

# Parking Capacity and Management Study Findings



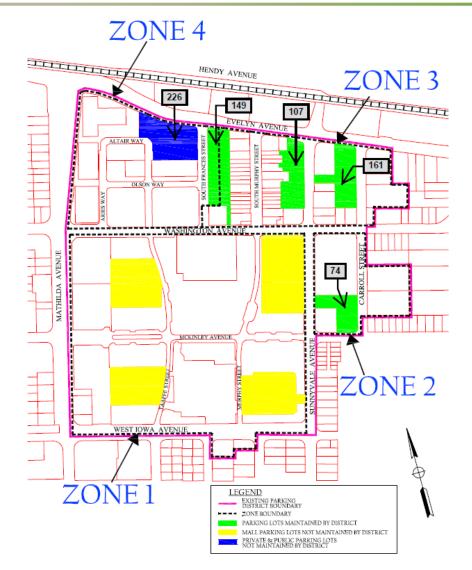
## Purpose of Parking Study

- The City engaged Walker Consultants in 2018 to complete a Downtown Parking Capacity and Management Study
- Study Issue initiated in 2016 to examine parking issues for small lot development (Mr. Askari's property)
- Inform the update of the DSP so that appropriate policies are in place
- Look for ways to implement LUTE policies regarding reduced parking requirements for areas with transit

### Goals of the Parking Study

- Study the parking district's capacity and utilization
- Examine the various policies that regulate downtown parking
- Provide information on current and future parking demand for the downtown
- Compare downtown Sunnyvale parking management and requirements to comparable communities
- Provide recommendations for future parking demand

## **District Zones and Facilities**



# **Existing System**

Walker Inventory Findings

### Parking Supply

- 3199+ spaces
  - 259 on-street spaces
  - 2,940 off-street spaces
  - All within 5 minute walk of Murphy Avenue

### Parking Enforcement

- Varying time restrictions
  - Garages 3-4 hours
  - On-street 1-3 hours
    - Parking unrestricted 6 PM – 2:30 AM
    - No parking times vary considerably

# Parking Utilization (all parking)

Peak Parking Utilization between 12pm and 2pm all days

	Percentage	Available Spaces
Weekday Peak Utilization	52	1545
Weekend Peak Utilization	49	1636

On street utilization typically higher at 75% than off-street at 50%

### Parking Out of Balance



85% utilized

#### Pear Garage (PD-1)

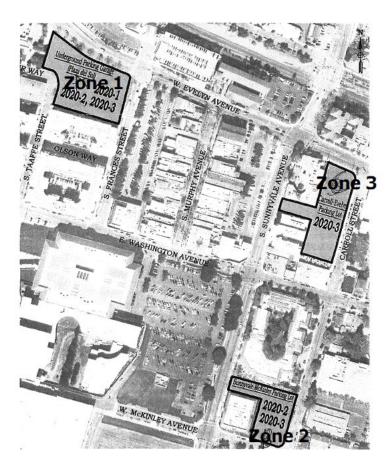
7% utilized

#### Orange Garage (PD-2)

- 33% utilized overall
- Level 1 96% utilized
- 560 open spaces, Levels 2-4

Overall downtown parking supply sufficient for current and future demand if managed

### Parking Out of Balance – Parking Permit Program



1476 parking permits annually issued for 461 spaces

#### Permits exempts from time limit restrictions

City of Sunnyvale – Parking Study Report

- 80% of on-street parking spaces turnover every 2 hrs.
- Lower turnover on Washington Avenue (3-hr restriction) and Carroll Street (unrestricted)

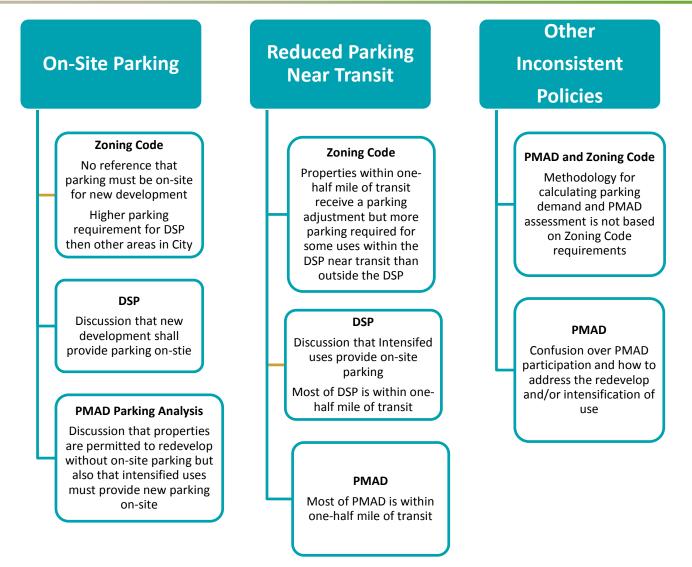
Vehicles on Washington and Carol parked for 4-10 hours

# Parking Model and Proposed Development

- Total future public supply is 3,738
  - Collected by field survey during peak (12:00 p.m. and 2:00 p.m.)
- Total future public demand is 2,954
  - Walker/ULI shared parking model

Future Downtown Public Parking Utilization During Peak is 79%

# Misalignment between Policies and Regulations



# PMAD methodology and the DSP

- PMAD Engineers Report reflects DSP requirements to provide parking for new development
- The PMAD resolution only instructs assessment on "parking deficit"

# City Comparison Parking Management

	Parking Requirements	Paid Parking	Parking Permits
Mountain View	Lower	Under Study*	For purchase – varies
Palo Alto	20% reduced	Under Study*	Res \$50 Emp \$466
Redwood City	Lower	Yes	\$720- \$1200
San Mateo	Lower	Yes	\$480- \$1200
Sunnyvale	Higher	No	Free

\*Cities where paid parking was under study have 2-3 hour parking limits.

- Reduce parking requirements for non-residential uses
- Align Parking Requirements between code, DSP and PMAD reporting
- Increase parking enforcement
  - Shorten parking time limits
  - Considered paid parking model
- Improve wayfinding, parking signage, data
- Consider future parking in lieu fees