall include a written statement specifying anticipated environmental effects which may be significant. A protest of a Negative Declaration will be considered by the adopting authority, whose action on the protest may be appealed.

Circulated On July 2, 2007	Signed:Andrew Miner, Principal Planner
Adopted On	Verified:
	Andrew Miner, Principal Planner

ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC PAGE 15 of 70

Environmental Checklist Form

Project Number: 2007-02/1
Project Address: Citywide
Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

Project Title	Rezoning Study – PF Rezoning of Certain Residential Sites
Lead Agency Name and Address	City of Sunnyvale PO Box 3707 Sunnyvale, CA 94088-3707
Contact Person	Ryan M. Kuchenig
Phone Number	408-730-7431
Project Location	Specific Residential Zoned Sites within Sunnyvale occupied by Places of Assembly and Recreation
Project Sponsor's Name	City of Sunnyvale
Address	456 W. Olive Ave
7,441005	Sunnyvale, CA 94088
Zoning	Residential
General Plan	Residential
Other Public Agencies whose approval is required	None

Description of the Project: 2007-0271 — The study is to consider the rezoning of certain residentially zoned property occupied by places of assembly to the Public Facilities zoning district. The study identifies certain criteria based on size, location and other characteristics specific to the property as a basis for rezoning to Public Facilities zoning district. The majority of property utilized by Places of Assembly were originally identified in the earlier study completed in March of 2006. Additional properties have since been added for consideration. As identified with the original study, certain residentially zoned sites occupied by these uses have been converted to residential development and then relocate to less compatible area or locations outside the city. The intent of the study is to preserve these sites for Places of Assembly and Recreation uses. Upon rezoning, the permit process would remain the same

Further environmental review will be required to be undertaken for specific project applications at each designated location. If the City Council chooses to maintain the existing zoning designations or rezone any of the affected properties, there will be no environmental impact since the action will not involve any construction, redevelopment or

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Environmental Checklist Form

Project Number: 2007-0271

Project Number: 2007-0271
Project Address: Citywide
Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

removal of any buildings. The project does not propose any physical changes or construction to the environment.

Surrounding Uses and Setting:

Most residential properties are surrounded by residential sites and more often are low density. Commercial sites are, in some cases, located near the identified properties

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g. the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g. the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g. the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g. the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as onsite, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 4. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 5. "Negative Declaration: Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section 17, "Earlier Analysis," may be cross-referenced).
- 6. Earlier analysis may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063 (c) (3) (d). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
- 7. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
- 8. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.

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Environmental Checklist Form

Project Number: 2007-0274
Project Address: Citywide
Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

- 9. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project
- 10. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g. general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

	Aesthetics		Materials	Ш	Public Services		
	☐ Agricultural Resources		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation		
	☐ Air Quality		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Tr	affic	
	☐ Biological Resources		Mineral Resources		Utilities/Service		
	☐ Cultural Resources		Noise		Systems Mandatory Findin	gs of	
	☐ Geology/Soils		Population/Housing		Significance		
	I find that the proposed project COULE DECLARATION will be prepared. I find that although the proposed proje a significant effect in this case because project proponent. A MITIGATED NECL I find that the proposed project MAY he ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	ct could e revisio GATIVE ave a siç is requ	have a significant effect on the en ns in the project have been made DECLARATION will be prepared. gnificant effect on the environmentired.	vironme by or ag · , and ar	ent, there will not be greed to by the		
I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potential significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.							
	I find that although the proposed proje potentially significant effects (a) have pursuant to applicable standards and NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including proposed project, nothing further is re-	oeen an (b) have revisio	alyzed in an earlier EIR or NEGAT been avoided or mitigated pursua	IVE DE	CLARATION at earlier EIR or		

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Environmental Checklist Form

Project Number: 2007-9274
Project Address: Citywide
Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

			• •				
	m	· 		Augus	t 25, 2007		
	nature n.M. Kuchenig		• • •	Date City of	f Sunnyvale		
	nted Name For (Lead Agency)						
	· ·	<u>≯</u> #	5 - 5	c #	#		
		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source	
1.	AESTHETICS. Would the project:		÷				
	An				\boxtimes	2, 17	
	 Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway? 				\boxtimes	17	
	 Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings? 				\boxtimes	17	
	d. Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				\boxtimes	17	
2.	AIR QUALITY: Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:						
	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				\boxtimes	3	
	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.					3	
	c. Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?					3	
	d. Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				\boxtimes	3	
	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				\boxtimes	. 3	
3.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES:						

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Environmental Checklist Form

Project Address: Citywide Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

·.·			Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source
		·	Potel Signi	Less Sig.	Less	. <u>=</u> 9	Ö
3.	BIC	DLOGICAL RESOURCES:					
	a.	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service?					111
	b.	Have a substantially adverse impact on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S Wildlife Service?		. 🔲		\boxtimes	· 111
	c.	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				\boxtimes	111
	d.	Interfere substantially with the movement of any resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				\boxtimes	111
	e.	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes	41
-	f.	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?			. 🗆	\boxtimes	17
4.	CU	ILTURAL RESOURCES. Would the project:					
	a.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Section 15064.5?					111
	b.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resources pursuant to Section 15064.5					111
	C.	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				\boxtimes	111

ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC PAGE 20 of 70

Environmental Checklist Form

Project Address: Citywide Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

			Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source
	d.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				\boxtimes	111
5.		ND USE AND PLANNING. Would the ject:					
,	a.	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes	111
	b.	Conflict with an applicable land use plan, policy or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				\boxtimes	111
	c.	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural communities conservation plan?				\boxtimes	17
6.	MIN	NERAL RESOURCES. Would the project:			,		
	a.	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes	19
	b.	Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes	19
7.	NO	ISE. Would the project result in:					
-	a.	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				\boxtimes	19 .
	b.	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				\boxtimes	19
	C.	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				\boxtimes	19
	d.	A substantially temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				\boxtimes	16
8.	PO	PULATION AND HOUSING. Would the					

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Environmental Checklist Form

Project Address: Citywide Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

,	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source
project:					
a. Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?					111
 Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? 				\boxtimes	111 -
 Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? 			\boxtimes		See discussion
9. PUBLIC SERVICES. Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered government facilities, need for new or physically altered government facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:					
a. Schools?					111,
b. Police protection?					111
c. Fire protection?				\boxtimes	111
d. Parks?				\boxtimes	111
e. Other services?	· 🔲				111
10. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE					
a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				\boxtimes	111

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Environmental Checklist Form

Project Number 200 02/1 of 17
Project Address: Citywide
Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

•		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source
b.	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of the past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				\boxtimes	111
C.	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				\boxtimes	111
11. G	EOLOGY AND SOILS. Would the project:					
a.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury or death involving:				\boxtimes	· UBC, UPC, UMC, NEC
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.					UBC, UPC, UMC, NEC
	ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				\boxtimes	UBC, UPC, UMC, NEC
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?					UBC, UPC, UMC, NEC
	iv) Landslides?				\boxtimes	UBC, UPC, UMC, NEC
b	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?					UBC, UPC, UMC, NEC
C.	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				\boxtimes	UBC, UPC, UMC, NEC

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Environmental Checklist Form

ATTACHMENT	A
Project Number 2007 2211	17
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Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale	

						·
		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source
d.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-a-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				\boxtimes	UBC, UPC, UMC, NEC
e.	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				\boxtimes	UBC, UPC, UMC, NEC
ŀ	ILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. Would project:					•
a.	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				\boxtimes	20, 111
b.	Require or result in construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?					20, 111
C.	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?					24, 111
d.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				×	25, 111
е.	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which services or may serve the project determined that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				\boxtimes	20, 111
f.	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?	· ·			\boxtimes	22
g.	Comply with federal, state, and local statues and regulations related to solid waste?					22

City of Sunnyvale, Community Development Department PO Box 3707 Sunnyvale, CA 94087 Page 9 of 15

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Environmental Checklist Form

Project Number: 2007-0271
Project Address: Citywide
Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

ATTACHMENT_

						
•		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source
	RANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC. Would the object:					· ·
a.	Cause an increase in the traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?					111, see discussion
b.	Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				. 🖂	111
C.	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				\boxtimes	111
d.	Substantially increase hazards to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment)?				\boxtimes	111
. е.	Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes	111
f.	Result in inadequate parking capacity?				\boxtimes	111
g.	Conflict with adopted policies or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?				\boxtimes	12
	AZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. build the project?					÷
a.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials?				\boxtimes	UFC, UBC, SVMC
b.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the likely release of hazardous materials into the environment?				\boxtimes	UFC, UBC, SVMC
C.	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an exiting or proposed school?					UFC, UBC, SVMC

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Environmental Checklist Form

Project Number 2007/01
Project Address: Citywide
Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

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		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source
d.	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?					UFC, UBC, SVMC
e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?					UFC, UBC, SVMC
f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes	UFC, UBC, SVMC
g	Impair implementation of, or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes	UFC, UBC, SVMC
h	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands				\boxtimes	UFC, UBC, SVMC
15. R	ECREATION					
а	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				×	See Discussion 13
b	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				\boxtimes	13
s n E	GRICULTURE RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are ignificant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) repared by the California Department of conservation as an optional model to use in ssessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. Vould the project:					

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Environmental Checklist Form

Project Number: 2007-0271
Project Address: Citywide
Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source
a.	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes	94
b.	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				\boxtimes	94
c.	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use				\boxtimes	94
	DROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Would project:					
a.	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				\boxtimes	24, 87
b.	Substantially degrade groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of preexisting nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?					25
c.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation onor off-site?				\boxtimes	24
d.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off site?				\boxtimes	24
e.	Create or contribute runoff which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				\boxtimes	24

ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC

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ATTA	CHMENT	A	
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Project Number:	2 007-027 1"	لبل	
Project Address	s: Citywide		
Applicant: City Of 5	Sunnvvale		

-		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Sig. With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact	Source
f.	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				\boxtimes	24
g.	Place housing within a 100-year floodplain, as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?	:			\boxtimes	111
h.	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?				\boxtimes	56
i.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				\boxtimes	56
j)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?					24

Discussion:

8 c. Population and Housing The result of the study could potentially reduce the number of housing units that could be built on a specific site that is rezoned. The proposed zoning would eliminate the site as a potential site for residential redevelopment. The result of the rezone, would require prospective homebuilders to look elsewhere in the community for redevelopment.

13 a. Transportation and Traffic The proposal retains the requirement for a Use Permit process of each site to evaluate on a case by case basis possible traffic issues that could result from a particular assembly or recreational use. The proposal does not create additional locations for potential assembly uses but instead retains the ability for the site to be occupied for such uses.

Ryan M. Kuchenig		•	06/25/2007
Completed By			Date

ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC PAGE 28 of 70

Environmental Checklist Form

Project Number: 2007-0271
Project Address: Citywide
Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

ATTACHMENT

City of Sunnyvale General Plan:

- 2. Map
- 3. Air Quality Sub-Element
- 4. Community Design Sub-Element
- 5. Community Participation Sub-Element
- 6. Cultural Arts Sub-Element
- 7. Executive Summary
- 8. Fire Services Sub-Élement
- 9. Fiscal Sub-Element
- 10. Heritage Preservation Sub-Element
- 11. Housing & Community Revitalization Sub-Element
- 12. Land Use & Transportation Sub-Element
- 13. Law Enforcement Sub-Element
- 14. Legislative Management Sub-Element
- 15. Library Sub-Element.
- 16. Noise Sub-Element
- 17. Open Space Sub-Element.
- 18. Recreation Sub-Element
- 19. Safety & Seismic Safety Sub-Element
- 20. Sanitary Sewer System Sub-Element
- 21. Socio-Économic Sub-Element
- 22. Solid Waste Management Sub-Element
- 23. Support Services Sub-Element
- 24. Surface Run-off Sub-Element
- 25. Water Resources Sub-Element

26. City of Sunnyvale Municipal Code:

- 27. Chapter 10
- 28. Zoning Map
- 29. Chapter 19.42. Operating Standards
- 30. Chapter 19.28. Downtown Specific Plan District
- 31. Chapter 19.18. Residential Zoning Districts
- 32. Chapter 19.20. Commercial Zoning Districts
- 33. Chapter 19.22. Industrial Zoning Districts
- 34. Chapter 19.24. Office Zoning Districts
- 35. Chapter 19.26. Combining Zoning Districts
- 36. Chapter 19.28. Downtown Specific Plan
- 37. Chapter 19.46. Off-Street Parking & Loading
- 38. Chapter 19.56. Solar Access
- 39. Chapter 19.66. Affordable Housing
- 40. Chapter 19.72. Conversion of Mobile Home Parks to Other Uses
- 41. Chapter 19.94. Tree Preservation
- 42. Chapter 19.96. Heritage Preservation

Specific Plans

- 43. El Camino Real Precise Plan
- 44. Lockheed Site Master Use Permit
- 45. Moffett Field Comprehensive Use Plan
- 46. 101 & Lawrence Site Specific Plan
- 47. Southern Pacific Corridor Plan

Environmental Impact Reports

- 48. Futures Study Environmental Impact Report
- Lockheed Site Master Use Permit Environmental Impact Report
- 50. Tasman Corridor LRT Environmental Impact Study (supplemental)
- 51. Kaiser Permanente Medical Center Replacement

- Center Environmental Impact Report (City of Santa Clara)
- 52. Downtown Development Program Environmental Impact Report
- 53. Caribbean-Moffett Park Environmental Impact Report
- 54. Southern Pacific Corridor Plan Environmental Impact Report

Maps

- 55. City of Sunnyvale Aerial Maps
- 56. Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FEMA)
- 57. Santa Clara County Assessors Parcel
- 58. Utility Maps (50 scale)

Lists/Inventories

- 59. Sunnyvale Cultural Resources Inventory List
- 60. Heritage Landmark Designation List
- 61. Santa Clara County Heritage Resource Inventory
- 62. Hazardous Waste & Substances Sites List (State of California)
- 63. List of Known Contaminants in Sunnyvale

Legislation/Acts/Bills/Codes

- 64. Subdivision Map Act
- 65. Uniform Fire Code, including amendments per SMC adoption
- 66. National Fire Code (National Fire Protection Association)
- 67. Title 19 California Administrative Code
- 68. California Assembly Bill 2185/2187 (Waters Bill)
- 69. California Assembly Bill 3777 (La Follette Bill)
- 70. Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III

Transportation

- 71. California Department of Transportation Highway Design Manual
- 72. California Department of Transportation Traffic Manual
- 73. California Department of Transportation Standard Plan
- 74. California Department of Transportation Standard Specification
- 75. Institute of Transportation Engineers Trip Generation
- 76. Institute of Transportation Engineers
 Transportation and Traffic Engineering
 Handbook
- 77. U.S. Dept. of Transportation Federal Highway Admin. Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Street and Highways
- 78. California Vehicle Code
- 79. Traffic Engineering Theory & Practice by L. J. Pegnataro
- 80. Santa Clara County Congestion Management Program and Technical Guidelines
- 81. Santa Clara County Transportation Agency Short Range Transit Plan

ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC

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ATTACHMENT

Project Number: 2007-0271 Project Address: Citywide Applicant: City Of Sunnyvale

Environmental Checklist Form

- Santa Clara County Transportation Plan
- Traffic Volume Studies, City of Sunnyvale Public 83. works Department of Traffic Engineering Division
- 84. Santa Clara County Sub-Regional Deficiency
- 85. Bicycle Plan

Public Works

- Standard Specifications and Details of the Department of Public Works
- Storm Drain Master Plan 87.
- Sanitary Sewer Master Plan 88.
- Water Master Plan 89.
- Solid Waste Management Plan of Santa Clara 90. County
- 91. Geotechnical Investigation Reports
- **Engineering Division Project Files** 92.
- Subdivision and Parcel Map Files 93.

Miscellaneous

- Field Inspection 94.
- 95. **Environmental Information Form**
- 96. **Annual Summary of Containment Excesses** (BAAQMD)
- 97. Current Air Quality Data
- Chemical Emergency Preparedness Program 98. (EPA) Interim Document in 1985?)

- Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) **Population Projections**
- Bay Area Clean Air Plan
- City-wide Design Guidelines
- 102. Industrial Design Guidelines

Building Safety

- 103. Uniform Building Code, Volume 1, (Including the California Building Code, Volume 1)
- 104. Uniform Building Code, Volume 2, (Including the California Building Code, Volume 2)
- 105. Uniform Plumbing Code, (Including the California Plumbing Code)
- 106. Uniform Mechanical Code, (Including the California Mechanical Code)
- 107. National Electrical Code (Including California **Electrical Code)**
- 108. Title 16 of the Sunnyvale Municipal Code

Additional References

- 109. USFWS/CA Dept. F&G Special Status Lists
- 110. Project Traffic Impact Analysis
- 111. Project Description
- 112. Project Development Plans
- 113. Santa Clara County Airport Land Use Plan
- 114. Federal Aviation Administration

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Attachment B

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TABLE 19.24.030 Permitted, Conditionally Permitted and Prohibited Uses in Office Public Facilities Zones

In the table, the letters and symbols are defined as follows:

P = Permitted use

UP = Use permitted required

MPP = Miscellaneous plan permit required

N = Not permitted, prohibited

	. *	
OFFICE AND PUBLIC FACILITIES ZONES	0	P-F
1. Office/Care Facilities		
A. Administrative, professional, medical, and research and development offices	P .	UP
B. Financial institutions such as banks and savings and loan associations	UP	N
OFFICE AND PUBLIC FACILITIES ZONES	0	P-F
1. Office/Care Facilities		
C. Hospitals	N	UP
D. Rest homes and convalescent hospitals	UP	UP
2. Public Facilities		
A. Buildings and facilities used by government agencies for government purposes	UP	P
B. Buildings and facilities used by federal, state or local government agencies (except city of Sunnyvale), for nongovernmental purposes	UP	UP
C. Public service buildings and accessory uses	UP	UP
D. Public utility buildings and service facilities	UP	UP
3. Personal Service		
A. Child care centers with occupancy of 30 or fewer persons	UP	MPP
B. Child care centers with occupancy of 31 or more persons	UP	UP
4. Education, Recreation and Places of Assembly		
A. Education – Recreation and Enrichment	N	UP
B. Education – Primary and High School	N	UP
C. Education - Institution of Higher Learning	UP	UP
D. Recreational and Athletic Facilities	N	UP
E. Places of Assembly – Business Serving	UP	UP
F. Places of Assembly – Community Serving	UP.	UP
G. Cardrooms	N	N.
H. Private golf courses	N	UP
5. Residential/Boarding/Lodging		
A. Residential uses	UP	UP
6. Other	·	
A. Adult business establishments	N	N

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Page	2	~ f	4	

B. Outside display of merchandise or products	N	N
C. Electric distribution substations	N	· UP
D. Electric transmission substations	N	UP
E. Massage establishments ¹	P	P
F. Recycling centers ²	UP	UP
G. Salt extraction	N	UP
H. Storage or parking of commercial or industrial vehicles	N	N
I. Storage or parking of public utility vehicles	N ·	N
J. Storage of materials, supplies or equipment for commercial or industrial purposes		N
OFFICE AND PUBLIC FACILITIES ZONES	0	P-F
K. Storage of materials, supplies or equipment for public utility purposes	N	N
L. Storage, warehousing, handling, processing or assembling merchandise or products	N	N

Footnotes

Subject to provisions of Chapter 9.41.

Recycling centers must be located in convenience zones, (the area within a one-half mile radius of a supermarket) as defined in Public Resources Code Section 14509.4.

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Page:	3	of	4

TABLE 19.18.030 Permitted, Conditionally Permitted and Prohibited Uses in Residential Zones

In the table, the letters and symbols are defined as follows:

P = Permitted use

MPP = Miscellaneous Plan Permit required

UP = Use Permit required

SDP = Special Development Permit required

N = Not permitted, prohibited

RESIDENTIAL ZONES	R-0/R-1	R-1.5	R-1.7/PD	R-2	R-3	R-4	R-5	R-MH
1. Residential								
A. Single-family dwellings	P	P	SDP	Р	UP	UP	UP	P ¹
B. Single room occupancy (SRO) facilities	N	N	N	N	N	UP	UP	N
C. Two-family dwelling (duplex)	N	UP	SDP	P	P	P [.]	UP	P
D. Multiple-family dwellings (3 or more units, or more than 1 main building)	N	N	N	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP
E. Boarding for less than three persons	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	. P
F. Facilities caring for 6 or fewer persons, as declared by state to be residential use	P	P	SDP	P	UP	UP	UP	. P
G. Residential mobilehome park site	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P
2. Agricultural Uses			· .					
A. Agricultural homes, buildings and uses	UP	UP	SDP	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP
3. Education, Recreation, and Places of Assembly		·						
A. Education – Recreation and Enrichment	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
B. Education - Primary and High School	UP	UP	SDP	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP
C. Education – Institution of Higher Learning	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
D. Recreational and Athletic Facilities	N	N	N	N	· N	N	N	N
E. Places of Assembley - Business Serving	N	N	N	N	N	N	N.	N
F. Places of Assembly - Community Serving	UP	UP	SDP	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP
G. Private Parks, Playgrounds and Recreation (not open to general public)	UP	UP	SDP	UP	UP	UP ,	UP	UP
H. Public Parks and Playgrounds	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	. P
4. Commercial Uses								
A. Child care/day care center/nursery schools	UP	UP	SDP	UP	UP	UP	UP	P ²
B. Cardrooms	N	N	N ·	N	N	N	N	N
C. Hotels or motels	N	N	N	N	N	N	UP	N
D. Small family day care	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
E. Large family day care	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP
F. Rest homes	UP	UP	N	UP	UP	UP	UP	N
G. Vehicle repair	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
5. Accessory Uses								
A. Accessory living units	MPP	N	N	MPP ³	N	. N	N	N
B. Accessory utility buildings as permitted by Chapter 19.40	P ⁴ MPP ⁴	P ⁴ MPP ⁴	MPP ⁴	MPP ⁶				
C. Retail, if incidental to other permitted uses and combined with residential use	N	N	N	N	UP	UP	UP	UP

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	• • •							•
RESIDENTIAL ZONES	R-0/R-1	R-1.5	R-1.7/PD	R-2	R-3	R-4	R-5	R-MH
 Storage or parking of commercial, industrial or public utility vehicles 	Ν.	N	N	N-	N	N .	N	N
6. Temporary Uses								
A. Residential sales office for new on-site housing development	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP
B. Construction yard	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP	MPP ²
7. Other Uses	-							
A. Administrative, professional and medical offices	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP	N
B. Adult business establishments	N	N	N	N	N	Ņ	N.	N
C. Electric distribution substations	UP	UP	SDP	UP	UP	UP	· UP	. UP
D. Electric transmission substations	N	N	N	N .	N.	N	N	N
E. Massage establishments	N	N	N-	N	N	N	N	N
F. Public service buildings and accessory uses	UP	UP	SDP	UP.	UP	UP	UP	UP
G. Public utility buildings and service facilities	UP	UP	SDP	UP	UP	UP	UP	UP
H. Recycling centers	N	N	· N	N	N	N	UP	N
 Storage of materials, supplies or equipment used for nonresidential purposes 	N	N	N	N	N	N	. N	N
J. Storage of materials or equipment between the face of the main building and a street- unless fully screened from view ⁵	N .	N	N .	N _.	N	N	N	N
K. Any use which is obnoxious, offensive or creates a nuisance	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N ·

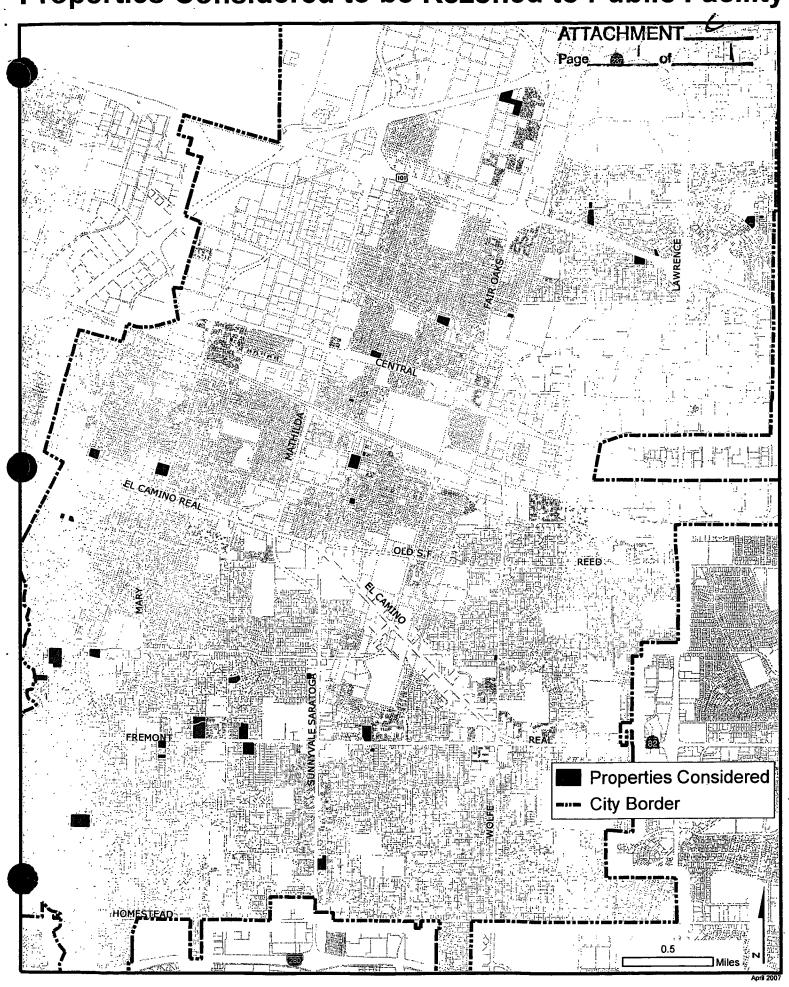
Footnotes

- 1. For use by owner and/or operator only.
- 2. For use by mobile home park occupants only.
- 3. Maximum of two dwelling units per parcel.
- 4. Processing requirements vary, see Chapter 19.40.
- 5. Does not apply to vehicles which are currently licensed and operable. Screening must meet requirements of Chapter 19.46.
- 6. Required to comply with setback, height, and lot coverage requirements of underlying zone.

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Attachment C

ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC Properties Considered **De Rezoned to Public Facility



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Attachment D

ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC

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Places of Assembly- Community Serving in Residential Zoning Districts					of 7	
	ADDRESS	ZONING	ON-SITE USES	MAJOR	LOT SIZE	POTENTIAL # OF UNITS
1	1025 The Dalles Ave	R4	SIL LUKETUT HERANGHURGH	STREET?	191/881	243
2.	1/112 S Bernardo AVe	(314)	unitarianiuniversalistifelilowstip () Congregational Community Church of Sunnavale	BERNARDO & REMINGTON	183,999	28
3	7771 Wifiremont Ave	RF.	CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST LATTIER DAY SAINIS	FREMONE	148,104	18
4	420-460 Persian	R-4/ITR/PD	HINDU TEMPLE	MORSE & 237	137,214	114
<u>(5)</u>	445 SiMary Ave	R=8	GROSSWALK GOMMUNIAY CHÜREH, SUNNYALE CHRISTPANISCHOOL,	VARYEEL CAMINO	107,593	i 59
6	. 659 W Fremont Ave	irokin.	SUNNYVALE-SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTIST, KWONG- WAL BAPTIST GELIRCH	FREMONIE	104,103	18
7	. 583 E Fremont Ave	R-2	UNINEDMETHODIST, THEVERY GOOD GLURCH OF SILICON WALLEY, ASTA JOHNS LUTHERAN, COSPEL CHINESE CHURCH	FREMONIA MONET	100,841	28 :
8	709 Lakewood Dr	¹ R-0	LAKEWOOD VILLAGE BAPTIST CHURCH-	LAWRENGE	88,591	18
Ö	- 1575 Alibatross Ave	R-2/PD	First Church of Christ, Sol-Nitist	HARWICKS SUNNYVALE	. 61,899	22
10	455 E Maude Ave	RS	TEMPLO EL MONTE HORED	Suninyaleg Maude	72,745	40
11	1050 W/Remington 장	R-S	SUNNYVALE CHURCHIOF CHRIST	SAMING FOR	70,132	19
12	. 1251 Sandla Ave	R-0PD	VAUUSY (FATIFI) - , , , ,	LAWRENCE	67,518	่ากา
13	494 S. Bernardo	R3	LITTLE RASCALS PRE-SCHOOL	ECR	63,162	35
14	636 W Fremont Ave	R-2PD	CHURCH OF THE NAZARENE	FREMONT	58,317	16
15	1028 E Ahwanee Ave	R-2	CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH OF SAMOA	101 & LAWRENCE	54,593	15
16	425 Tasman	R-4ITR/PD	DAESUNG PRESBYTERIAŅ CHURCH	TASMAN & MORSE	52,708	45
17	696 Sheraton	R-1	FAIRBRAE SWIM & RACQUET CLUB	SHERATON & HOLLENBECK	46,175	5

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O SMY A PAINT Uhre	

				Pena /			
	ADDRESS	ZONING	ON-SITE USES	MAJOR: Pa	LOT SIZE	OF UNITS	t
18	125 E Arques Ave	R-0	ST. MARK LUTHERAN	CENTRAL & SUNNVALE	44,600	7	1
19	1302 Warner *	R-0	APPLESEED MONTESSORI	FREMONT	35,283	5	
20	1161 S Bernardo Ave	R-1	SALVATION ARMY WORSHIP & FAMILY SERVICES	BERNARDO	34,941	4	
21	1050 Tilton	R2	EDUCATIONAL SUCCESS TUTORS	REMINGTON	18,242	5	
22	1210 Brookfield Ave	R-3	FIRST ORTHODOX PRESBYTERIAN	ECR & BERNARDO	15,558	8	
23	1350 Warner *	R-0	FOUNTAIN OF JOY CHURCH	FREMONT	14,978	2	
24	575 Britton Ave	R-3	FULL ASSEMBLY OF GOD CHURCH	DUANE & FAIR OAKS	13,284	7	
25	878 Lakewood	R0	THE PRE-K ACADEMY	101 & LAWRENCE	12,425	2	
26	719 Lakehaven Dr	R-0	KOREAN BUDDHIST CHURCH, SAN JOSE CHONG WON SA-	LAWRENCE & LAKEHAVEN	12,275	2	
27	1228 Brookfield Ave	R-3	UNITY MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH	ECR & BERNARDO	11,145	6	
28	402 Carroll Ave	R-2	TRIUMPHANT LIFE CHURCH, MONTESSORI CHRISTIAN PRE-SCHOOL	DOWNTOWN SP	10,464	2	
29	853 Gary	R1	CHILD DEVELOPMENT ACADEMY PRESCHOOL	. WOLFE	9,201	1	
30	1302 Lillian Ave	R-0	MAHABODHI SOCIETY OF USA	FREMONT	9,195	1	
31	161 N Murphy Ave	R-2	ST. HERMAN OF ALASKA ORTHODOX	DOWNTOWN SP	6,500	1	
32	1239 Oak Creek *	R-0	Religious- large 2 story SFH	SANDIA	5574.00	1	
33	305 E Washington *	DSP	SAMOAN FIRST ASSEMBLY OF GOD	DOWNTOWN SP	4970.00	1	

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Attachment E

		A	TTACHMENT 7 to 201 PAGE 41 of 70	, A.	TACHMENT E
			Evaluated Criteria for Rezon	ing Pa	geof4
	ADDRESS	USE	SIZE OF PROPERTY - <30,000 s.f. 30,000 s.f 1a.c. 1a.c 2.2 a.c. >2.2 a.c.	LOCATION ALONG MAJOR STREET & NOT MID-NEIGHBORHOOD	POTENTIAL # OF UNITS
(F)	to 1025 The Dalles Ave	ST LUKELUTHERANGHURGE			
2	1112 S Bernardo Ave.	UNITARIAN UNIVERSALIST FELLOWSHIPA CONGREGATIONAL COMMUNITY CHURCHOF SUNNYVALE		X X	
3	77/1 W Fremont Ave.	CHURCHOFUSUS CHRIST LATTER DAY SAINTS			# · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	420-460 Persian	HINDU TEMPLE	·		
(5)	445 SiMary Ave. 1	GROSSWÄLKGOMMUNIN GHURCH,SUNNYALLEGHRISTAN SCHOOL		2.3	.
6	653 W. Fremont Ave. 1	SUNYAYALE SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTA WONG WATE BAPTIST CHURCH! UNITED METHODIST THEIVERY			
.7		UNITED METHODIST, THEIVERY GOOD CHURCHOF SILICON VALLEY, ASI, JOHN SILUTHERAN;		X	
	583 E Fremont/Ave	GOSPEL CHINESE CHURCH		Marian Marian Carlos (Academic Science)	
8	709 Lakewood Dr	LAKEWOOD VILLAGE BAPTIST CHURCH	-		.:
9	1575 Albatross Ave	FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST	.1	x	
10	455 E Maude Ave	TEMPLO EL MONTE HOREB-	-:	x	-
11			-		- !
12	1050 W Remington	SUNNYVALE CHURCH OF CHRIST			
H	1251 Sandia Ave	VALLEY FAITH	_		
13	494 S. Bernardo	LITTLE RASCALS PRE-SCHOOL			
14	636 W Fremont Ave	CHURCH OF THE NAZARENE	-3		.1
15	1028 E Ahwanee Ave	CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH OF SAMOA			-1
16	425 Tasman	DAESUNG PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH			H

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FAIRBRAE SWIM & RACQUET CLUB-

17

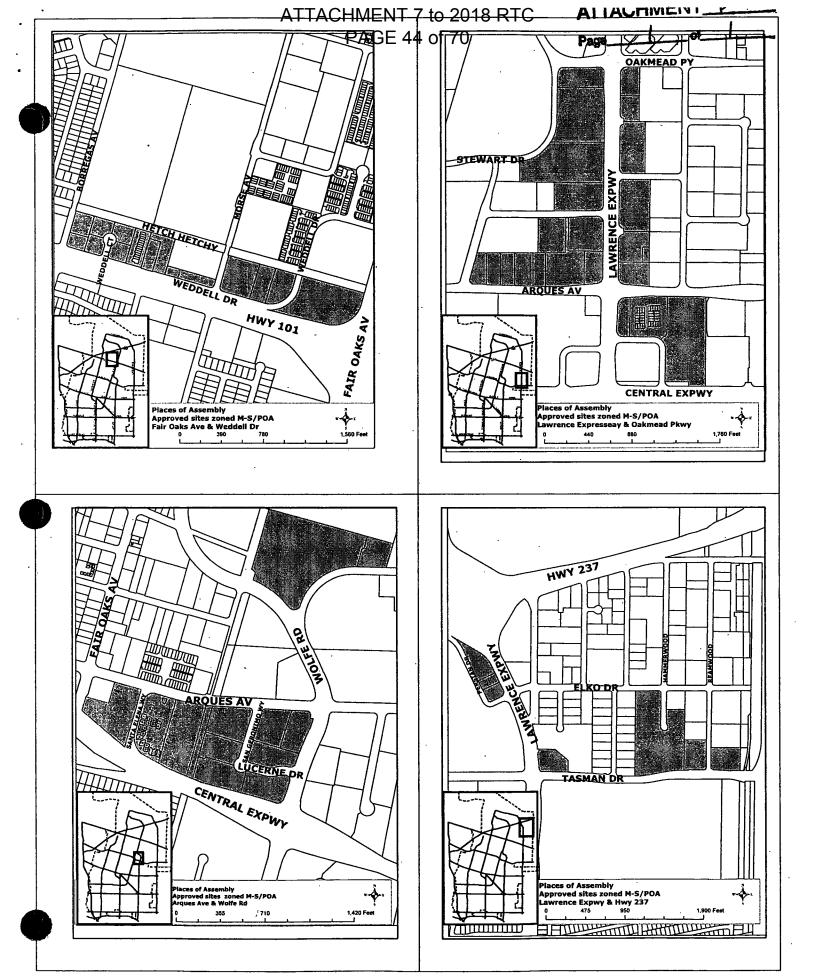
696 Sheraton

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Attachment F



Attachment G

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ORDINANCE NO. _____

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SUNNYVALE AMENDING THE PRECISE ZONING PLAN, ZONING DISTRICTS MAP, TO REZONE CERTAIN RESIDENTIALLY-ZONED PROPERTIES, LOCATED AT 1025 THE DALLES AVENUE, 1112 S. BERNARDO AVENUE, 771 W. FREMONT AVENUE, 445 S. MARY AVENUE, 653 W. FREMONT AVENUE, 583 E. FREMONT AVENUE, 709 LAKEWOOD DRIVE, 1575 ALBATROSS AVENUE, 455 E. MAUDE AVENUE, 1050 W. REMINGTON, AND 1250 SANDIA AVENUE, TO THE PUBLIC FACILITY ZONING DISTRICT

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SUNNYVALE DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT OF PRECISE ZONING PLAN. The Precise Zoning Plan, Zoning Districts Map, City of Sunnyvale (Section 19.16.050 of the Sunnyvale Municipal Code) hereby is amended in order to include certain properties greater than 1.5 acres within the PF (PUBLIC FACILITY) ZONING DISTRICT, which properties are presently located at and zoned as follows:

Location	Zoning District	
1025 The Dalles Avenue	R-1 (Low Density Residential)	
1112 S. Bernardo Avenue	R-1 (Low Density Residential)	
771 W. Fremont Avenue	R-1 (Low Density Residential)	
445 S. Mary Avenue	R-3 (Medium Density Residential)	
653 W. Fremont Avenue	R-0/R-1 (Low Density Residential)	
583 E. Fremont Avenue	R-2 (Low-Medium Density Residential)	
709 Lakewood Drive	R-0 (Low-Density Residential)	
1575 Albatross Avenue	R-2/PD (Low-Medium Density Residential/Planned Development)	
455 E. Maude Avenue	R-3 (Medium Density Residential)	
1050 W. Remington	R-3 (Medium Density Residential)	
1251 Sandia Avenue	R-0/PD (Low-Density Residential/Planned Development)	

The locations of the above properties are set forth on the scale drawing(s) attached as Exhibit "A." The property located 420-460 Persian zoned ITR (Industrial to Residential) is excluded.

SECTION 2. CEQA-NEGATIVE DECLARATION. The City Council hereby determines that the Negative Declaration prepared for this ordinance has been completed in compliance with the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and reflects the independent judgment of the City, and finds that adoption of the ordinance will have no significant negative impact on the area's resources, cumulative or otherwise. The Director of Community Development may file a Notice of Determination with the County Clerk pursuant to CEQA guidelines.

<u>SECTION 3.</u> EFFECTIVE DATE. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect thirty (30) days from and after the date of its adoption.

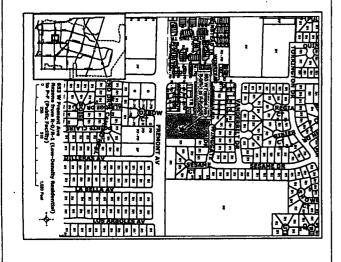
ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC PAGE 47 of 70

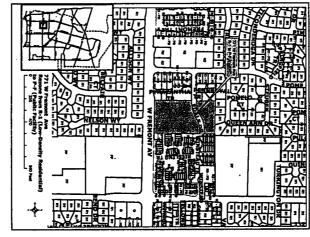
ATTACHMENT	6
Page Z of	4

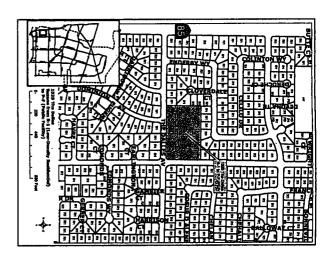
SECTION 4. PUBLICATION. The City Clerk is directed to cause copies of this ordinance to be posted in three (3) prominent places in the City of Sunnyvale and to cause publication once in <u>The Sun</u>, the official newspaper for publication of legal notices of the City of Sunnyvale, of a notice setting forth the date of adoption, the title of this ordinance, and a list of places where copies of this ordinance are posted, within fifteen (15) days after adoption of this ordinance.

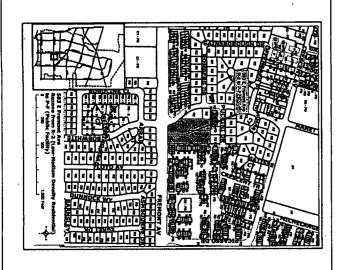
Introduced at a regular meeting of the City Council held on, 2007, and adopted as an ordinance of the City of Sunnyvale at a regular meeting of the City Council held on, 2007, by the following vote:				
AYES: NOES:				
ABSTAIN: ABSENT:				
ATTEST:	APPROVED:			
City Clerk SEAL	Mayor			
APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY:	•			
David E. Kahn, City Attorney				

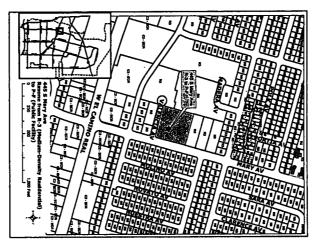
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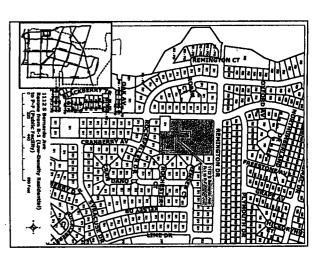


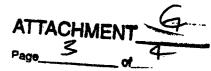




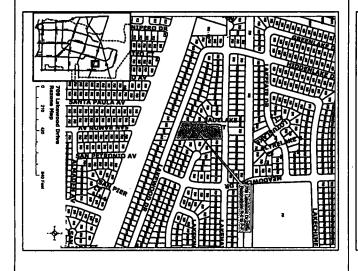


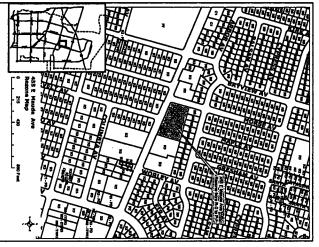


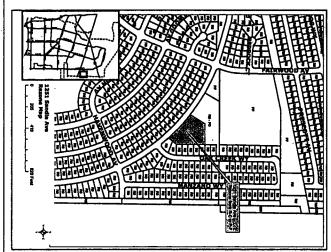


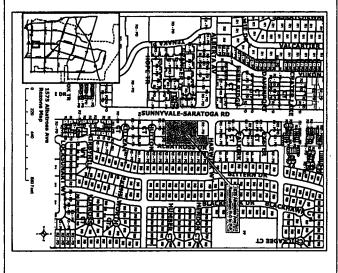


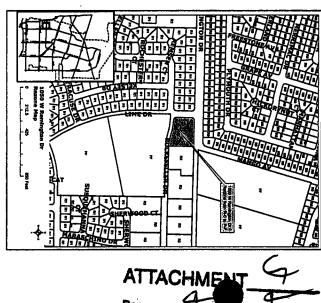
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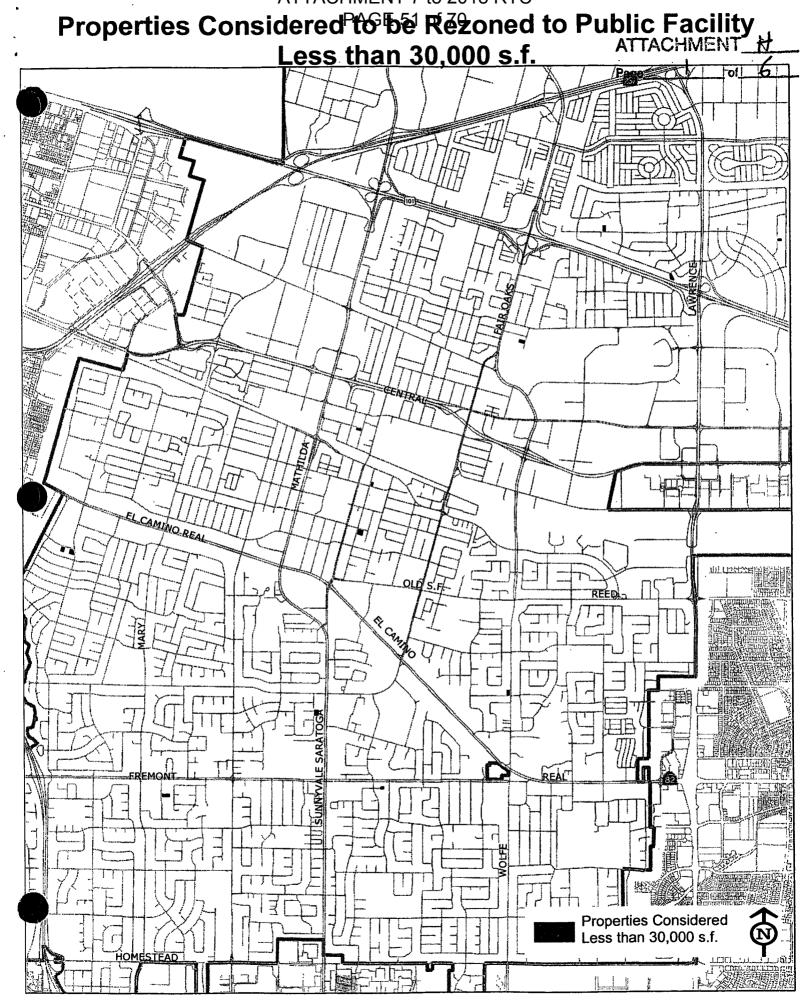


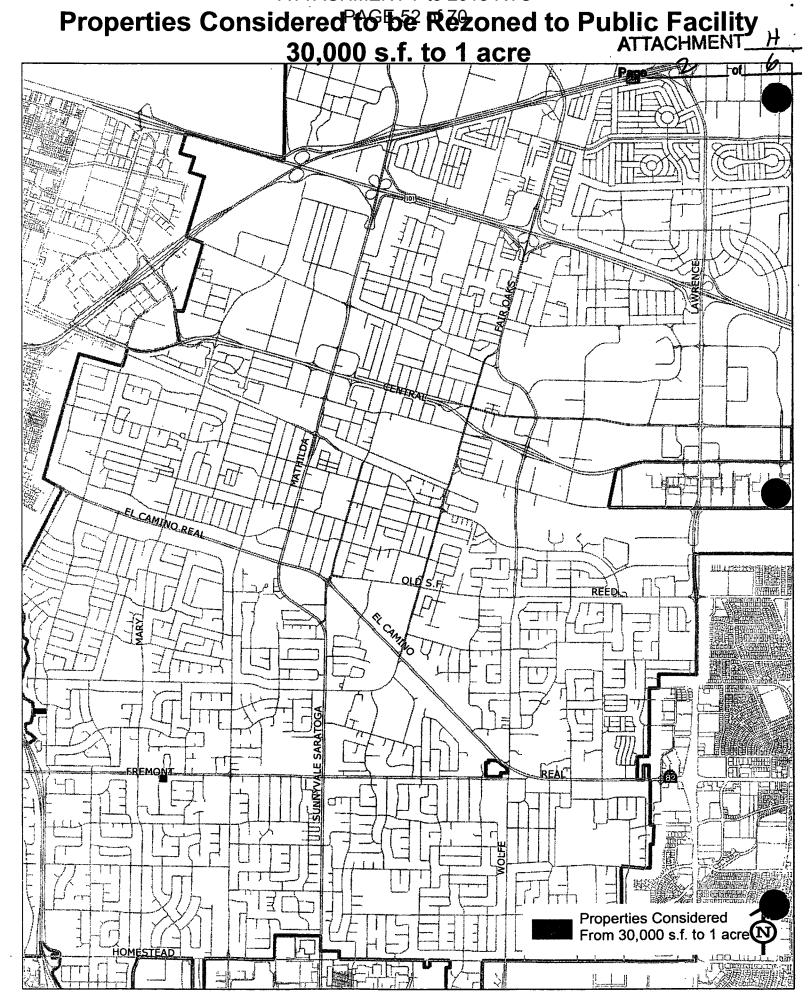


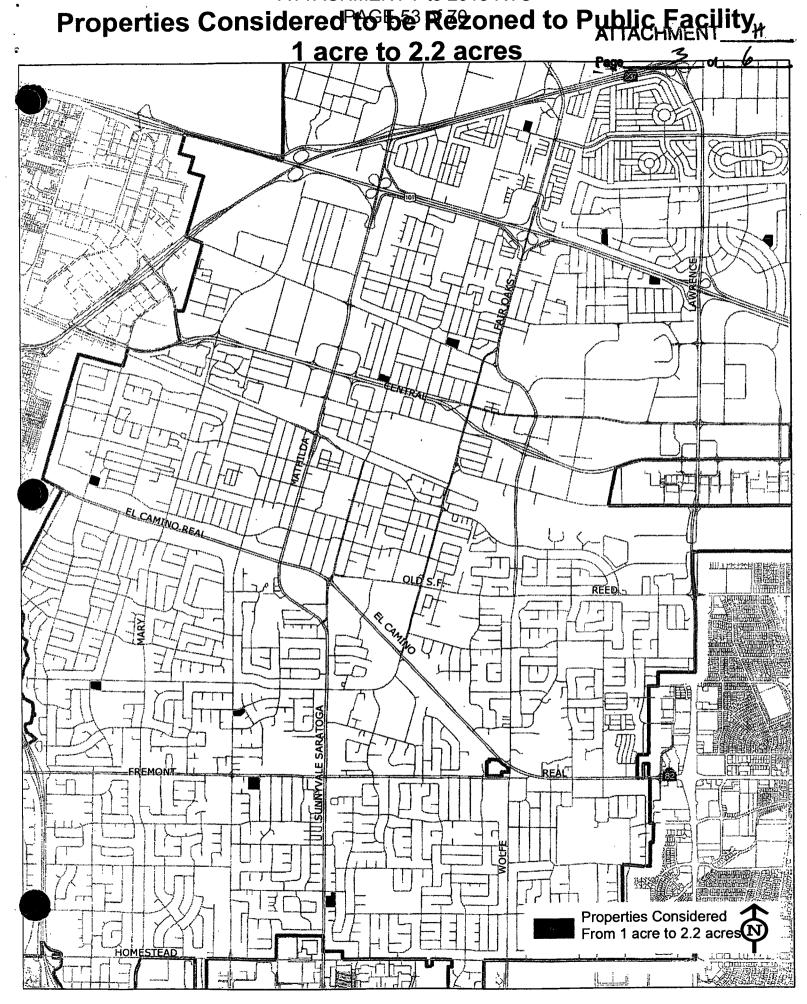


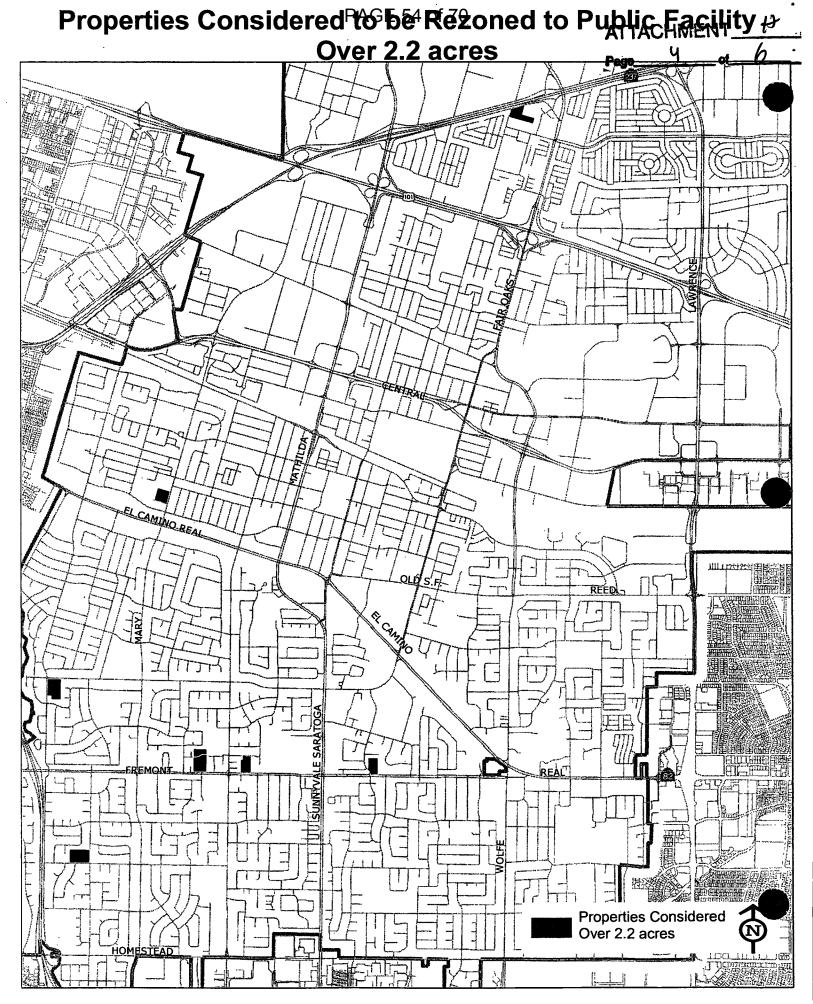
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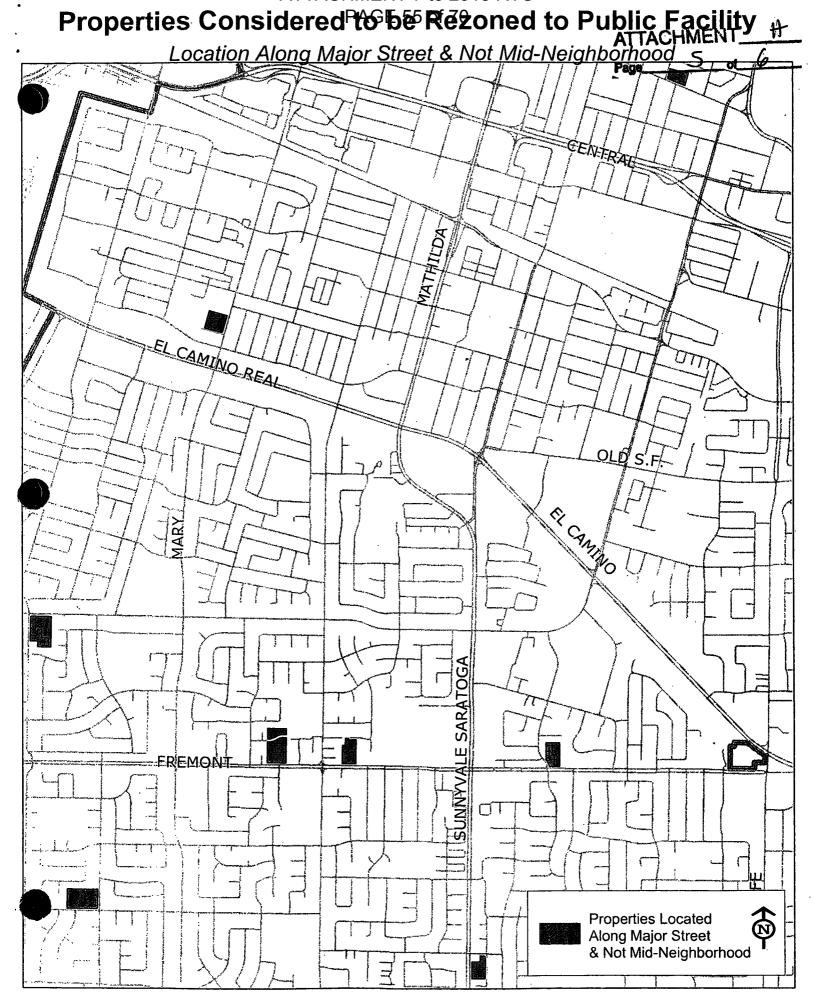
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ATTACHMENT 7 to 2018 RTC Properties Considered to Fee Rezoned to Public Facility Location Along Minor Street & Mid- Neighborhood EL CAMINO REAL REAL **Properties Located** Along Minor Street & Mid-Neighborhood

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RTC 06-074

Study Issue: Places of Assembly located within Industrial and Commercial Zones

Principal Planner, Andrew Miner presented the staff report.

Councilmember Moylan asked if rezoning existing Places of Assembly would be problematic, because it does affect the existing properties and as pointed out in a citizen letter, could lower the property values at these locations

Planning Officer Ryan stated that by adding the combining district to the manufacturing zones clarifies that these are the locations the City will consider for Places of Assembly (which may affect the properties located in or adjacent to the zoning district). Planning Officer Ryan stated no property would become non-conforming and that industrial uses may continue to utilize their space in the same manner (per zoning) they had before the Combining Places of Assembly District was added to them.

Planning Officer Ryan stated that changing the zoning to Public Facility for the Places of Assembly, currently located in residential zones, allow for the facilities to become conforming zoning within the new zoning district. She stated this zoning change would affect how the facility will be used in the future, but would allow for a greater number of uses from a non-residential standpoint. Planning Officer Ryan stated that a designated Public Facility Use located in a Public Facility zone however, would be subject to a Use Permit. She stated that this is not the case in a residential zone, where some uses do not require a Use Permit.

Councilmember Moylan asked about balancing the need to preserve the Class C office space. Planning Officer Ryan stated that zoning change allows for up to 200 acres; however, the City has about 2,000 acres of industrial land. She stated that the locations where Places of Assembly appear are the reuse of Class C office space as these spaces tend to be large enough to allow for assembly uses. Planning Officer Ryan stated that Class A or B office buildings could still locate within the Public Facility Zoning, because the underlying M-S (industrial and service) Zoning District would still be in place allowing for the option to covert from Class C to Class A or B. Director Paternoster stated there is a lot of Class B and C office space available, and staff carefully identified areas where Class A office space would be less likely to locate.

Councilmember Hamilton identified that there is more Class A (at Evelyn and Mathilda) than shown on the map included with the staff report. Planning Officer Ryan clarified that those locations were added after the map was created which was in 2002.

Councilmember Hamilton stated that the motion the Planning Commission made regarding this item was to reduce the amount of acreage from 168 acres for the PD overlay starting with the Woods property. She stated her figures state 164 acres and asked staff what was the correct amount of the reduction that the Planning Commission requested.

Planner Miner stated that at the Planning Commission meeting, they did not take specific action to remove any properties; instead they said they would like to see a reduction in the number, specifically in the "Woods", but did not list particular sites that should be reduced. He stated specific sites would be part of the rezoning study that staff would take back to the Planning Commission.

Councilmember Hamilton asked if any environmental testing had been done on the site at the corner of Wolfe and Stewart Avenue, just west of Lowes Home Improvement and identified on the map as a shaded area included in Attachment K, page 5. Planning Officer Ryan stated that staff has not actually looked at sites; rather staff has identified sites to consider, and the environmental review would be part of the analysis to identify whether or not there were any reasons the zoning district should not be applied.

Councilmember Hamilton confirmed with staff that it was possible the sites listed in the staff report could change in the rezoning process, but Planning Officer Ryan stated that staff will not

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look at any more sites than what is listed.

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Director Paternoster stated that what Council is being asked to do this evening is to initiate the rezoning of those properties listed in the report within the overlay district in the M-S zones, a the rezoning in residential zones. He stated that the initiation does not rezone the properties rather what occurs is that staff begins the process of notifying the property owners; undertaking the Environmental Review; going to the Planning Commission for their review, and then back to City Council for action. Director Paternoster stated that only upon Council's action would the rezoning actually take place and that Council will have the opportunity to decide which properties should or should not be rezoned when the item comes back to them.

Councilmember Hamilton asked how many property owners had contacted them with concerns about this rezoning. Planning Officer Ryan stated one facility had contacted staff with concerns about this study.

Councilmember Chu asked if all the properties on Attachment L (page 2) were individually notified that a study potentially might be initiated. Planning Officer Ryan stated that staff notified these properties that the current study tonight was occurring.

Councilmember Chu asked if the property owners for the Combining Districts (Attachment K) were notified. Planning Officer Ryan stated that those property owners have not been notified, but Director Paternoster stated that they will be notified along with a re-notification that will be sent to all the properties in

Attachment L should Council initiate the rezoning study tonight.

Councilmember Chu asked if the Planning Commission comments had specific areas they wished to reduce within the "Woods" based on their comments to reduce the acreage. Planning Officer Ryan stated that the Planning Commission felt that overall the amount of land identified for potential receiving of the Places of Assembly Combining District was too much and that it sho be reduced. She stated the Planning Commission specifically said they felt the first place to look for reduction was the "Woods" to evaluate if that area should be included in the designation, but they did not pick any particular properties.

Councilmember Chu asked if there were a percentage factor or acreage number on the five maps for other use. Planning Officer Ryan stated that they did not do that level of detail on the report. Councilmember Howe confirmed with staff that the existing moratorium covered industrial and commercial properties within the City. Councilmember Howe asked if this item were passed as staff is recommending, would Places of Recreation or Places of Assembly be allowed at commercial centers such as the one behind Walgreen Drug Store. Planning Officer Ryan stated that they could accept an application at such locations and that they would require a Use Permit.

Mayor Swegles opened the Public Hearing at 8:02 p.m.

Sara Cordell and Jim Thayer representing Trinity Church of Sunnyvale, stated their opposition of Alternative 1, Option D ("PF" zoning). They stated that the rezoning is unnecessary and will create a loss of property values. They requested that Trinity Church be exempt from this option since the church has already entered into a contract to sell the property.

Councilmember Moylan asked Mr. Thayer if he saw any conditions in which the rezoning would be necessary and Mr. Thayer stated he saw none. Mr. Thayer stated the proposed rezoning would prevent churches from selling their property or relocating due to greatly reduced property values.

Councilmember Moylan stated that staff is suggesting Public Facility (PF) zoning to assist with keeping churches in neighborhoods. He cited numerous cases where churches were redeveloped into residential housing and stated that staff feels a trend exists that when a church moves, land is turned into housing. Councilmember Moylan asked Mr. Thayer if he thought that was a problem. Mr. Thayer stated it was unlikely to happen within Sunnyvale because he contacted numerous churches in the City and none of them have entered into contracts to sell their

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property.

Councilmember Hamilton asked Mr. Thayer who the buyer is and/or for what purpose did they plan to use the site. Mr. Thayer stated he found out about the PF zoning from the developer who told them that they will not be able to build because of this item being voted on this evening. Councilmember Hamilton confirmed with Mr. Thayer that they are selling to a developer for residential development.

Councilmember Hamilton told Mr. Thayer that the rezoning to Public Facility would not preclude Trinity Church from reselling their property. Mr. Thayer stated that it did prevent them from getting the price they could today from a residential developer.

Councilmember Chu asked Mr. Thayer if the church will be selling the entire parcel or just a portion of the property. Mr. Thayer stated the church is planning on selling the entire property in order to relocate (preferably in the City of Sunnyvale). Councilmember Chu asked Mr. Thayer how large the parcel is, and Mr. Thayer stated it is just over four acres.

Mayor Swegles verified with Mr. Thayer that he was a board member of the church.

Kristi Scudder, Trinity Church Director of Business and Finance, spoke in opposition of the PF zoning. She stated that they were not notified of the January 12 public outreach meetings, which they felt was a key point to share their concerns, and also were not notified of the special meeting on March 6 and only found out about the meeting through their developer. She stated that because they are a long-standing member of the community and wish to continue to remain a member of the community they are requesting immediate release from the rezoning included in this recommendation.

Councilmember Chu asked for a show of hands of individuals from Trinity Church and those who are not members but are in favor of the request by Trinity Church.

Councilmember Howe asked Ms. Scudder where they are in the process of selling the property, and what steps does the church need to take in order to sell the property. Ms. Scudder stated the process began about three years ago when there was a desire to grow in size. About a year ago, they received congregation approval and sent out 60 packets to developers and then interviewed the top five. She stated they signed the contract (which requires a 90-day feasibility study) on February 1, 2006. She stated they hope to close escrow by the end of 2006.

Councilmember Howe asked Ms. Scudder if there has been any formal application to the City from the developer for a residential project on the church site. Ms. Scudder stated they have met with the City throughout the process, but to her knowledge nothing formal has been submitted. Councilmember Howe confirmed with Mr. Scudder that the church would have to agree to the development and that they have not agreed at this point. Ms. Scudder stated that they expect to know whether or not the project is feasible by the end of the feasibility study, which is May 1, 2006.

Major Ken Hood stated that the Salvation Army did receive the notice of the Public Meetings regarding Public Facilities in Industrial Areas, but no where in the notice did it state anything about rezoning residential facilities into public facilities. Major Hood stated had he been aware of the topic, he would have attended the meeting. Major Hood asked staff what they have in mind with the proposal PF zoning regarding new regulations and signage issues. Major Hood stated this zoning will impact the property values of the facility and limit the types of buyers that can or want to purchase the facility.

Major Hood asked staff about regulations and rules they would need to abide by if they were changed from residential to public facility. Director Paternoster stated that the use would be protected as a non-conforming use so it would not change anything for the existing use. Director Paternoster stated that the intent of staff is to protect specific land uses in the City in order for those uses to continue.

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Councilmember Hamilton asked Director Paternoster if the sale of a property or an improvement would trigger a change in the regulations for the property. Director Paternoster stated that the use goes with the land, and as an example if a non-conforming building were torn down, the would have to conform to the regulation of the current zoning.

James Johnstone, Jon Sanders, Karen Miller, Jim Asselin, Linda Olson, Jeff Howery, Melvin Oldeen, Arthur Schwartz spoke in opposition to the "PF" zoning and requested Trinity Church be released from the rezoning of this property.

Mayor Swegles stated that he has heard two speakers state that the notice they received did not mention the potential rezoning study of residential sites, and he asked staff what the notices did state. Planning Officer Ryan stated that the notices invited interested parties to the Outreach Meetings, but the notice of Public Hearing was general and did not state what the entire study embodied. Director Paternoster stated that this is a research project and to make sure the community has input, they hold Outreach Meetings, which occurs long before the staff recommendation on the study is made. He stated that if Council proceeds with the rezoning this evening, then there will be legal noticing requirements.

Tom Greene spoke in opposition to the rezoning of residential property and requested immediate release of Trinity Church from this rezoning.

Councilmember Howe confirmed with Mr. Greene that there is a legally binding contract in place between the church and a developer to sell the property subject to a 90 day clause.

Philip Payne spoke in opposition to the "PF" rezoning and stated the zoning change would be a hindrance to the community as it would keep the churches from being able to grow and improve due to lower property values.

Cathy Handzel stated that in the City of Sunnyvale Quarterly Report there was a notification of the January 12 meeting at 2 p.m. and 7 p.m., but that from the title of the notification there was no indication that rezoning of churches would be discussed. She clarified that the Trinity Church is not looking to make a profit in the sale, rather to enhance what it can offer.

Lynn Aisalva, representing the Fairbrae Swim and Racquet Swim Club (a private member-owned facility) questioned the appropriateness of the "PF" rezoning for this facility. She stated they did receive a notice about industrial properties, which had no relevance to their property. Ms. Aisalva stated that she is requesting that they be removed from the list.

Councilmember Hamilton stated that the designation of Places of Assembly inclusion stretches beyond churches in that it covers community-serving facilities, and confirmed with staff that the swim facility was on the list, because it was the only one of its nature in the City.

Planning Officer Ryan stated that what they are looking at this evening is not whether or not rezoning should occur, rather whether Council wants staff to discuss and examine rezoning. She stated that if Council identifies properties on the list that they do not want staff to pursue any further, they can make that determination this evening. She stated that if Council approves staff recommendation this evening, then staff would start noticing, talking with property owners and would develop a revised list of recommended properties to be rezoned and then presented to Council for consideration in the future.

Councilmember Hamilton confirmed with staff that rezoning to a Public Facility does not automatically open the facility to the public.

Councilmember Moylan disclosed he was a member of Fairbrae Swim Club and asked Clattorney David Kahn if he needed to recuse himself. City Attorney Kahn stated he did not.

Kara LaPierre, Director of Economic Vitality for Silicon Valley Leadership group, stated that her

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organization's position on the appropriate use of land is an attempt to balance need of residential development with jobs and other public uses such as Places of Assembly. She stated it is important to have good location specific criteria in addition to a Use Permit process. Ms. LaPierre stated her organization supports the Council in pursuing the rezoning study to look at the uses in the Commercial and Industrial Districts for Places of Assembly.

Councilmember Chu asked Ms. LaPierre if any elements of the policy statement (Attachment J) dated January 22, 2004 have changed since that date. Ms. LaPierre stated that the Council does have the current policy position (as Attachment J) of her organization. She stated her organization believes in appropriate evaluation and thinks it is important to weigh the appropriateness of the land use (especially anything with sensitive receptors) by looking at how the space was previously used and how it is and is currently being used. She stated that Council should look at how much land they can rezone or allow an alternative use, so that in the future if a fabrication plant wanted to move in it would be appropriate with the uses that have been allowed.

Councilmember Chu stated that staff is attempting to follow the balancing principles mentioned by Ms. LaPierre since they are recommending changing zoning on 200 acres out of 2,000 acres with the remaining acres reserved for industrial use.

JoAnn Markham-Allen, Facility Manager for Dionex Corporation, stated she heard about the discussion this evening by word of mouth. She stated the corporation was totally against the rezoning and feels they may need to take a look at whether Sunnyvale is a place for them to own and operate their business. She stated that they do have manufacturing (with some chemicals used) and questioned the rationale in having a mixed-use facility next to some of their buildings where chemicals are used. Ms. Markham-Allen stated that Council should delay any votes or decisions as the business community has not been properly notified.

Councilmember Hamilton verified with Ms. Markham-Allen that she understood that the issue tonight is to look at studying this issue, and verified that her corporation was within one of the proposed areas.

Councilmember Chu asked Ms. Markham-Allen what Dionex manufactures and she stated that they make instruments that measure finite levels of substances.

Councilmember Chu asked Ms. Markham-Allen what the address of the corporation was and she stated they have multiple locations at Titan Way, up and down Lakeside and Mercury Drive.

Director Paternoster stated that there will be formal Public Hearings if this item does go forward, with both the Planning Commission and the City Council. He also stated that the purpose of the study is to try and protect industrial areas from intrusion by non-industrial uses. Director Paternoster stated that on the other hand staff does need to find locations for this use; therefore, staff is looking for compatible areas that accommodate mixed-uses.

Keith Claxton, Real Estate Broker for Trinity Church, stated that many of the industrial buildings in the City are older, functionally obsolete and nearly 20% are vacant. He applauded staff's efforts to recycle this land.

Councilmember Howe confirmed with Mr. Claxton that there was a valid contract of sale between the church and a developer of residential properties.

Werner Gans stated that the City can't afford to give up land for industrial and manufacturing locations. However, he does agree with the staff report and endorses the in-depth study.

Harriet Rowe stated that a friendly amendment for exclusion would be appropriate for Trinity Church since they had been working on selling their property for a year before this study issue began. She stated that she did not support the rezoning of residential sites and felt new homes would be more beneficial to the City and its residents. She supported looking at something that will work for both sides and supported the combining district.

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Councilmember Chu asked Ms. Rowe if there was active discussion at the Public Hearings regarding existing churches converted into Public Facilities. She stated there were a couple of comments, but not much discussion. She stated that she believes that the PF zoning is a go idea but that each location should be considered individually, such as the swim club.

Nicholeen Nagrodsky-Scott stated she is in favor of industrial planning, and wanted Council to know there are five churches within three blocks of Trinity Church on Fremont Avenue.

Chuck Nolan stated he is not a member of Trinity Church, but in the interest of fairness he thinks they should have a right to proceed on the sale of their property. He stated he is in favor of utilizing industrial places for Places of Assembly.

No one else wished to speak and Mayor Swegles closed the Public Hearing at 9:35 p.m.

Mayor Swegles polled each Councilmember to see if they wished to continue with all three remaining agenda items or continue any items due to the length of the meeting.

Councilmember Hamilton, Howe, Moylan, and Chu stated they would like to continue with the items on the agenda. Mayor Swegles confirmed that with four affirmative votes, they would continue with the remaining agenda items.

Councilmember Hamilton confirmed with Director Paternoster that the Combining District is for the purpose of adding a new use. Director Paternoster stated that currently in residential zones, Places of Assembly and residential uses are permitted; therefore an overlay zone in this area would not create any change.

Councilmember Howe asked if the staff recommendation were approved as recommended, what would happen to the piece of property at Trinity Church. Planning Officer Ryan stated that for the short term nothing would happen as the existing R-2 zoning would remain on the property. She stated staff would conduct the study (which would include this location and several other properties) and return to Council with a recommendation on the properties that staff thinks should be rezoned.

Planning Officer Ryan provided a several points of clarification:

- Should Council approve the staff recommendation to pursue rezoning of existing Places of Assembly in residential zones, staff would accept and process the application until the property is rezoned.
- Places of Assembly are identified in many ways such as churches, community centers, lodge halls, and business associations.
- Council has a couple of options regarding the current moratorium. Council could cancel the moratorium, in which staff may accept applications for Places of Assembly, or Council could choose to extend the moratorium. Should Council wish to extend the moratorium, it would have to occur at the next Council meeting in order to allow for proper noticing of the item.
- The tables in the proposed Ordinance do not mention a swim and tennis club type of facility, which was an oversight on staff's part. Within the Draft Ordinance Attachment in (page 3, item 3G), Council may wish to add "Recreation Uses" to "Private Parks and Playgrounds" as a Use Permit item. Additionally, "Recreational and Athletic Facilities" (page

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9, item 4D), is currently listed as not permitted in Public Facilities zoning district however, Council may want to include this item as a Use Permit item.

Mayor Swegles asked if a developer for the Trinity Church site submitted a plan for housing and it was accepted, would that exclude them from final change in zoning. Planning Officer Ryan stated essentially they would be excluded if staff had already reviewed the application under the current regulations (which allow for residential use), and the project were approved prior to a change in zoning.

Mayor Swegles asked if Council extended the moratorium would that affect the Trinity Church property and Planning Office Ryan stated it would not as the moratorium is just for Industrial and Commercial areas.

Planning Officer Ryan stated she neglected to state that that signs could be twice as large in a Public Facility zoned area as in a residential area.

Councilmember Chu stated that on Attachment L (Potential Rezoning of Residential Sites to Public Facility – PF) there is not a star on page 1 for the Fairbrae Swim and Tennis Club, but the address is listed on page 2 and asked if a study ensues what would be the guiding principle, the map or the listing. Planning Officer stated that the listing attempted to capture properties in the residential zone, whereas the map intended to be more inclusive of all Places of Assembly; however staff missed the swim club location on the map. She stated that Council may wish to decide on this business location as part of their motion.

Councilmember Chu asked the City Attorney Kahn if Council can actually vote on rezoning properties and initiating a rezoning of residential sites for Community-Serving places of Assembly since this item is noticed as a study issue regarding Places of Assembly located within Industrial and Commercial Zones. He stated that the staff recommendation does mention a rezoning of residential sites, but the item is entitled Commercial and Industrial Zoning districts.

City Attorney Kahn stated that Council could vote on this item because the description in the Agenda and staff recommendation does discuss the possible rezoning of Public Facilities.

Councilmember Hamilton moved and Councilmember Howe seconded to approve Alternative No. 2

Approve Alternative No. 1. Council approves modifications to the Sunnyvale Municipal Code to adopt a specific policy on locating these uses, to initiate rezoning specific properties to a POA Combining District and to rezone existing Community Serving Places of Assembly in residential areas to the Public Facility (PF) Zoning District with modifications.

with modification listed as:

Remove Trinity Church from the list based on the fact that they have a legal and binding contract to sell their property currently signed and in place.

City Attorney Kahn stated that instead of listing Trinity Church by name, the modification should be stated as, "exclusion of any property where there currently is a binding legal and valid contract for sale in place on or before March 21, 2006".

Councilmember Hamilton accepted the verbiage correction to her modification.

Councilmember Howe offered a friendly amendment to identify the timeframe for exclusions from the proposed zoning in which the exclusions for binding contracts must be as of February 1, 2006 and currently in existence.

Councilmember Howe changed his friendly amendment to state that the timeframe for exclusions for binding contracts must be in effect as of February 1, 2006 and currently in existence, and all

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contracts requesting exclusion must be presented to the City Attorney within the next seven days from this Council meeting which would be March 28, 2006.

City Attorney Kahn stated he would recommend tonight (March 21) as the cutoff date for having signed and valid contract.

Councilmember Howe clarified his friendly amendment to state that the timeframe for exclusions for binding contracts must be in effect as of February 1, 2006 through March 21, 2006, and all contracts requesting exclusion during this timeframe must be presented to the City Attorney within the next seven days from this Council meeting, which would be March 28, 2006.

Councilmember Hamilton accepted the friendly amendment.

City Manager Chan suggested that the Council consider that seven days may be a very short timeframe for staff to notify affected properties and for those individuals to submit their contracts to the City Attorney.

Councilmember Howe stated any locations with a valid contract that did not make it to the City within the seven days, would still have the benefit of attending the public hearings and presenting their valid contract (within the designated time allowed) at that time.

City Attorney Kahn stated since Council is simply initiating the rezone study, it would be appropriate to exempt Trinity Church from the study. He stated if other agencies with valid contracts exist, they would be considered during the time of the rezone and Council would apply similar criteria in addressing an exemption.

Councilmember Howe asked Councilmember Hamilton to restate her original motion.

Councilmember Hamilton restated her motion and Councilmember Howe seconded the motion approve Alternative No. 2 restated as:



Approve Alternative No. 1: Council approves modifications to the Sunnyvale Municipal Code to adopt a specific policy on locating these uses, to initiate rezoning specific properties to a POA Combining District and to rezone existing Community Serving Places of Assembly in residential areas to the Public Facility (PF) Zoning District with modifications

with modifications listed as:

Remove Trinity Church from the rezone list based on the finding that they have a legal and binding contract currently signed and in place, and they will be exempt from the rezone study.

Mayor Swegles confirmed that Councilmember Howe withdrew his friendly amendment.

Councilmember Chu made a friendly amendment that item D (Initiate rezoning study of residential sites identified in Attachment L, on which Community Serving Places of Assembly are now located, to "PF" Zoning District) within Alternative No. 1 be a separate vote from the other elements.

Councilmember Hamilton rejected the friendly amendment.

Councilmember Chu stated that rezoning of residential sites to "PF" Zoning District is a separate issue and should be voted on separately, because it is taking away rights whereas, the other elements of Alternative No. 1 give rights.

Vice Mayor Lee stated rezoning of industrial areas could limit the potential of future industrial business uses. He stated that the industry is changing and that industrial space should preserved. Vice Mayor Lee also stated that the rezoning could unintentionally affect current industrial business property values as mentioned by the speaker representing Dionex Corporation. He stated he will not be supporting the motion.

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Mayor Swegles stated he agrees with the motion and exclusion for Trinity Church.

Director Paternoster stated the amendment to the text is an Ordinance (which creates the new overlay district for example) and will need to be read by the City Clerk.

City Clerk Katherine Bradshaw Chappelear read the title of the Ordinance into the record.

Motion carried 5-2 by roll call (Councilmember Chu and Vice Mayor Lee dissented with Councilmember Spitaleri and Vice Mayor Lee teleconferencing). Councilmember Hamilton moved and Councilmember Howe seconded to have Council revisit extending the moratorium at the next Council Meeting of March 28, 2006.

Motion carried 7-0 by roll call (Councilmember Spitaleri and Vice Mayor Lee teleconferencing).

Mayor Swegles called a five-minute recess at 10:15 p.m. and then reconvened the meeting at 10:20 p.m.

Mayor Swegles asked Councilmember Spitaleri and Vice Mayor Lee if they wished to continue to teleconference given the lateness of the hour. Vice Mayor Lee and Councilmember Spitaleri stated they would continue the teleconferencing for the entire meeting.

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2007-0271 City of Sunnyvale Study Issue

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PLANNING COMMISSION MINUTES OF AUGUST 27, 2007

2007-0271 — City of Sunnyvale Study Issue to examine the rezoning of residentially zoned sites occupied by Place of Assembly/ Recreation to Public. Facilities (PF) Zoning District. RK (Continued from July 23, 2007.)

Andrew Miner, Principal Planner, gave a brief description of the study issue. On March 22, 2006 the City Council adopted some action strategies of how to address places of assembly in the city. On October 24, 2007 the City Council rezoned specific industrial properties to the new Places of Assembly (POA) combining district. As apart of the 2006 strategies it was determined that those properties located in residentially zoned areas that are used as a POA facility should be studied to determine if those properties should be rezoned to a PF (Public Facilities) zone to protect those areas since we are limiting the locations that could go in the industrial area. After reviewing the conditions staff recommends re-zoning all properties that are 2.2 acres in size or greater for a change to the PF Zoning District except for one property that is in the ITR area on Persian Drive. Mr. Miner stated that the reason staff choose 2.2 acres is because that is the size that is most likely to be converted to a residential use where you would have a loss of the POA type facility that is similar to what else you would find in other POA locations. Staff recommends alternative 1.B.

Comm. Babcock stated that in the Planning Commission study session the commission noted an interest in setting the size thresh hold at 30,000 square feet and wanted to know why the staff report was dramatically different?

Trudi Ryan, Planning Officer, stated that staff differed with Planning Commission opinion. What staff looked at was the potential for redevelopment of the site and trying to balance the needs to preserve sites for public facilities but also assuring that we were not inadvertently running afoul of any of our housing element goals and having some flexibility in addressing those in the future. Ms. Ryan stated that staff has been contacted by property owners who were concerned that the value of the property was important to them but that was not a factor in the staff decision. Staff does want to preserve the largest of the sites that would have the bigger potential and the biggest impact on the community should these change from POA to residential uses.

Comm. Babcock wanted to know if there was any concern about the six recommended sites being in the same southern corner of the city and if it would be better to have a balance of POA throughout the city especially with all the residential units located in the northern part of Sunnyvale?

Trudi Ryan, Planning Officer, stated that there is balance in the northern part of the community through the POA combining district. The risk of those

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redeveloping was seen as less because of the size and location of those properties.

Comm. Klein wanted to know how the 114 potential units at the Hindu Temple site fits into the grand scheme of things as far as additional homes, when this area already has quite a few residential developments?

Ms. Ryan gave information on state housing laws to the Planning Commission. She stated that in the past, when staff calculated the potential sites, we have excluded residentially zoned properties that are currently occupied by places of worship with the exception of the ITR zoned sites that had POA on them. This would not be the only site that has POA on it that is zoned ITR, we have included those in projections of future growth. Even though we allowed POA there, we were using that as our way of demonstrating to the state that we have sufficient land zoned to accommodate our fair share of housing. In the current housing element we had a requirement for a seven and a half year planning period of about 3,500 housing units, in that time period we had about 2,600 housing units that were actually built. In this next seven and a half year cycle the allocation, currently in draft mode, the number is around 4,400 so the amount keeps increasing. State law says that when you rezone a property from residential to non-residential you have to make a finding that you can still meet your housing goal allocation. In the current housing element it shows this ITR site as a source for housing.

Comm. Klein wanted to know why the POA's located on Weddell were not included in this list. **Ms.** Ryan stated that those sites are located in an MS Zoning district and that this list only includes residential zoned sites.

Chair Sulser opened and closed the public hearing.

Comm. Babcock moved for Alternative 1.C. with an amendment that reads greater than 1.5 acres which Comm. Babcock believes will give us 11 sites and feels that this will give us a better balance through out the entire city. Vice Chair Rowe seconded the motion

Comm. Babcock said that this is something that has been studied for quite some time and thinks it's important that we maintain these pieces of land for POA. She would like to see the Places of Assembly spread through out the city and she feels the 1.5 acres will allow quite a few different alternatives.

Trudi Ryan, Planning Officer, reviewed the properties that are included in the 1.5 acres. Ms. Ryan stated that it would include properties 1-12 on the attachment D list. Ms. Ryan wanted to know if item number four on the attachment D list would be included.

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ATTACHMENT of Solution of Solu

Comm. Babcock stated that she meant to exclude item number four. Ms. Ryan mentioned that there is a re-zone ordinance there and that the commission is making the finding that there are sufficient sites available to meet our regional housing need allocation. Comm. Babcock stated that she can make the finding and that there is more than sufficient opportunities available including the ones that we have already approved that were not in ITR.

ACTION: Comm. Babcock made a motion on 2007-0271 to move alternative 1.C. with an amendment to read greater than 1.5 acres. Vice Chair Rowe seconded. Motion carried unanimously 6-0.

APPEAL OPTIONS: This item is scheduled to be heard by the City Council on September 11, 2007.

ORDINANCE NO. 2846-07

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SUNNYVALE AMENDING THE PRECISE ZONING PLAN, ZONING DISTRICTS MAP, TO REZONE CERTAIN RESIDENTIALLY-ZONED PROPERTIES, LOCATED AT 1025 THE DALLES AVENUE, 1112 S. BERNARDO AVENUE, 771 W. FREMONT AVENUE, 445 S. MARY AVENUE, 653 W. FREMONT AVENUE, 583 E. FREMONT AVENUE, 709 LAKEWOOD DRIVE, 1575 ALBATROSS AVENUE, 455 E. MAUDE AVENUE, 1050 W. REMINGTON, AND 1250 SANDIA AVENUE, TO THE PUBLIC FACILITY ZONING DISTRICT

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SUNNYVALE DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT OF PRECISE ZONING PLAN. The Precise Zoning Plan, Zoning Districts Map, City of Sunnyvale (Section 19.16.050 of the Sunnyvale Municipal Code) hereby is amended in order to include certain properties greater than 1.5 acres within the PF (PUBLIC FACILITY) ZONING DISTRICT, which properties are presently located at and zoned as follows:

Location	Zoning District
1025 The Dalles Avenue	R-1 (Low Density Residential)
1112 S. Bernardo Avenue	R-1 (Low Density Residential)
771 W. Fremont Avenue	R-1 (Low Density Residential)
445 S. Mary Avenue	R-3 (Medium Density Residential)
653 W. Fremont Avenue	R-0/R-1 (Low Density Residential)
583 E. Fremont Avenue	R-2 (Low-Medium Density Residential)
709 Lakewood Drive	R-0 (Low-Density Residential)
1575 Albatross Avenue	R-2/PD (Low-Medium Density Residential/Planned Development)
455 E. Maude Avenue	R-3 (Medium Density Residential)
1050 W. Remington	R-3 (Medium Density Residential)
1251 Sandia Avenue	R-0/PD (Low-Density Residential/Planned Development)

The locations of the above properties are set forth on the scale drawing(s) attached as Exhibit "A." The property located 420-460 Persian zoned ITR (Industrial to Residential) is excluded.

SECTION 2. CEQA-NEGATIVE DECLARATION. The City Council hereby determines that the Negative Declaration prepared for this ordinance has been completed in compliance with the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and reflects the independent judgment of the City, and finds that adoption of the ordinance will have no significant negative impact on the area's resources, cumulative or otherwise. The Director of Community Development may file a Notice of Determination with the County Clerk pursuant to CEQA guidelines.

SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect thirty (30) days from and after the date of its adoption.

ATTACHMENT 8 PAGE 2 of 4

SECTION 4. PUBLICATION. The City Clerk is directed to cause copies of this ordinance to be posted in three (3) prominent places in the City of Sunnyvale and to cause publication once in <u>The Sun</u>, the official newspaper for publication of legal notices of the City of Sunnyvale, of a notice setting forth the date of adoption, the title of this ordinance, and a list of places where copies of this ordinance are posted, within fifteen (15) days after adoption of this ordinance.

Introduced at a regular meeting of the City Council held on September 11, 2007, and adopted as an ordinance of the City of Sunnyvale at a regular meeting of the City Council held on September 28, 2007, by the following vote:

AYES:

MOYLAN, HOWE, SPITALERI, LEE, SWEGLES, CHU, HAMILTON

NOES:

NONE

ABSTAIN: NONE

ABSENT:

NONE

ATTEST:

APPROVED:

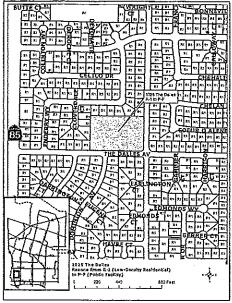
City Clerk

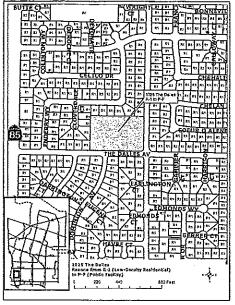
SEAL

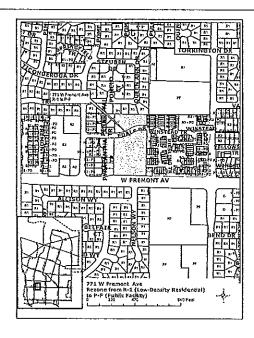
Mayor

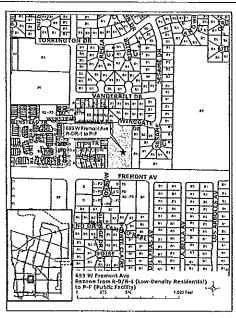
APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY:

David E. Kahn, City Attorney

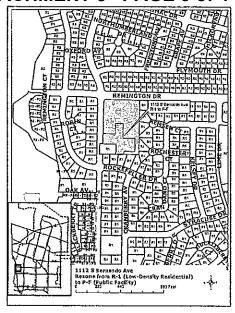


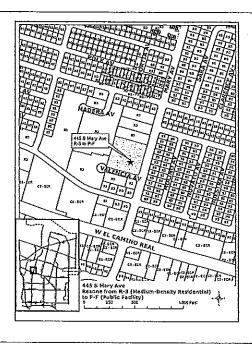


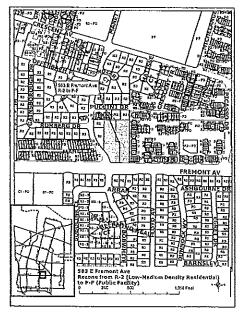




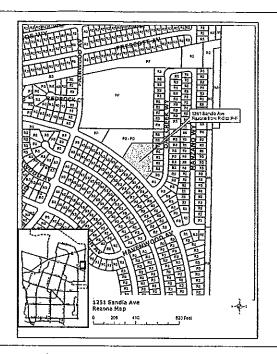
ATTACHMENT 8 PAGE 3 of 4

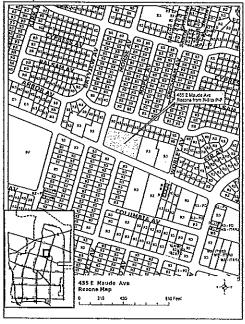


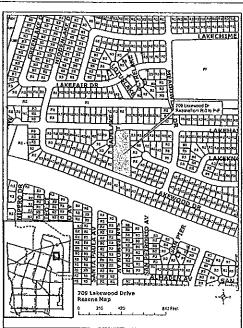


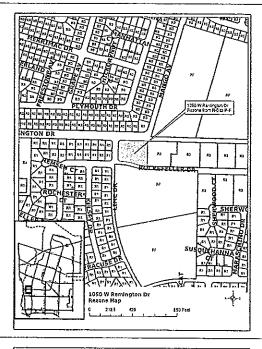


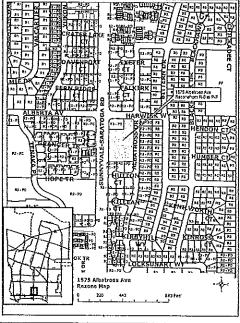
ATTACHMENT 8 PAGE 4 of 4













Guidelines for Commercial Child Care Centers in Sunnyvale

The City supports establishing quality child care programs by appropriate regulations to protect health and safety and encouraging and involving industry in providing child care to their employees. Child care centers are desirable on sites that are able to adequately accommodate the requirements of parking, on-site circulation, setbacks and outdoor activity space. A successful child care center normally begins with early discussions with Planning, Building, the Department of Public Safety and the Sunnyvale Youth and Family Resources Office.

The following guidelines are intended as a reference point and designed to address citywide issues and should not be construed as the only requirements for each individual site. Proposals are reviewed on a case-by-case basis to account for the unique circumstances of each property and proposal. When a child care center is subject to California State licensing standards which are more restrictive than the guidelines listed below, the State licensing standards shall govern.

LOCATION GUIDELINES

The location of the child care center is critical to a child's safety, well-being and quality of care.

Residential Areas

Child care centers differ from family care facilities in that a child care facility is a commercial use where no one lives in the dwelling where the use occurs. An important factor to consider when locating within a residentially-zoned area is to ensure this commercial component is compatible with the surrounding residential uses. Operators must be attentive to not only the needs of the child care center, but also to the adjacent neighborhood.

- 1. New child care centers should be located on larger residential lots (9,000 sf or more) to adequately accommodate requirements for parking, site circulation and outdoor activity space.
- 2. Child care centers can be located in residential areas on major collector and arterial streets.
- 3. Child care centers should consider locating on corner lots at street intersections.
- 4. Child care centers should not be located on residential streets with limited accessibility, such as those that terminate in a cul-de-sac, in order to prevent traffic congestion within the neighborhood.

Commercial Areas

Commercially-zoned areas can include many different types of uses, some of which may not be compatible with the presence of many children. Examples include auto repair uses,



businesses with high turnover of cars entering and leaving the facility, the use of chemicals or processes that could endanger children, and adult businesses. Also, finding appropriate locations for outdoor play areas that do not conflict with surrounding uses can be difficult.

El Camino Real Corridor (ECR/C-2 Zoning District)

Given the character of land uses along El Camino Real, and the fact that it is a major retail and mixed-use corridor, there are limited opportunities for child care center uses.

- 1. Child care centers should not be located on stand-alone properties inside nodes, as defined in the Precise Plan for El Camino Real.
- 2. Child care centers should not be located within close proximity to adult businesses, auto repair uses and hazardous material sites.
- 3. Child care centers located in shopping centers must avoid parking and circulation issues. Also, outdoor activity space must be located in a manner that does not disrupt the flow of vehicular and pedestrian traffic, nor the use of other businesses on site.

<u>General Commercial (C-1, C-2, and C-4) and Administrative and Professional Office</u> (O) Zoning Districts

Properties zoned C-1 are interspersed throughout the residentially zoned areas in the City and are typically located at the crossroads of a neighborhood. Given the neighborhood context of these sites, C-1 zoned properties may be more conducive to a child care center, provided these sites meet site safety, outdoor activity space, and parking and circulation requirements. There are a few C-2 zoned properties located in the area north of Central Expressway that are adjacent to residentially zoned properties. These C-2 sites may also be appropriate for a child care center use from a location and use compatibility standpoint.

1. Child care centers are not encouraged within strip malls and multi-tenant shopping centers in order to avoid parking, circulation and outdoor activity space conflicts. Satellite building or end-unit units that can isolate from other tenants are more appropriate.

Public Facility Areas

This district comprises the most compatible areas for child care, as it is reserved for the use and occupancy of educational buildings and facilities and other uses compatible with the public character of the district. New child care centers are highly encouraged on existing school sites in this district.

Industrial Areas



Child care centers are allowed in industrial areas only as business-sponsored facilities (where the facility is for the exclusive use of on-site employees.)

- 1. Business-sponsored child care centers should be located at least 50 feet from an adjacent property to lessen the potential for adjacent businesses affecting children on-site.
- 2. Child care centers are best located in corporate office areas where no on-site hazardous materials are used.
- 3. Child care centers should be located more than 500 feet from any automobile service stations.
- 4. Child care centers should not be located adjacent to a business that uses, sells or stores significant amounts of hazardous materials or creates high noise levels or fumes.

Specific Plans

Regulations and guidelines for child care centers in the following areas are addressed in the specific plan document for that area:

Downtown

A Special Development Permit (SDP) is required for a commercial child care center in the Downtown Specific Plan area. Refer to the use tables in the Zoning Code to determine which downtown blocks allow child care centers.

Lakeside

A SDP or MPP is required for a child care center in the Lakeside Specific Plan Area. Refer to the Lakeside Specific Plan for additional information.

Lawrence Station

A SDP is required for a commercial child care center in the Lawrence Station Area Plan area.

Moffett Park

Only business-sponsored child care centers are allowed within the Moffett Park Specific Plan subdistricts. Refer to the use table in the Zoning Code for additional information.

Peerv Park

Refer to the Peery Park Specific Plan to determine where commercial and businesssponsored child care centers may be considered with a Use Permit.



GENERAL GUIDELINES

1. Site Considerations

a. Parking

- 1. All new child care centers are required to provide parking in accordance with Chapter 19.46 of the Sunnyvale Zoning Code, which requires 1 parking space per employee during maximum shift and 1 parking space for every 4 children.
- 2. Child care centers should provide adequate short-term parking to accommodate pick-up and drop-off areas which are not located in the public right-of-way.
- 3. The location of parking for the child care center should be easily identifiable and separated from any parking required for other uses in the surrounding area in order to reduce parking conflicts.
- 4. Separate lanes designated for ingress and egress of vehicular traffic should be considered in parking areas to minimize negative impacts on parking lot flow.
- 5. Parking areas should, to the extent possible, provide accommodation for the disabled.
- 6. Residential sites should provide designated long-term parking areas for employees and short-term parking areas for pick-up and drop-off.

b. Pick-up/Drop-off Areas and Circulation

- 1. A pick-up/drop-off area should be established in close proximity to the entrance to the child care center to ensure that children are not placed at risk.
- 2. To the extent possible, there should be accommodation for the disabled to park in this area.
- 3. Adequate area for pick-up/drop-off should be provided so that off-site traffic flow is not negatively impacted by on-street stacking or stopping. Sufficient turn-around areas should be provided so that traffic associated with the child care center does not back up onto public roadways.
- 4. Access to pick-up/drop-off areas should be easily identifiable and located so as not to negatively impact or interfere with on-site traffic circulation. Adequate area should be provided to absorb on-site queuing requirements during peak hour traffic to minimize any negative impacts to on-site circulation.
- 5. For multi-tenant sites, pick-up/drop-off areas should be separated from other tenant parking to reduce parking conflicts.

c. Site Design

1. All new child care centers are required to conform to the setback requirements of the zoning district designated for the site.



- 2. The site of the child care center should allow for the safe arrival and departure of children.
- 3. The site should be a defensible space with a secure perimeter and controlled access.

d. Outdoor Activity Space

- 1. Outdoor activity space for a child care center is regulated by and subject to the California State Licensing requirements and should meet the standards established by Title 22 of the California Code Regulations.
- 2. The outdoor activity space should be secured and designed in a way that minimizes noise impacts on adjoining and surrounding properties.
- 3. The outdoor activity space should be located in an area with ease of access from inside the child care center.
- 4. The outdoor activity space should be secured and enclosed with a minimum 6 foot fence for child security. A 6-foot wood or masonry fence is required along the boundaries with residential uses.
- 5. In residential areas, the outdoor activity space should be located to maintain the residential character (typically behind the building).
- 6. In commercial areas, the location of the outdoor activity space in the front of the building may be considered, provided the area is secure, and the use is compatible with the commercial character of the neighborhood.

2. Environmental and Operational Considerations

- a. Child care center providers are strongly encouraged to review and practice the "Good Neighbor Tips for Child Care Providers Operating in Residential Neighborhoods" in all locations. These tips can be found at ChildCare.inSunnyvale.com. The child care center should not be located near noise sources such as major highways, busy street intersections, railroad lines or airport flight paths without mitigation. If proximity to high levels of noise is unavoidable, an acoustical analysis may be required and acoustical measures may be necessary.
- b. As a general rule, the child care center should be located in areas where the noise or sound level does not exceed sixty dBA during daytime.
- c. Child care centers at locations adjacent to residential developments should be designed to minimize noise impacts on residents.
- d. Child care centers located adjacent to residential uses may be conditioned to typically operate from 6:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. Outdoor play hours for child care centers immediately adjacent to residential uses are limited to 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Proposals for operations outside of these hours may be considered on a case-by-case basis.
- e. An air quality analysis may be required for proposals adjacent to major highways, busy street intersections and industrial areas.

TABLE 19.24.030

Permitted, Conditionally Permitted and Prohibited Uses in Office and Public Facilities Zoning Districts

In the table, the letters and symbols are defined as follows:

 \mathbf{P} = Permitted use

 $\mathbf{UP} = \mathbf{Use}$ permitted required

MPP = Miscellaneous plan permit required

N = Not permitted, prohibited

OFFICE AND PUBLIC FACILITIES ZONING DISTRICTS	0	P-F
1. Office/Care Facilities		
A. Administrative, professional, medical, and research and development offices	P	UP
B. Medical clinics	MPP	UP
C. Financial institutions such as banks and savings and loan associations	MPP	N
D. Hospitals	N	UP
E. Rest homes and convalescent hospitals	UP	UP
2. Public Facilities		
A. Buildings and facilities used by government agencies for government purposes	UP	P
B. Buildings and facilities used by federal, state or local government agencies (except city of Sunnyvale), for nongovernmental purposes	UP	UP
C. Public service buildings and accessory uses	UP	UP
D. Public utility buildings and service facilities	UP	UP
3. Personal Service		
A. Child care centers with occupancy of 30 or fewer children	MPP	MPP
B. Child care centers with occupancy of 31 or more children	UP	UP
4. Education, Recreation and Places of Assembly		
A. Education – Recreation and Enrichment	N	UP
B. Education – Primary and High School	N	UP
C. Education – Institution of Higher Learning	UP	UP
D. Recreational and Athletic Facilities	N	UP
E. Places of Assembly – Business Serving	UP	UP
F. Places of Assembly – Community Serving	UP	UP
G. Cardrooms	N	N
H. Private golf courses	N	UP
5. Residential/Boarding/Lodging		
A. Residential uses	UP	UP
6. Other		
A. Adult business establishments	N	N
B. Outside display of merchandise or products	N	N
C. Electric distribution substations	N	UP
D. Electric transmission substations	N	UP
E. Massage establishments ¹	P	P

OFFICE AND PUBLIC FACILITIES ZONING DISTRICTS	0	P-F
F. Recycling centers ²	UP	UP
G. Salt extraction	N	UP
H. Storage or parking of commercial or industrial vehicles	N	N
I. Storage or parking of public utility vehicles	N	N
J. Storage of materials, supplies or equipment for commercial or industrial purposes	N	N
K. Storage of materials, supplies or equipment for public utility purposes	N	N
L. Storage, warehousing, handling, processing or assembling merchandise or products	N	N
M. Payday lending establishment	N	N

Footnotes

- ¹ Subject to provisions of Chapter 9.41.
- Recycling centers must be located in convenience zones, (the area within a one-half mile radius of a supermarket) as defined in Public Resources Code Section 14509.4.



March 26, 2018

Mr. Todd Deutscher
President
Catalyst Development Partners
822 Hartz Way, Suite 200
Danville, CA 94526
(Sent via email only: tdeutscher@catdevpartners.com)

RE: Acreage Review – 1050 W. Remington Drive

Dear Mr. Deutscher:

Per your request, MacKay & Somps has reviewed the title report and associated record documents and prepared a preliminary property footprint as shown on the attached exhibit. The results of that analysis concluded that the property acreage is approximately 1.41 acres.

Please feel free to call if you have questions, we can be available to discuss as needed, via phone at 925-225-0690 or via email at cguenther@msce.com.

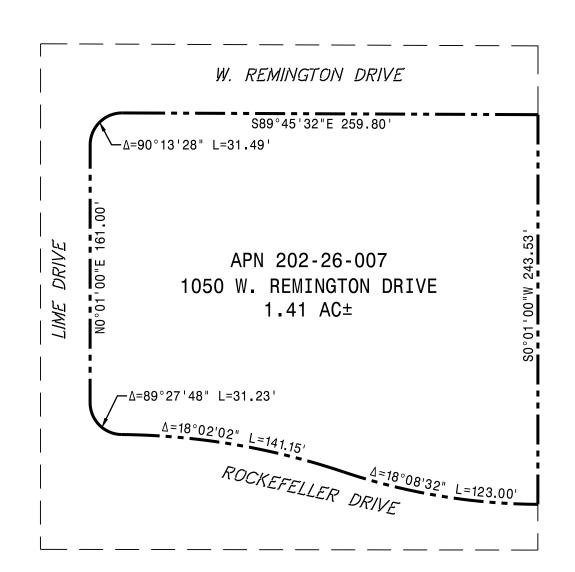
Sincerely,

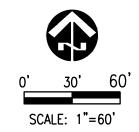
MACKAY & SOMPS

Christopher W. Guenther

Enclosures: Property Acreage Exhibit

Record of Survey – Book 632 Page 37 Santa Clara County Records Street Dedication – Book 3879 Page 728 Santa Clara County Records





NOTE

THIS ANALYSIS WAS COMPLETED TO DETERMINE THE APPROXIMATE PROPERTY ACREAGE ONLY AND CONSTITUTES A REVIEW OF THE TITLE REPORT AND ASSOCIATED RECORD
DOCUMENTS ONLY, NO FIELD SURVEY WORK OR TITLE RESEARCH HAS BEEN COMPLETED AT THIS TIME.

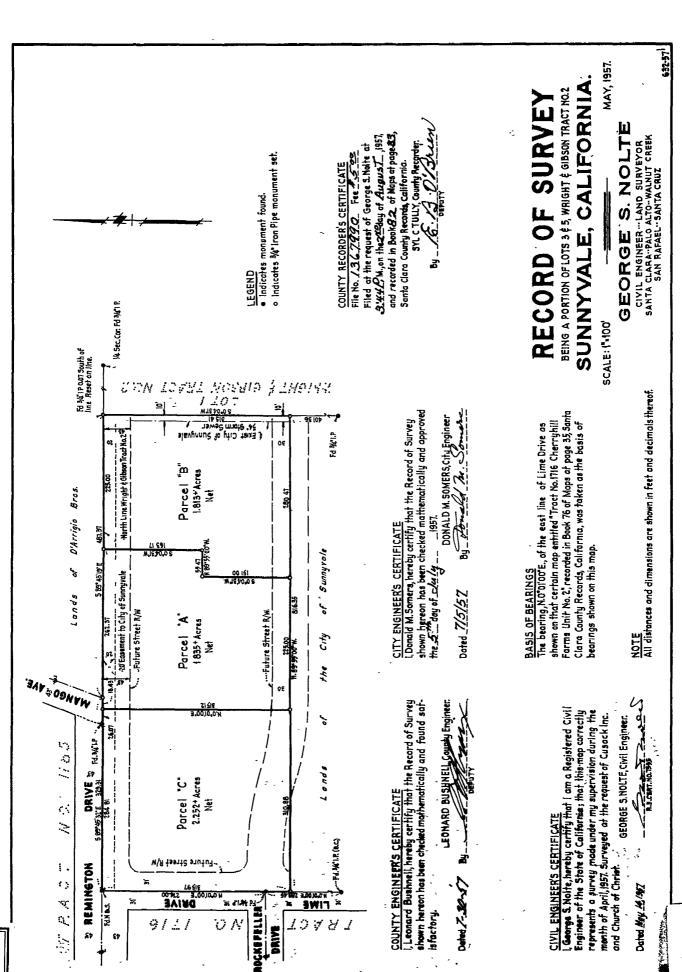
TACKAY & SOMPS ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS PLEASANTON, CA PLANNERS (925)225-0690

1050 W. REMINGTON DRIVE PRELIMINARY ACREAGE REVIEW

SUNNYVALE, CALIFORNIA

DRAWN BY: CWG JOB NO:19888.000 DATE: 2018.03.26 REV. DATE:

PHASE:



D. H. 1377850

50013879 PAGE 728

DEDICATION OF LAND FOR STREET AND SIDEMALK PURPOSES

CAURCH OF CHRIST OF SUCCIVALE, a corporation hereby grants and dedicates to the City of Sunnyvale, a municipal corporation, the following described real property for a public street and sidewalk purposes, to be used for as a public street, vay, alloway or thoroughfare and sidewalk, together with rights to construct, repair, operate and raintain all public utilities and increverents which shall be or become necessary for the preservation of the public safety, welfare and convenience, which said property is situated in the City of Sunnyvale, County of Santa Clara, State of California, described as follows:

All that certain real property situate in the City of Sunnyvale, County of Santa Clara, State of California, being a portion of Lots 3 and 5 of the Wright and Gibson Tract No. 2, recorded in Book "N" of Maps at page 78, Official Records of Santa Clara County, and being more particularly described as follows:

Regioning at the intersection of the centerline of Ragin; ton Drive (86 feet wide) with the Easterly line of Line Brive (31 feet wide) as said streets are shown upon that certain Rap entitled, "Cherryhill Farms, Unit No. 2, Tract No. 1716", recorded in Book 76 of Paps at page 35 Official Records of Said Santa Clara County; Thence along the Easterly prolongation of the said centerline of Resington Drive, South 89° 15' 32" East, 310.88 feet to a point; Thence South 0° 01' 00" West, 13.00 feet to a point; Thence Westerly along a line parallel with and distant 13.00 feet measured at right angles from said centerline of memington Drive, North 89° 15' 32" Mest, 259.80 feet to a point; Thence along the arc of a tangent curve to the left with a radius of 20.00 feet through a central angle of 90° 13' 28" an arc length of 31.19 feet to a point distant 31.00 feet measured at right angles from the said Easterly line of Line Drive; Thence Southerly along a line parallel with last said Easterly line, South 0° 01' 00" West, 161.00 feet; Thence along the arc of a tangent curve to the left naving a radius of 20.00 feet through a central angle of 80° 46' 32" an arc length of 31.31 feet; Thence along the arc of a tangent curve to the right having a radius of Mh5.65 feet through a central angle of 18° 02' 03" an arc length of 11.15 feet to a point; Thence along the arc of a tangent curve to the left having a radius of 338.45 feet through a central angle of 18° 02' 03" an arc length of 11.15 feet to a point; Thence along the arc of a tangent curve to the left having a radius of 338.45 feet through a central angle of 18° 02' 03" an arc length of 11.15 feet to a point; Thence south 0° 01' 00" West, 30.00 feet to the Archerly line of that certain parcel of land described in the Deed from J. K. Reiter, et ux, to the City of Sunnyvale, recorded in Book 3266 of Deeds at page 113, Official feecords of said Santa Clara County; Thence along the Northerly line of the lands so conveyed to the City of Sunnyvale, North 89° 55' 00" West, 310.15

Exception: Commencing at the intersection of the centerline of herington Drive (S6 feet wide) with the Easterly line of Line Drive (R1 feet wide) as said streets are shown upon that certain map entitled, "Cherryhill Farms, Unit No. 2, Iract No. 1716, recorded in Book 76 of Maps at page 37, Official Records of said Santa Clara County; Thence Southerly along said Easterly line of Lime Drive, South 0° 01' 00" West, 274.00 feet to the True Point of Beginning; Thence South 89° h5' 32" East, 50.30 feet; Thence along the arc of a circular curve to the Southeast, the center of which bears Southerly, at right angles, to the previous course, h18.45 feet, through a central angle of 18° 02' 31" for an arc length of 131.71 feet to a point; Thence along the arc of a circular curve to the Northeast, the center of which bears Morth 18° 16' 31" East, h15.45 feet, through a central angle of 18° 11' 31", for an arc length of 132.66 feet to a point; Thence Rorth 9° 55' West, 310.88 feet to a length of 132.66 feet to a point; Thence Rorth 9° 55' West, 310.88 feet to a length of 18.50 feet to the True-Foint of Beginning.

By: Penest Centre of Jan 18/19

August 19, 1957

Date

Бу

Katherine Hall

From: Katherine Hall

Sent: Tuesday, April 03, 2018 12:45 PM

To: Katherine Hall

Subject: FW: file no. 2018-7040



Katherine Hall
Administrative Aide
Community Development Department

Phone: 408-730-7416 Sunnyvale.ca.gov

From: Richard Wentz

Sent: Tuesday, April 03, 2018 12:13 PM

To: Aastha Vashist < AVashist@sunnyvale.ca.gov >

Subject: re: file no. 2018-7040

I am adamantly opposed to a zoning change for this property from public facility to housing. While it is true there is a need for housing in our community there are also other needs.

Churches and other public facility organizations are vital to our community.

Almost every church allows nonprofits to use their facilities.

It would be detrimental to our community to eliminate or even decrease these vital services.

Some of these groups using these facilities are the Boy Scouts, alcoholics Anonymous,

Narcotics Anonymous, Fish, Second Harvest, music groups [Sunnyvale Singers].

I could list many more but I believe I have made my point.

Sincerely,

Richard A. Wentz



City of Sunnyvale

Agenda Item 3

18-0183 Agenda Date: 4/9/2018

REPORT TO PLANNING COMMISSION

SUBJECT

Proposed Project: A request for a Downtown Specific Plan Amendment Initiation to study changes to the development intensities and standards for Block 20 of the Downtown Specific Plan to increase the number of allowable residential units, an increase to the square footage of office allowed, and an increase in building height to allow up to five stories.

File #: 2018-7034

Location: 510 and 528 S. Mathilda Ave. (APNs: 209-29-060 and 061) and 562 and 566 S. Mathilda

Ave. (APNS: 209-29-057 and 067)

Zoning: DSP (Block 20)

Applicant / Owner: SiliconSage Builders, LLC (applicant and owner 562 and 566 S. Mathilda Ave.)

and Shawn Karimi (applicant and owner 510 and 528 S. Mathilda Ave.)

Environmental Review: The project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15378(a).

Project Planner: Cindy Hom, (408) 730-7411, chom@sunnyvale.ca.gov

BACKGROUND

Two Specific Plan Amendment Initiations (SPI) requests were submitted pursuant to Sunnyvale Municipal Code section 19.92.040 (a) to allow changes to the development intensities and standards for Block 20 of the Downtown Specific Plan (DSP). The applicants have agreed to proceed with one amendment study moving forward, if initiated.

The Downtown Specific Plan (DSP) area comprises roughly 125 acres, generally bounded by the Caltrain tracks to the north, Bayview Avenue to the east (extends almost to Washington along Evelyn Ave), Olive Avenue to the south and Charles Street to the west. Preparation of the Downtown Specific Plan (DSP) was initiated in the mid-1980s; the first plan was adopted in 1993. The DSP was comprehensively updated in 2003 and was last amended in 2013 when the boundaries were expanded to include areas north of Evelyn Avenue by the addition of Blocks 21, 22 and 23. More recently, the City Council authorized a General Plan Initiation for four applications in the Downtown Specific Plan (DSP) area for DSP Blocks 1a, 18 and 22 that would allow an increase in allowable office space and residential units, elimination of the hotel use in Block 18, a reduction in allowable retail space and modified development standards including increased building height.

PROCESS

General Plan Amendment Initiation (GPI) requests are heard on a quarterly basis through a recommendation from the Planning Commission and then action by the City Council. This initiation process also applies to initiation of Specific Plan Amendments. The process for considering a Specific Plan Amendment (SPA) begins with a written request from a property owner or applicant. If City Council approves the SPI, a formal application for a SPA can be filed by the property

owner/applicant. While the SPA application is in process, the applicant may also file development applications with the Planning Division, for concurrent processing. However, the City Council would need to approve the SPA and related rezoning before the project could be scheduled for a Planning Commission hearing.

The subject SPI request was submitted by two property owners, each of whom own two properties consisting of 1.15 acres of DSP Block 20, which is located on the east side of Mathilda Avenue between Olive Avenue and El Camino Real. The two sets of subject properties are not adjacent to each other. Attachment 2 is a map of the Downtown Specific Plan area showing all active applications; Attachment 3 is a map of the Downtown Specific Plan districts.

EXISTING POLICY

The General Plan is the primary policy plan that guides the physical development of the City. When used together with a larger body of City Council policies, it provides direction for decision-making on City services and resources. The recently adopted Land Use and Transportation Chapter within the General Plan creates an integrated set of policies to guide land use, development, and transportation choices with a horizon year of 2035. Specific Plans and other area plans a provide a finer level of detail than the General Plan, particularly regarding land use and development standards and typically these plans have unique design goals and standards for the area.

A few of the relevant Goals and Policies from the General Plan and Downtown Specific Plan are list below. A more comprehensive list is in Attachment 4.

GENERAL PLAN: LAND USE AND TRANSPORTATION CHAPTER

GOAL LT-7: Diverse Housing Opportunities - Ensure the availability of ownership and rental housing options with a variety of dwelling types, sizes, and densities that contribute positively to the surrounding area and the health of the community.

GOAL LT-11: Supportive Economic Development Environment - Facilitate an economic development environment that supports a wide variety of businesses and promotes a strong economy within existing environmental, social, fiscal, and land use constraints.

DOWNTOWN SPECIFIC PLAN

The vision for the Downtown Specific Plan area is encapsulated into a single statement:

"An enhanced, traditional downtown serving the community with a variety of destinations in a pedestrian-friendly environment."

GOAL B: Establish the Downtown as the cultural, retail, financial and entertainment center of the community, complemented by employment, housing and transit opportunities.

POLICY B.1.Encourage mixed uses throughout the downtown when consistent with the district character.

GOAL D: Protect and enhance existing neighborhoods.

GOAL E: Improve the street character.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The decision to initiate a Specific Plan Amendment study does not require environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) because the mere initiation of a study does

not constitute a project under CEQA pursuant to CEQA Guidelines section 15378 (a) as it has no potential for resulting in either a direct physical change in the environment, or a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment. If initiated, the proposed GPA and associated Rezoning (RZ) would be subject to the provisions of CEQA.

DISCUSSION

DSP Overview

One purpose of the DSP is to strengthen the mix of uses through a series of districts. The DSP states that "promoting mixed uses in the districts is a key feature of the future downtown as it creates a lively street scene, increases walkability, reduces dependence on the automobile, and provides for higher density housing in proximity to mass transit." The City Council may approve a Specific Plan Amendment upon finding that the amendment, as proposed, changed, or modified is deemed to be in the public interest.

Block 20

Block 20 is the southern-most block of the DSP and is an important interface for the Downtown sites and El Camino Real, as a gateway to Downtown Sunnyvale as well as the current and future Civic Center. As shown in Attachment 7, Block 20 is separated from Taaffe Avenue, part of the Taaffe-Frances Heritage Housing District by a two-story apartment complex zoned R-4 and a 3-story office building (fronting El Camino Real) zoned Office/ El Camino Real (O/ECR). Any future development on Block 20 would need to be respectful of the residences to the east.

The DSP divides the land use on Block 20, with approximately 1.56 acres in the northern half of the block intended for high density residential and 0.93 acres in the southern portion intended for office and commercial uses. The block consists of seven developments, including one recently completed condominium (residential and office) site. The block is approximately 865 feet in length and 128 feet wide with an overall area of 2.5 acres. The block is bounded by S. Mathilda Avenue to the west, Olive Avenue to the north, two-story apartment complex and a three-story office building to the east, and El Camino Real to the south. The existing land uses include residential, commercial and offices.

All the properties in Block 20 have frontage on Mathilda Avenue which is a primary entrance corridor to Downtown. Mathilda Avenue is a major arterial for regional traffic as well as a gateway to Downtown. Mathilda Avenue is the widest street in the DSP.

- Building heights should step down from a maximum of 100 feet in Block 1 to 30 feet at the intersection of Mathilda and El Camino Real.
- Primary corners should retain retail spaces oriented towards Mathilda. These uses should wrap the corner a minimum of 20 feet.
- Additional vehicle access points on Mathilda are discouraged.

Existing Land Uses and DSP Block 20 Build-out

The following table lists the uses and building area or number of units for each property in Block 20 and shows total buildout for the Block:

Table 1: Summary: Block 20 Existing Office/Commercial Square Footage and Residential Units

Address	Lot size (ac)	Existing Use	Existing Office (SF)	Existing Res. (Units)
*510	0.33	Office and commercial	8,883	0
*528	0.42	8-unit apartment	0	8
538-560	0.44	15 residential + one office condominiums	5,500	15
*562	0.15	Single family home	0	1
*566	0.29	Medical office	3,190	0
584	0.37	Professional/medical office	3,665	0
598	0.56	Bank	7,082	0
Total	2.56		28,32024	
		Current DSP Block 20 Limits	16,400	51

^{*}Subject Properties

Although the existing office square footage appears to exceed the maximum allowed for Block 20, the DSP anticipated that existing offices in the northern half of the block would redevelop as residential. The original assumptions and analysis for Block 20 also did not include the bank building in the total square footage for office space. The bank is considered commercial/retail, and retail allowances were not included on the table.

Project Area 1: 510 and 528 S. Mathilda Avenue (southeast corner of S. Mathilda Ave. and Olive Ave). A redevelopment application for the 0.72-acre site at 510 and 528 S. Mathilda Avenue properties (SiliconSage) is under review; it includes demolition of the Mezzetta office building and adjoining eight-unit residential apartment complex and construction of a new 38-unit residential project with three-stories and underground parking (with no office space).

If the SPA is initiated to allow more office space and residential units in Block 20, the applicant would revise the pending residential project to allow the following:

- 5-story building with four residential floors and 52 dwelling units (70 units/acre)
- 10,000 square feet of ground floor office use

Project Area 2: 562 and 566 S. Mathilda Avenue (midblock and current location of a medical office and single family home)

The applicant for 562 and 566 S. Mathilda Avenue (Shawn Karimi) proposes to remove the existing MRI office building and adjoining single family dwelling on the 0.43-acre site and redevelop the properties with the following:

- 5-story building with 36 units (82 units per acre)
- 10,000 square feet of office use

The DSP amendment initiation request is prompted by two property owners who would like to maximize their properties but also increase their existing office area. Both proposals would require changes to the allowable intensities and development standards. There are three parts to the SPI request:

18-0183

- 1. Increase the allowable office/commercial space;
- 2. Increase the allowable number of residential units; and,
- 3. Modify the development standards to address changes in land use, including an increase in allowable height.

Remainder of Block 20: 538-560, 584 and 598 S. Mathilda. It is not expected that there is any interest to redevelop the recently completed mixed office/residential site at 538-560. There may, however be interest in the two southern properties (dental office building and a bank), which have somewhat modest floor Area ratios (FAR) of 28% and 23%. A Specific Plan Amendment study could include an analysis of the entire block, including these two sites.

Summary of Requested Specific Plan Initiation: The resulting request to accommodate the two proposals are:

- Increase the number of allowable residential units from 51 to 103 (buildout of additional 52 net new units)
- Increase to the square footage of office/commercial allowed to from 16,400 to 36,500 (buildout of additional 20,000 and net new of 8,000 square feet); and,
- Allow an increase in building height to allow up to five stories, currently limited to three stories and 30 feet (northern portion of block) or 40 feet (southern portion of block).

Options

The Downtown area is undergoing dynamic changes that are responsive to the current market conditions. Based on the objectives of the property owners to expand their existing office, general inquiries to relocate existing small offices or find suitable locations for small incubator businesses, as well as general feedback to provide more housing, there is a demand for change in Block 20. A study could be helpful to review and evaluate the market demand and potential for this area and determine what the appropriate mix of retail, office, housing and parking would be for Block 20.

Option 1. Study Applicants' request

- a) Change Primary Uses land use designation from High Density Residential/Office to Mixed Use:
- b) Increase maximum number of residential units from 51 to 103;
- c) Increase maximum office area from 16,400 square feet to 36,500 square feet;
- d) Allow additional residential units consistent with the DSP Transit Mixed Use Designation (65 units to the acres);
- e) Increase height limit from three stories and 40 feet maximum to five stories and 50 feet;
- f) Create development standards and design guidelines for proposed changes;
- g) Coordinate associated studies such as traffic analysis, market and fiscal analyses, environmental, public infrastructure and utility capacity, and parking, etc.; and,
- h) Coordinate community outreach and engagement.

Option 2. Expand the study area to all of Block 20 Study Applicants' request

a) This option would look at all of the items listed in Option 1; however, the entire block would also be considered for potential changes in allowable residential and office/commercial land uses.

Option 3. Study an increase in office square footage but not residential units:

- a) This option would look at all of the items listed in Option 1; however only office/commercial land uses will be studied;
- b) This option would still allow a three story 38-unit residential project on the north end of Block 20 and could also include an office component;
- c) The option would consider allowing the property at 562 and 566 S. Mathilda Avenue to redevelop with increased office area (with no residential units).
- d) This option could include the expanded area in Option 2.

Option 4. Study an increase in residential units but not office square footage:

- a) This option would look at all of the items in Option 1 however only additional residential uses will be studied:
- b) This option could result in additional housing throughout Block 20;
- c) The option could not allow the property at 562 and 566 S. Mathilda Avenue to redevelop to additional office area.
- d) This option could include the expanded area in Option 2.

Option 5. Study an increase in office area and residential units, but no increase in height:

- a) This option would modify any of the above options and maintains the current three story and 30-40 -foot height limit;
- b) This would allow additional redevelopment.

Option 6. Do not initiate a SPA study:

The City Council is scheduled to consider these SPI requests on May 8, 2018. If the City Council's action is to initiate the SPA, it would authorize staff to accept formal applications and to commence the study. The formal application will allow staff to analyze several aspects of the proposals, including environmental, market and fiscal analyses. Community outreach and engagement are also necessary to assess the community feedback regarding for these changes.

FISCAL IMPACT

Initiating a Specific Plan Amendment study does not have a fiscal impact on the City. All technical reports related to the study will be paid for by the applicants. Staff recommends that if the SPA is initiated there should include a market analysis and a fiscal analysis to help determine the long-term costs and benefits to the City if there are land use changes or intensification. The potential for community benefits would also be evaluated as part of the studies.

PUBLIC CONTACT

Public contact was made through posting of the Planning Commission agenda on the City's official-notice bulletin board outside City Hall, at the Sunnyvale Senior Center, Community Center and Department of Public Safety; and by making the agenda and report available in the Reference Section of the City Library, the Office of the City Clerk and on the City's website. A display ad was placed in the Sunnyvale Sun Newspaper. Notices were sent to property owners and tenants within 1,000 feet of DSP Block 20. The Downtown Association was also advised of this request.

ALTERNATIVES

Recommend to City Council that City Council:

1. Initiate a Downtown Specific Plan Amendment study to consider amending the Downtown

Specific Plan and provide direction to study/coordinate:

- a) Entire Block 20
- b) Change to Primary Uses land use designation from High Density Residential/Office to Mixed Use;
- c) Increase in maximum number of residential units, before any allowed density bonuses from 51 to 103 and densities no greater than the DSP Transit Mixed Use Designation (65 units to the acres);
- d) Increase in maximum office/commercial area from 16,400 square feet to 36,500 square feet;
- e) No increase in height limit;
- f) Updated development standards and design guidelines for proposed changes;
- g) Traffic analysis, market and fiscal analyses, environmental, public infrastructure and utility capacity, and parking, etc.; and,
- h) Community outreach and engagement.
- 2. Alternative 1, with modifications, such as applicants' requests for additional height or that the land uses to be studied would only apply to their properties.
- 3. Do not initiate a Specific Plan Amendment study and leave the current development capacity, land uses and development standards in place.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Alternative 1: Initiate a Downtown Specific Plan Amendment study to consider amending the Downtown Specific Plan and provide direction to study/coordinate:

- a) Entire Block 20
- b) Change to Primary Uses land use designation from High Density Residential/Office to Mixed Use:
- Increase in maximum number of residential units, before any allowed density bonuses from 51 to 103 and densities no greater than the DSP Transit Mixed Use Designation (65 units to the acres);
- d) Increase in maximum office/commercial area from 16,400 square feet to 36,500 square feet;
- e) No increase in height limit;
- f) Updated development standards and design guidelines for proposed changes;
- g) Traffic analysis, market and fiscal analyses, environmental, public infrastructure and utility capacity, and parking, etc.; and,
- h) Community outreach and engagement.

Staff is supportive of studying additional housing opportunities in Block 20 and to consider small increase in allowable office/commercial redevelop to allow existing businesses to expand and to increase housing availability. Staff is concerned that buildings five stories and up to 55 feet in height may not be compatible with the nearby residential development; staff is concerned with the residential densities requested from the applicants. The adjoining residential neighborhood includes two-story apartments less than 30-feet in height and east of that the Taaffe-Frances Heritage neighborhood with one and two-story heritage homes. Further staff finds that considering the remaining two properties closest to El Camino would provide a more cohesive review of the land uses on this block.

Prepared by: Cindy Hom, Associate Planner Reviewed by: Gerri Caruso, Principal Planner

Reviewed by: Andrew Miner, Assistant Director, Community Development

Reviewed by: Trudi Ryan, Director of Community Development

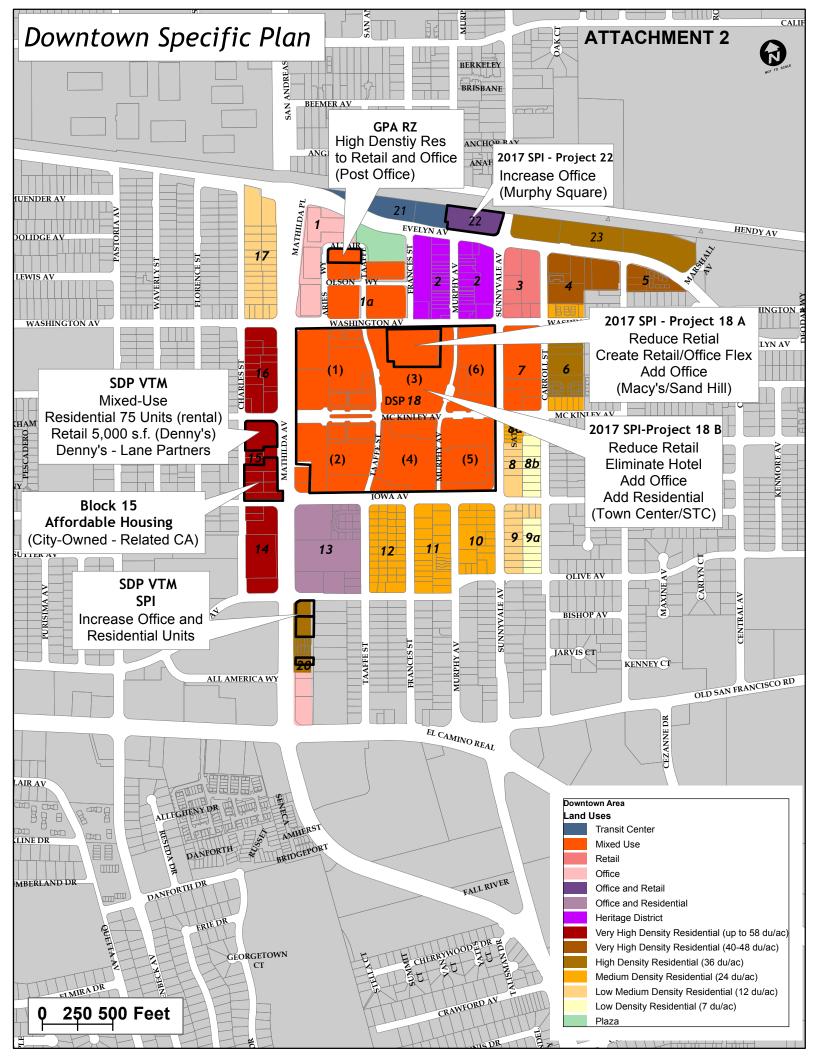
Approved by: Kent Steffens, City Manager

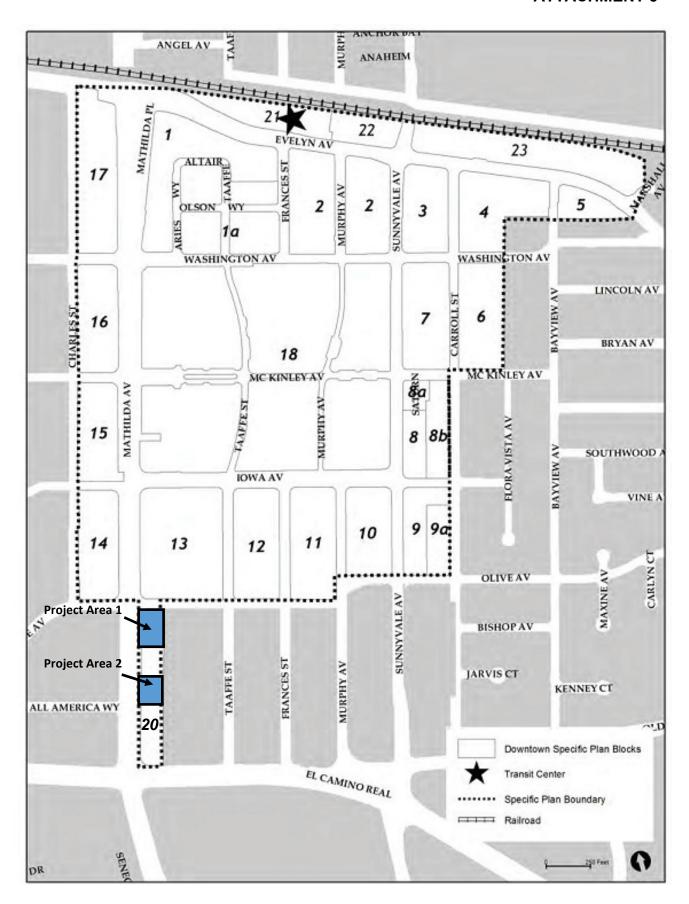
ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Reserved for Report to Council
- 2. Map of Active Downtown Specific Plan Projects
- 3. Downtown Specific Plan Block Map
- 4. Relevant General Plan and DSP Policies
- 5. Applicant's request Letter
- 6. Conceptual plans
- 7. Nearby Land Uses Block 20

ATTACHMENT 1

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Downtown Specific Plan Block Map

LUTE Goals and Policies

GOAL LT-3: An Effective Multimodal Transportation System - Offer the community a variety of transportation modes for local travel that are also integrated with the regional transportation system and land use pattern. Favor accommodation of alternative modes to the automobile as a means to enhance efficient transit use, bicycling, and walking and corresponding benefits to the environment, person-throughput, and qualitative improvements to the transportation system environment.

POLICY LT-3.1: Use land use planning, including mixed and higherintensity uses, to support alternatives to the single-occupant automobile such as walking and bicycling and to attract and support high investment transit such as light rail, buses, and commuter rail.

LT-2.1a: As part of the development project review process in mixed-use and other high-intensity use areas, require that adequate transit stops or a dedicated transit lane is provided, even if bus stops are not yet located there. Ensure that off-street loading areas do not conflict with adjacent uses or impede pedestrian, bicycle, or transit access.

LT-3.1b: Establish reduced parking requirements for transit, corridor, and village mixed-use developments and for developments with comprehensive TDM programs that are consistent with the City's established goals.

GOAL LT-4: An Attractive Community for Residents and Businesses - In combination with the City's Community Design Sub-Element, ensure that all areas of the city are attractive and that the city's image is enhanced by following policies and principles of good urban design while valued elements of the community fabric are preserved.

POLICY LT-4.2: Encourage nodes of interest and activity, public open spaces, well-planned development, mixed-use projects, signature commercial uses, and buildings and other desirable uses, locations, and physical attractions.

LT-4.2a: Promote the development of signature buildings and monuments that provide visual landmarks and create a more distinctive and positive impression of Sunnyvale within the greater Bay Area.

GOAL LT-7: Diverse Housing Opportunities - Ensure the availability of ownership and rental housing options with a variety of dwelling types, sizes, and densities that contribute positively to the surrounding area and the health of the community.

- POLICY LT-7.2: Determine the appropriate residential density for a site by evaluating the site planning opportunities and proximity of services (such as transportation, open space, jobs, and supporting commercial and public uses).
- **GOAL LT-11**: Supportive Economic Development Environment Facilitate an economic development environment that supports a wide variety of businesses and promotes a strong economy within existing environmental, social, fiscal, and land use constraints.
 - POLICY LT-11.1: Provide existing businesses with opportunities to grow in Sunnyvale and provide opportunities to expand into new technologies.
 - LT-11.1a: Monitor the effect of City policies on business development and consider the effects on the overall health of business in the community.
 - POLICY LT-11.2: Support a full spectrum of conveniently located commercial, mixed-use, public, and quasi-public uses that add to the positive image of the community.
 - POLICY LT-11.3: Promote business opportunities and business retention in Sunnyvale.
 - LT-11.3a: Encourage conveniently located retail, restaurant, and other supportive land uses near business areas.
- **GOAL LT-12**: A Balanced Economic Base Develop a balanced economic base that can resist downturns of any one industry and provides revenue for City services.
 - POLICY LT-12.6: Create a strong, identifiable Downtown that offers regional and citywide shopping opportunities and entertainment.
- **GOAL LT-13**: Protected, Maintained, and Enhanced Commercial Areas, Shopping Centers, and Business Districts - Achieve attractive commercial centers and business districts and buildings that are maintained and allow a full spectrum of businesses that operate unencumbered.

Protected Commercial Districts

POLICY LT-13.6: Support a regional commercial district in Downtown Sunnyvale.

GOAL LT-14: Special and Unique Land Uses to Create a Diverse and Complete Community - Provide land use and design guidance so that special and unique areas and land uses can fulfill their distinctive purposes and provide a diverse

and complete community fabric.

POLICY LT-14.2: Support the following adopted specialized plans and zoning tools, and update them as needed to keep up with evolving values and new challenges in the community: Downtown Specific Plan, Lakeside Specific Plan, Arques Campus Specific Plan, Lawrence/101 Site Specific Plan, Precise Plan for El Camino Real, Moffett Park Specific Plan, Peery Park Specific Plan, and Lawrence Station Area Plan.

POLICY LT-14.8: Ensure that development projects provide appropriate improvements or resources to meet the city's future infrastructure and facility needs, and provide development incentives that result in community benefits and enhance the quality of life for residents and workers.

Downtown Specific Plan Goals and Policies

The vision for Downtown Sunnyvale was to allow for an enhanced, traditional downtown serving the community with a variety of destinations in a pedestrian-friendly environment. To achieve this vision, the below goals and related policies were considered in the analysis of the project:

GOAL A: Develop land uses set forth in the General Plan as amended by the City Council in June 2003 in an attractive and cohesive physical form that clearly identifies Sunnyvale's downtown. (Note: General Plan consolidated in 2011. Land Use and Transportation Chapter updated and adopted April 2017)

POLICY A.1 Ensure adequate public utility services and infrastructure

POLICY A.2 Minimize construction impact on businesses and residents in the downtown by developing a construction management program.

GOAL B: Establish the Downtown as the cultural, retail, financial and entertainment center of the community, complemented by employment, housing and transit opportunities.

POLICY B.1.Encourage mixed uses throughout the downtown when consistent with the district character.

POLICY B.2 Encourage below-market-rate housing in all residential neighborhoods.

POLICY B.4.Continue to encourage landscape, streetscape and façade improvements for all streets throughout the downtown.

POLICY B.5.Promote opportunities for small independent businesses and merchants by creating sites for independent retail and entertainment venues.

GOAL D: Protect and enhance existing neighborhoods.

POLICY D.1.Buffer single-family neighborhoods from higher density residential or commercial uses through the use of lower building heights and privacy measures such as increased landscaping and reduction in windows along elevations that directly face single-family properties.

POLICY D.2. Provide gateway markers at the entrances to lower-density residential neighborhoods in order to protect neighborhoods from cutthrough traffic and commercial parking. Gateways should convey "resident-only" access.

POLICY D.3. Encourage intensification of specified high-density residential and commercial districts while maintaining the character and density of single-family neighborhoods surrounding the downtown.

GOAL E: Improve the street character.

POLICY E.1. Create a sense of arrival and address through the improvement of major arterials to the downtown in accordance with the proposed streetscape designs.



March 9, 2018

Cindy Hom City of Sunnyvale Fremont, CA 95050

Attention: Cindy Hom

Re: Project Name: Mathilda

Project Address: 528 & 510 S. Mathilda Ave.- 566 & 562 S. Mathilda Ave

Project File Number: General Plan Amendment Initiation Application

Dear Cindy,

We are applying for GPI for two proejcts in DSP block 20. 510 - 528 S. Mathilda Ave & 566-562 S. Mathilda . As part of the GPI Application, we are proposing the following justification.

528 & 510 S. Mathilda Ave

The project consists of 2 parcels, 510 - 528 S. Mathilda Ave on northern side of DSP Block 20 . Total project site is 31,537 SF. The project site has 8 aprtments and 8,883 sf. of office building. DSP Block 20 allows maximum of 16,400 SF office use only on Southern side of Block 20. Currently the whole Block 20 has 19,400 SF office which includes existing 8,883 SF office at the project site. SiliconSage Builders is proposing to demolish all the existing structures on the site and would like to propose a 10,000 SF office at ground level with a possibility of a small café at the corner of Mathilda and Olive. We are also proposing 52 multifamily units in 4 stories above the ground floor office where 38 maximum units area allowed with 35% density bonus for providing 11% very low income housing in the project. It will have mix of 1,2,3 & 4 Bedroom units. Parking will be on grade behind the office use as well as in the basement. We are proposing a General Plan Amendment for following two items.

- Allow 10,000 SF of office use with a potential corner café
- Allow 5 story building with 52 units where maximum 38 units are allowed with 35% density bonus

566 & 562 S. Mathilda Ave

The project consists of 2 parcels, 566 - 562 S. Mathilda Ave on northern side of DSP Block 20 . Total project site is 19,185 SF. The project site has 1 Single Family Residence and 3,190 sf. of office building. DSP Block 20 allows maximum of 16,400 SF office use only on Southern side of Block 20. Currently the whole Block 20 has 19,400 SF office which includes existing 8,883 SF office at the project site. The owner is proposing to demolish all the existing structures on the site and would like to propose a 10,000 SF office at ground level. We are also proposing 36 multifamily units in 4 stories above the ground floor office. It will have mix of 1 & 2 Bedroom units. Parking will be on grade behind the office use as well as in the basement. We are

3, 12, 18



proposing a General Plan Amendment for following two items.

- Allow 10,000 SF of office use
- Allow 5 story building with 36 units

We feel this amendment proposal can be mutually beneficial to both the City of Sunnyvale, SiliconSage Builders and Mr. Karimi, owner of 562 & 566 S. Mathilda .This would create a more activated frontage along Mathilda Ave which is requirement of DSP Block 20 with commercial use such as a corner Café and Office Use as a continuation of our current mixed use building at 538 and 560 S. Mathilda ave on either sides. It is also creating an opportunity for our SiliconSage Office to expand and further solidify our presnece in Sunnyvale. As our company is fast growing, this added square footage will ensure to meet our company's need for expansion.

Please contact me should there be any further questions.

Thank you,

Regards,

Redolfo Chacon, Director of Design SSB

408-916-4412

ATTACHMENT 6

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

ASSESORS PARCEL NO. 264-30-060 & 264-30-061

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

WE ARE PROPOSING A MIXED USE PROJECT WITH 10,000 SF OFFICE ON THE FIRST FLOOR AND 52 RESIDENTIAL UNITS IN 4 STORIES ABOVE RETAIL WHICH **INCLUDES 35% DENSITY BONUS** FOR PROVIDING AFFORDABLE UNITS ON SITE. OFFICE PARKING IS PROPOSED ON GRADE AND RESIDENTIAL PARKING IS PROPOSED IN **BASEMENT**

SITE AREA

0.72 ACRE (31,537 SF)

STORY

5 STORY + BASEMENT PARKING

HEIGHT LIMITATION ABOUT 55 FT

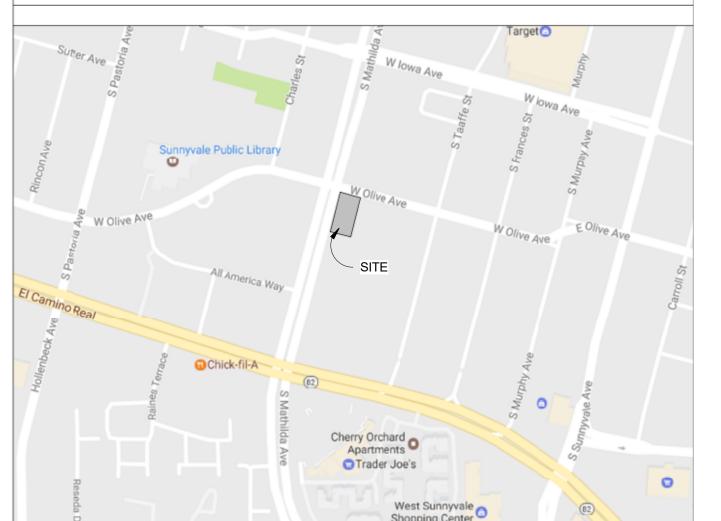
PARKING

OFFICE PARKING AT FIRST FLOOR RESIDENTIAL PARKING AT BASEMENT

TOTAL RESIDENTIAL UNITS

52 UNITS

LOCATION MAP



SILICONSAGE BUILDERS

Sunnyvale, CA 94086

www.siliconsagebuilders.com

Tel: (408) 916-3205 Fax: (408) 228-6111 CHACON, RODOLFO L REN.: FEB. 28, 2019

528 SOUTH MATHILDA APARTMENTS

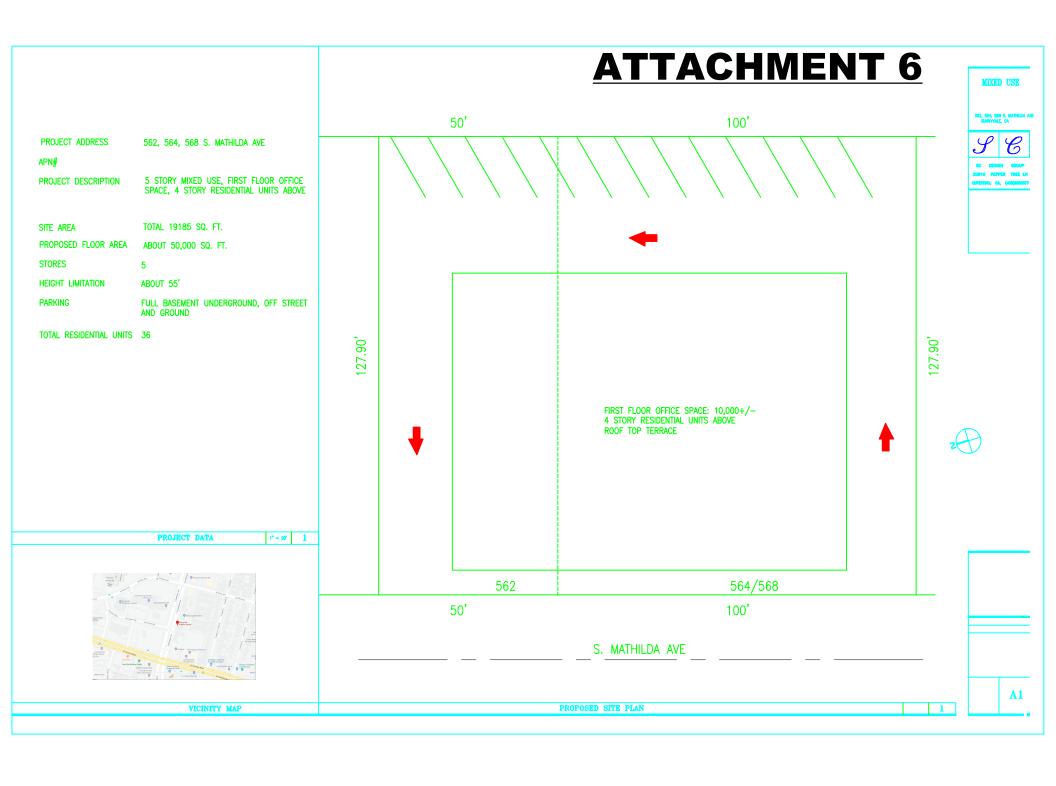
528 South Mathilda Avenue Sunnyvale, CA 94086

SITE PLAN _ GPI

07/25/2017

A0.1 07/25/2017 PLANNING DEPT. SUBMITTAL

SHEET



Downtown Specific Plan Amendment Initiation (SPI) Request Nearby Land Uses Block 20

